

Statistics for the SDGs - indicators for national priorities



Name of the indicator	10.1.a Differentiation of gross value added per person employed in total at regional level (NUTS 2)
Sustainable Development Goal	Goal 10. Reduce inequalities
Priority	Overcoming of regional socio-economic disparities, prevention of new development disproportions
Definition	Indicator of dispersion – the sum of absolute values of differences between voivodeships and national gross value added per employed person, weighted with the share of number of employed of particular voivodeships and expressed in percentage of national gross value added per employed person in total.
Unit	percent [%]
Available dimensions	total
Methodological explanations	<p>Gross value added (GVA) in the gross domestic product account, is the difference between gross output and intermediate consumption.</p> <p>GVA indicates the input of individual producers, industries and sectors to the GDP creation. Gross value added is calculated on the basis of current ESA methodology in EU.</p> <p>Employment includes employees hired on the basis of employment (labour contract, posting, appointment, election or service relation) employers and own-account workers, i.e.:</p> <p>Data on employed persons by voivodships were grouped according to factual (constant) place of work of the employees. For computing per employed person annual average number of employed persons was applied.</p>
Data source	Statistics Poland
Data availability	Annual data; since 2010
Notes	<p>The indicators for 2020-2022 have been updated and calculated using the revised regional accounts data, following the benchmarking revision of the annual national accounts.</p> <p>In addition, the data sources used in the calculations of the regional accounts have been reviewed in order to improve the estimation methods and the quality of the resulting data. A description of the changes introduced can be found in the "Information of the Statistic Poland on the benchmarking revision in national accounts 1995-2022" of 10 October 2022", available here.</p> <p>The calculation of indicators based on revised data for 2010-2019 will be possible once the implementation of the benchmarking revision of regional accounts is completed.</p> <p>The indicator for 2023 has been calculated on the basis of preliminary data.</p>
Data updated on	25-02-2025
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