#### 1. The "Hello, World!" Program

### **Detailed Explanation:**

- The "Hello, World!" program is a traditional first step when learning a new programming language. It helps verify that the development environment is working properly and introduces the syntax of the language.
- In JavaScript, you can use the console.log() function to output "Hello, World!" to the console. The **console** is a tool in the browser's developer tools that allows you to run JavaScript commands and view errors.

### **Code Snippet:**

javascript

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// Output "Hello, World!" to the console

console.log("Hello, World!");

### **In-depth Questions:**

- 1. What is the purpose of the console.log() function in JavaScript?
  - Answer: console.log() is used to display output in the browser's console, which is useful for debugging or displaying information.
- 2. Why is "Hello, World!" commonly used as the first program in any language?
  - Answer: It serves as a simple test of the programming environment and demonstrates the basic syntax of the language.

#### **Practice Question:**

Write a program that outputs your full name to the console using console.log().

javascript

Copy code

console.log("Stavan Kodolikar");

### 2. HTML and JavaScript Integration

# **Detailed Explanation:**

- **HTML (HyperText Markup Language)** defines the structure of web pages, while **JavaScript** adds interactivity and functionality.
- To run JavaScript on a webpage, you embed the code using the <script> tag. The script can be written directly within the HTML file or linked externally via a .js file.

#### Basic HTML Document:

```
html

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<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Hello World Example</title>

</head>

<body>

<script>

console.log("Hello, World!");

</script>

</body>

</html>
```

### **In-depth Questions:**

- 1. Where is the <script> tag placed in an HTML document, and what does it do?
  - Answer: The <script> tag is usually placed inside the <head> or <body> sections of an HTML document. It allows JavaScript code to be embedded and executed by the browser.
- 2. What is the difference between embedding JavaScript directly in the HTML vs. linking an external JavaScript file?
  - Answer: Embedding JavaScript directly includes the code within the HTML file, while linking to an external file keeps the code in a separate .js file, which is a cleaner approach, especially for larger projects.

#### **Practice Question:**

- True or False: JavaScript must always be written directly in the HTML file using the <script> tag.
  - Answer: False (JavaScript can be included in an external file and linked using the src attribute).

## 3. Running JavaScript in the Browser Console

### **Detailed Explanation:**

- The browser console allows you to run JavaScript code directly. You can open the console using Ctrl+Shift+I (Windows/Linux) or Cmd+Option+I (Mac), and it is part of the browser's developer tools.
- **How to run JavaScript in the console**: Open a blank page (about:blank), open the console, and type JavaScript commands. For example:

javascript

Copy code

console.log("Hello, World!");

## **In-depth Questions:**

- 1. What is the purpose of the browser console, and how do you access it?
  - Answer: The browser console is part of the developer tools and is used for debugging JavaScript code. You can access it by pressing Ctrl+Shift+I (Windows) or Cmd+Option+I (Mac).
- 2. What happens when you type console.log("Hello, World!"); in the console?
  - o **Answer**: It outputs "Hello, World!" to the console window.

### **Practice Question:**

- How do you access the developer tools in Chrome to run JavaScript?
  - Answer: Press Ctrl+Shift+I (Windows/Linux) or Cmd+Option+I (Mac), and navigate to the "Console" tab.

### 4. Tasks Based on console.log()

#### **Detailed Explanation:**

- JavaScript allows you to use console.log() to output multiple arguments or concatenate strings using the + operator.
- You can pass several arguments to console.log() separated by commas, or concatenate strings using the + sign:

javascript
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// Multiple arguments
console.log("Name", "Surname", "(Year)");

// Concatenation using +

```
console.log("Name" + " Surname" + " (Year)");
```

### **In-depth Questions:**

- 1. What is the difference between passing multiple arguments to console.log() and using string concatenation?
  - Answer: Passing multiple arguments to console.log() separates them with spaces, while
    using concatenation with + joins the strings directly.
- 2. What would the following code output?

```
javascript

Copy code

console.log("Stavan", "Kodolikar", "(1989)");
```

o **Answer**: It would output Stavan Kodolikar (1989).

### **Practice Question:**

 Write a program that outputs your name and year of birth on consecutive lines using console.log().

```
javascript

Copy code

console.log("Stavan");

console.log("Kodolikar");

console.log("1989");
```

### 5. JavaScript Code in Local Files

### **Detailed Explanation:**

- You can create local HTML and JavaScript files on your computer and run them in the browser.
- For example, create an **HTML** file that includes an external **JavaScript** file:

html

Copy code

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>JavaScript Example</title>

```
<script src="main.js"></script>
</head>
<body>
</body>
</html>
```

• Then, create a separate main.js file with JavaScript code:

javascript

Copy code

console.log("Hello, World!");

## **In-depth Questions:**

- 1. How do you run a local HTML file in a browser?
  - Answer: You can open the HTML file by dragging it into the browser window or by using the Open command in the browser's file menu.
- 2. What is the benefit of linking to an external JavaScript file instead of embedding the code directly in HTML?
  - Answer: It keeps the HTML file clean and allows for better code organization, especially when using the same JavaScript code across multiple pages.

#### **Practice Question:**

 Write the HTML and JavaScript code needed to display "Hello, World!" in the console using an external JavaScript file.

#### HTML:

```
html

Copy code

<!DOCTYPE html>

<html>

<head>

<title>Hello World Example</title>

<script src="main.js"></script>

</head>

<body>
```

```
</body>
</html>
JavaScript (main.js):
javascript
Copy code
console.log("Hello, World!");
```

### 6. Task-Based Practice

### Tasks from the file:

• Task 1: Use console.log to output your full name to the console.

javascript

Copy code

console.log("Stavan Kodolikar");

• Task 2: Output your year of birth.

javascript

Copy code

console.log(1989);

• Task 4: Output your name, surname, and year of birth as separate arguments.

javascript

Copy code

console.log("Stavan", "Kodolikar", "(1989)");

• **Task 6**: Concatenate your name, surname, and year of birth using + signs.

javascript

Copy code

```
console.log("Stavan" + " Kodolikar" + " (1989)");
```

#### Practice:

- True or False: You can pass multiple arguments to console.log() and they will be separated by spaces.
  - Answer: True.