Conditional Knockoff

This [R] notebook illustrate the method of conditional knockoffs.

```
library(knockoff)
source('knockoff_measure.R')
source('util.R')
```

Multivariate Gaussian Models

In this scenario we assume that the distribution of the covariate belongs to a multivariate Gaussian family with unknown mean and covariance matrix, and we make no assumptions on the conditional distribution of the response. For simplicity, we will use synthetic data constructed from a linear model such that the response only depends on a small fraction of the variables.

Low-Dimensional

We first consider the case when the number of observations n is greater than 2p.

The conditional knockfoff can is generated by ...

```
Xk.cond=cknockoff.ldg(X,method = 'mix')
```

Then it is routinely used by knockoff filter to select variables.

```
c(fp(filter.cond$selected, beta),
  fn(filter.cond$selected, beta))
## [1] 0.07843137 0.78333333
```

High-Dimensional with Unlabled Data

```
# Problem parameters
n=p/5
n.u=2*p
# Generate covariate
X = matrix(rnorm(n * p), n)  %*% Sigma.chol
X.u = matrix(rnorm(n.u * p), n.u)  %*% Sigma.chol

# Generate the response from a linear model
Y=X%*%beta*A/sqrt(n) + rnorm(n)

The conditional knockfoff can is generated by ...
Xk.star=cknockoff.ldg(rbind(X,X.u),method = 'mix')
Xk.star=cknockoff.ldg(rbind(X,X.u),method = 'mix')
```

[1] 0 0