

## Statistics for the SDGs - global indicators



Name of the indicator	3.3.1 Number of new HIV infections
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 3. Good health and well-being
Target	3.3 By 2030, end the epidemics of AIDS, tuberculosis, malaria and neglected tropical diseases and combat hepatitis, water-borne diseases and other communicable diseases
Definition	Number of new HIV infections per 100 thous. uninfected population.
Unit	persons
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	Human Immunodeficiency Virus (HIV) - the human immunodeficiency virus that attacks, weakens and destroys the body's immune system, resulting in the loss of human ability to fight various diseases and infections.  HIV is transmitted:  • by blood, • through sexual contact, • from an infected mother to a child (the child may be prevented from damaging the mother during pregnancy, childbirth or breast-feeding).  The indicator is calculated on the basis of the MZ-56 report on contagious diseases, infections and intoxication, and MZ-57 reports of contagious diseases by sex, age, place of residence and seasonality. Data concern new HIV infections, which according to the International Statistical Classification of Diseases and Health Problems ICD-10 are classified under the disease symbol:  • Z21 as an asymptomatic state of HIV infection • and B20-B24: • B20 - Disease caused by the human immunodeficiency virus [HIV], which results in infectious and parasitic diseases, • B21 - Disease caused by the human immunodeficiency virus [HIV], which results in other specified diseases, • B23 - Disease caused by the human immunodeficiency virus [HIV], which results in other specified diseases, • B23 - Disease caused by the human immunodeficiency virus [HIV], which results in other states, • B24 - Disease caused by the human immunodeficiency virus [HIV]. Not specified.
Data source	National Institute of Public Health – National Institute of Hygiene
Data availability	Annual data Since 2010.
Notes	Due to the lack of complete data on new cases of HIV among refugees from Ukraine and the difficulty in distinguishing new cases from continuation of treatment, estimates concern only the Polish population (and people living in Poland permanently before 2022).  The range of uncertainty for the 2022 estimates is wide, which should be kept in mind when interpreting the data.
Data updated on	09-09-2025
Metadata updated on	10-10-2023
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