Root production in perennial grasslands

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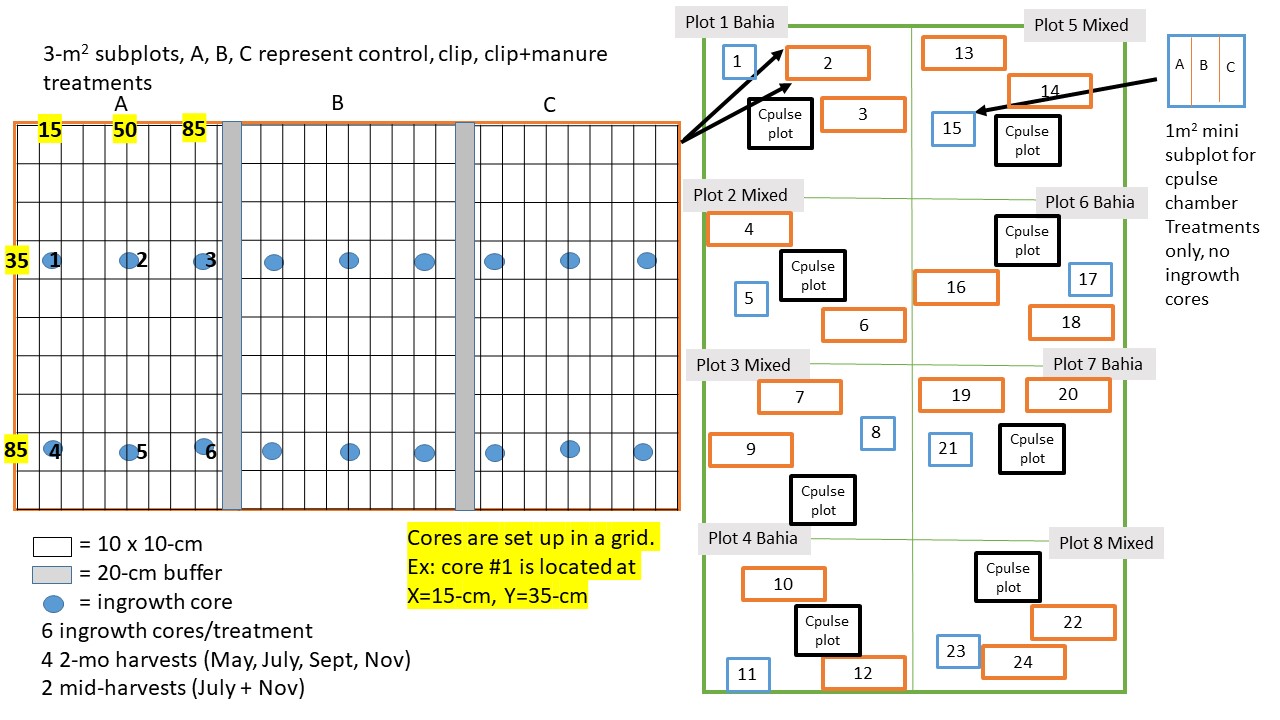
Goal: Estimate root-rhizome production in perennial grassland species in relation to seasonality, spatial variation, simulated grazing (clipping/manure addition) and vegetative composition.

Experimental design

* Location: BRU
* Length of study: Mar – Nov
* Soil type: Pomona sand 0-2% slopes (based on Web Soil Survey)
* 3 treatments (control, clipping only, clipping + manure)
* 8 blocks (4 bahia, 4 mixed bahia+perennial peanut), each 10-m2
* 2 subplots/block (3-m2) + 1 mini subplot (1-m2)/block for chamber measurements only
* Root production measured with sequential ingrowth cores (dia=8-cm, len=30-cm, mesh=4-mm polyester fabric lining with wire mesh support)
  + 6 soil core harvests (4 2-mo harvests and 2 half harvests)
* 8 blocks x 2 subplots x 3 treatments x 2 cores/treatment = 96 ingrowth cores at a given time

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| **Month** | **Date** | **Task** |
| March | 1-5 | Plot set-up, rake thatch |
| 6-14 | **INSTALL** cores **#1** and **#2** |
| 14 | Baseline soil temp/VWC, applied clipped treatment |
| 15 | Applied manure treatment |
| April | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 15-16 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| May | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 6-14 | **REMOVE** core **#2**, **INSTALL** core **#4** |
| 15-16 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| June | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 13-14 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| July | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 5-15 | **REMOVE** cores **#1** and **#4**, **INSTALL** cores **#3** and **#5** |
| 16-17 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| August | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 15-16 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| September | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 9-13 | **REMOVE** core **#5**, **INSTALL** core **#6** |
| 16-17 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| October | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 15-16 | Apply clip and manure treatments, collect/weigh clipped material |
| November | 1 | Record soil temp and VWC |
| 6-15 | **REMOVE** cores **#3** and **#6** |
| 15-18 | Clip all treatments (including controls), collect and weigh clipped material |

**Diagram of experimental design with 8 treatment blocks (green) at BRU. Experimental treatments within subplots (orange) and mini subplots (blue) will be randomly assigned.**



Subplot installation

* There are 2 types of subplots per block = two 3-m2 (for ingrowth cores) and one 1-m2 (for allowing future chamber pulse-chase to get short-term allocation patterns)
* All subplots subjectively located based on vegetation criteria (bahia or mixed bahia+peanut)
* All subplots are divided evenly into thirds (A, B, C in diagram) and treatments randomly assigned
* All thatch was removed at installation (by raking) within all subplots (and treatments)
* FOR MINI SUBPLOTS (1-m2) ONLY we created a buffer between the treatments using aluminum metal sheeting (10” width x 1 m wide). Aluminum sheeting was buried 4” belowground, leaving 6” aboveground
* FOR 3-m2 subplots, there is a 20-cm buffer between treatments
* All subplots are labeled (plot,treatment) on the top (north) left corner flag (e.g. 1A, 1B, 1C)

Installation of ingrowth cores

* Use soil auger to remove initial soil core at 45 degree angle, to a depth of ~28-cm
  + first and second core are kept separate, to maintain soil horizon
* Sieve soil cores, individually, through ¼” mesh screen to remove all large roots
* Insert ingrowth frame into the ground
* Replace sieved soil, first with the bottom and then top core, into ingrowth core frame, packing (with dowel) to a similar bulk density
* Sequential cores will be installed ~20-cm apart
* Cores are labeled (in diagram) 1-6 and organized in a grid system. Cores 1 and 3 are half treatment cores, 2, 4, 5 and 6 are 2-mo cores.

Treatment application

* Clipping treatment
  + Clip all aboveground vegetation to ~3” height monthly, prior to manure application
  + Collect all cut material after each clipping, dry and weigh
  + Control treatments will be clipped/mowed at the end of experiment.
* Manure application
  + Applied monthly, post clipping
  + Ideal range for monthly manure application = 450g/m2 , weighed with kitchen scale, total monthly collection ~8.5-kg, ~3/4 of a 5-gal bucket
    - Within 1-m2 treatment areas (3-m2 subplots) we apply 450g/month. Total monthly application = 1-m2 x 16 = 16-m2 x 450g/m2 = 7.20 kg per month
    - Within 0.33-m2 mini subplots (1-m2) apply 150-g/month. Total monthly application = 1/3m x 8 = 2.4-m2 x 450g/m2 = 1.08 kg/month
  + Prior to each monthly application, may need to remove thatch to make sure manure makes contact with soil surface.
  + Spread manure evenly across treatment plot, use rake if needed
  + Collect subsample of manure to dry (in oven) and prepare for analysis

Soil temperature and soil moisture

* Collected monthly, from the center of each treatment area (both subplots and mini-subplots)
* Collect to a depth of 11-cm, this includes the entire probe for soil moisture but a subset of the probe for temperature

Extraction of ingrowth cores

* Using shovel, make two insertions along the side of the ingrowth core, and prop up core with tip of shovel
* Rinse core through a 1-mm sieve, may want to line underneath with screen to catch finer roots
* Separate roots from rhizomes, place into labeled paper bags
* Dry roots/rhizomes at 60 deg until weights are stabilized
* Weigh to nearest 10th decimal
* Refrigerate cores during processing

Notes from Katie Cooley’s thesis on calculations

* Katie was able to detect differences in rate of entry and biomass between cultivars
* Biomass multiplied by constant (100,000/[pi\*3.75^2]) to convert to kg ha-1
* Net accumulation rate = biomass/# days core in place (kg ha-1 d-1)

Notes about manure collection at BRU

Contact Danny Driver (352) 538-1401 with any questions or concerns. He offered to let me know when cows are penned each month. In March we collected manure within the cattle pen. Cows had been rounded up from the pasture the day prior for vaccinations, so this was opportune since calving had just ended and bulls were about to be put out on the pastures. Manure was easily scraped up from the pen and shoveled into a bucket. We used ~3/4 of a 5-gallon bucket.

In March cows were supplemented with cotton seed and corn gluten at a rate of 4lbs/head/day. Cows are vaccinated for vibriosus (spp??, basically cow VD) and given a mineral supplement (Sel Plex). Antibiotics are given on a case by case basis and horomones are only given to sync heat or during embryo transfer (2cc prostoglanic and 2cc RH).

Field list

Soil core installation

* Ingrowth cores (n=96)
* Soil auger
* 2-3 buckets (to hold soil)
* ¼” sieve
* Hand shovel
* Gloves
* Dowel (to compress soil into core)
* Sharpee to label subplot flags

Treatments

* 5-gal buckets and lids
* Shovel
* Gloves
* Kitchen scale
* Manure rake
* Rake (to remove thatch and collect clipped material)
* Safety equipment for handling manure (Gloves, respirator, etc)
* Hand clippers, lawn mower, brushcutter
* Paper bags (for collecting clipped material)
* Sharpee (for labeling) paper bags
* Datasheet

Core removal

* Shovel or hand trowel
* Gloves
* Plastic bags (to hold cores)
* Sharpee (to label bags)
* Plastic bins (to carry cores), there will be 48 in May and Sept and 96 in July and Nov
* Sieves (2 and 1-mm) and screen? (to catch fine roots)
* Hose nozzle
* Paper bags (for roots/rhizomes)

Weighing biomass (clipped aboveground and belowground)

* Scale
* Datasheets/pencil
* Weigh boats

Soil moisture/temperature

* Soil moisture and temperature monitors
* Datasheet
* Cloth to wipe probes clean