

Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for national priorities



Name of the indicator	10.1.a Differentiation of gross value added per person employed in total at regional level (NUTS 2)
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 10. Reduce inequalities
Priority	Overcoming of regional socio-economic disparities, prevention of new development disproportions
Definition	Indicator of dispersion – the sum of absolute values of differences between voivodeships and national gross value added per employed person, weighted with the share of number of employed of particular voivodeships and expressed in percentage of national gross value added per employed person in total.
Unit	percent [%]
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	<p>Gross value added (GVA) in the gross domestic product account, is the difference between gross output and intermediate consumption.</p> <p>GVA indicates the input of individual producers, industries and sectors to the GDP creation. Gross value added is calculated on the basis of current ESA methodology in EU.</p> <p>Employment includes employees hired on the basis of employment (labour contract, posting, appointment, election or service relation) employers and own-account workers, i.e.:</p> <p>Data on employed persons by voivodeships were grouped according to factual (constant) place of work of the employees. For computing per employed person annual average number of employed persons was applied.</p>
Data source	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Annual data; since 2010
Notes	
Data updated on	02-12-2025
Metadata updated on	02-12-2025