$$\begin{split} X \sim \operatorname{Binomial}\left(5, \frac{1}{3}\right), \quad Y \sim \operatorname{Binomial}\left(10, \frac{2}{3}\right) &\Longrightarrow \\ \operatorname{Prob} = \mathcal{P}(X = Y) = \sum_{i=0}^{5} \mathcal{P}(X = i, Y = i) = \sum_{i=0}^{5} \mathcal{P}(X = i) \times \mathcal{P}(Y = i) = \\ \sum_{k=0}^{5} \binom{10}{k} \binom{5}{k} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{10-k} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{k} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{5-k} = \\ \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^{5} \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{10} \sum_{k=0}^{5} \binom{10}{k} \times \binom{5}{5-k} \end{split}$$

based on this formula Link

$$\text{Prob} = \binom{15}{5} \left(\frac{2}{3}\right)^5 \left(\frac{1}{3}\right)^{10}$$

Prove it by python:

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