Approximate text matching with the stringdist package

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useR!2014

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The stringdist package

Fuzzy dictionary lookup

amatch Fuzzy matching equivalent of match
ain Fuzzy matching equivalent of %in%

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String metrics

stringdist Pairwise distances stringdistmatrix Distance matrix

qgrams Compute *q*-gram profile

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Design "philosophy"



Create interfaces that resemble base R (e.g. match, adist, nchar, agrep)

```
> match("leia", c("leela","leia"))
[1] 2
```

```
> match("leia", c("leela","leia"))
[1] 2
> match("liea", c("leela","leia"))
[1] NA
```

```
> match("leia", c("leela","leia"))
[1] 2
> match("liea", c("leela","leia"))
[1] NA
> amatch("liea", c("leela","leia"), maxDist=1)
[1] 2
```

```
> match("leia", c("leela","leia"))
[1] 2
> match("liea", c("leela","leia"))
[1] NA
> amatch("liea", c("leela","leia"), maxDist=1)
[1] 2
> "liea" %in% c("leela","leia")
[1] FALSE
```

```
> match("leia", c("leela","leia"))
[1] 2
> match("liea", c("leela","leia"))
[1] NA
> amatch("liea", c("leela","leia"), maxDist=1)
[1] 2
> "liea" %in% c("leela","leia")
[1] FALSE
> ain("liea", c("leela","leia"), maxDist=1)
[1] TRUE
```

String distance



String distances

Implemented in the package

- edit-based distances
- q-gram based distances
- heuristic distances

Review papers

- L. Boytsov (2011). ACM Journal of Experimental Algorithmics **16** 1–86.
- G. Navarro (2001). ACM Computing Surveys 33 31–88.

stringdist paper

• M.P.J. van der Loo (2014). The stringdist package for approximate string matching. The R Journal **6** xx-xx.



Definition

Count the minimum number of (weighted) basic operations that turns string s into string t.

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Distance	Allowed operation				
	substitution	deletion	insertion	transposition	
Hamming	✓	×	×	*	
LCS	×	~	~	×	
Levenshtein	✓	~	~	×	
OSA	✓	~	~	✓ *	
Damerau-	✓	~	~	✓	
Levenshtein					

^{*}Substrings may be edited only once.

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OSA	✓	~	~	✓ *	
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Levenshtein					

^{*}Substrings may be edited only once.

```
> stringdist('leia','liea',method='hamming')
[1] 2
```



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Hamming	✓	×	×	*	
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Levenshtein	✓	~	~	×	
OSA	✓	~	~	✓ *	
Damerau-	✓	~	~	✓	
Levenshtein					

^{*}Substrings may be edited only once.

```
> stringdist('leia','liea',method='hamming')
```

[1] 2

> stringdist('leia','liea',method='dl')

[1] 1



Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

Q:

x :

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

ba nana

Q: ba

x: 1

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

b an ana

Q: ba an

c: 1 1

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

ba na na

Q: ba an na x: 1 1 1

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

ban an a

Q: ba an na x: 1 2 1

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

bana na

Q: ba an na

x: 1 2 2

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

Jaccard
$$\frac{|Q_1 \cap Q_2|}{|Q_1 \cup Q_2|} \Rightarrow stringdist('leia', 'leela' + , method='jaccard', q=2)$$

$$[1] \ 0.8333333$$

$$> stringdist('leia', 'leela' + , method='cosine', q=2)$$

$$[1] \ 0.7113249$$

Definition

Any (vector) distance between two q-gram profiles.

```
> qgrams(x = 'leia',y = 'leela',q=2)
le ei ia la el ee
x 1 1 1 0 0 0
y 1 0 0 1 1 1
```

Heuristic distances: Jaro-Winkler

Definition

- It's complicated :-).
- Intended for human-typed name/address data
- > stringdist('liea','leia',method='jw',p=0.1)
- [1] 0.075
 - Ranges from 0 (equal) to 1 (dissimilar).
 - $0 \le p \le 0.25$: emphasis on first 4 characters.
 - p = 0: Jaro-distance

Character encoding



Image from https://code.google.com/p/tworsekey/



Character encoding

```
> stringdist('ö','o')
[1] 1 # Replace one symbol
> stringdist('ö','o',useBytes=TRUE)
[1] 2 # delete one byte, replace another (utf-8)
```

Missing values



$$> NA == NA$$

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
```

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
```

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
```

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
```

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> match(NA, NA)
```

```
> NA == NA
[1] NA
> adist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
[1] NA
> match(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- note the useR's OMGWTFBBQ right there</pre>
```

```
> NA == NA
Γ17 NA
> adist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> match(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- note the useR's OMGWTFBBQ right there
> amatch(NA, NA)
```

```
> NA == NA
Γ17 NA
> adist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> match(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- note the useR's OMGWTFBBQ right there
> amatch(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- ok, at least we're consistent
```

```
> NA == NA
Γ17 NA
> adist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
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> match(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- note the useR's OMGWTFBBQ right there
> amatch(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- ok, at least we're consistent
> amatch(NA, NA, matchNA=FALSE)
```

```
> NA == NA
Γ17 NA
> adist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> stringdist(NA, NA)
Γ17 NA
> match(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- note the useR's OMGWTFBBQ right there
> amatch(NA, NA)
[1] 1 # <- ok, at least we're consistent
> amatch(NA, NA, matchNA=FALSE)
[1] NA
```

Parallelization

```
For a single call:
    > stringdistmatrix(a,b,ncores=4)
Or, define your own cluster:
    > cl <- makeCluster(4)
    > stringdistmatrix(a, b, cluster=cl)
    > stringdistmatrix(c, d, cluster=cl)
    > stopCluster(cl)
```

Performance

- stringdist(method='lv')
- About 30% faster than adist
- About 2 times faster then RecordLinkage

When comparing strings of 5 - 25 characters

Summary

- Nine different string metrics; core in C99 (sorry Dirk :-))
- Approximate dictionary lookup
- Proper handling of encoding and missing values
- Fast
- Paralellization built in

Thank you for your attention!

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