



Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



Target 3. d Strengthen the capacity of all countries, in particular developing countries, for early warning, risk reduction and management of national and global health risks imposed on both on the states and the World Health Organization (WHO). Unit points Available dimensions International Health Regulations (IHR) are a set of guidelines, rights and obligations imposed on both on the states and the World Health Organization (WHO). International Health Regulations (IHR) were adopted by the 58th World Health Assembly in 23rd of May 2005 in Geneva. They are a set of guidelines, rights and obligations imposed on both the states and the World Health Organization (WHO). International Health Regulations aim at combating and preventing the spread of diseases on an international scale by applying proportionate measures to avoid unnecessary interference with international transport. These regulations regulate the transmission and exchange of information on health hazards between the countries tha are party to it and set new standards for preventing the spread of infectious diseases. According to the Article 4 of the International Health Regulations, Poland, as each Member State of the WHO (State Party), designates or establishes the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations. The National Focal Point for International Health Regulations was established at the National Institute of Public Health - National Institute of Hydiene. The Chief Sanitary Inspectorate co-operates with the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations. The National Pocal Point for International Health Regulations was established at the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations. The quality and level of the following attributes are taken into account in assessing the implementation of the International Health Regulations: 1. 1. national legislation, policy and financing, 2. 2. coordination and National Focal Point communications, 3. 3. surveillance, 4. 4. response, 5. 5. preparedness, 6. 6. risk	Name of the indicator	3.d.1 International Health Regulations (IHR) capacity and health emergency preparedness
Definition Definition International Health Regulations (IHR) are a set of guidelines, rights and obligations imposed on both on the states and the World Health Organization (WHO). Unit Available dimensions International Health Regulations (IHR) were adopted by the 58th World Health Assembly in 23rd of May 2005 in Geneva. They are a set of guidelines, rights and obligations imposed on both the states and the World Health Organization (WHO). International Health Regulations aim at combating and preventing the spread of diseases on an international scale by applying proportionate measures to avoid unnecessary interference with international transport. These regulations regulate the transmission and exchange of information on health hazards between the countries the are party to it and set new standards for preventing the spread of infectious diseases. According to the Article 4 of the International Health Regulations, Poland, as each Member State of the WHO (State Party), designates or establishes the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations, was established at it National Institute of Public Health - National Institute of Hyglene. The Chief Sanitary Inspectorate co-operates with the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations was established at it National Institute of Public Health - National Institute of Hyglene. The Chief Sanitary Inspectorate co-operates with the National Focal Point for International Health Regulations. The National Health Regulation about events that pose public health threats to the international sign. Since 15th of June 2007, all countries that have ratified the WHO Convention, including Poland, are required to comply with the provisions of the International Health Regulations. 1. 1. national legislation, policy and financing, 2. 2. coordination and National Focal Point communications, 3. 3. surveillance, 4. 4. response, 5. 5. preparedness, 6. 6. insk communication, 7. 7. human resources, 8. 8. laboratory, 9. 9. points of entry, 10. 10. zoonotic ev	Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 3. Good health and well-being
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Data availability Annual data since 2010.	Data source	WHO
	Data availability	Annual data since 2010.





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Notes	
Data updated on	30-07-2024
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