

## #ARITHMETIC

### #1 Fractions

$(1/3) + (1/4)$

#or

$f = 1/3$

$g = 1/4$

$f + g$

#The answer is 0.58

### #2 Exponents

$(2^{10}) + 1$

#or

$k = 2$

$r = 1$

$(k^{10}) + r$

#The answer is 1025

### #3 Hz to Mel

$f = 440$

$1127 * \log(1 + f/700)$

#The answer is 549.64

### #4 Quadratic Equation

$a = 2$

$b = 4$

$c = -4$

$(-b + \sqrt{b^2 - 4*a*c}) / (2*a)$

#The answer is 0.73

## #CATEGORICAL DATA

`NYCENG <- read.csv('http://wellformedness.com/courses/LING82100/Data/NYC.csv')`

`table(NYCENG)`

### #1

#The table breaks down fourRth and floor for us. When you go to the Emphatic

#fourRth table, and look at the (1) Row (presents of R) Kelin's is 6, Macy's (13)

#and Saks (16)

$6 + 13 + 16$

#The answer is 35

### #2

#For this question we look at "floor" in both the Emphatic and Normal table.

# We again look at the (1) Row (presents of R) and total the 7 from Emphatic

#and 5 from Normal, totaling 12. #We then divide that by the total times the

#word was said in both conditions.

$33 + 7 + 59 + 5$

$(12/104) * 100$

#The answer is 11.54%

## #RATIO DATA

```
VOT <- read.table('http://wellformedness.com/courses/LING82100/Data/VOT.tsv',
header = TRUE)
print(VOT)

#1
quantile(VOT$vot)
# 0% = -85.290, 25% = -17.975, 50% = 13.825, 75% = 27.365, 100% = 82.860

#2
spanishVOT <- subset(VOT, language=="spanish")
print(spanishVOT)
mean(spanishVOT$vot)
#The answer is -24.31

#3
englishVOT <- subset(VOT, language=="english")
print(englishVOT)
sd(englishVOT$vot)
#The answer is 19.86
```