### Employee.java

```
* class: Employee
* purpose: Model a single employee
public class Employee {
 private int
                id:
 private int
                age;
 private int
                duties;
 private char gender;
 private String name;
 /**
  * Default constructor
 public Employee () {
   id = -1:
   age = -1;
   duties = -1:
   gender = 'm':
   name = "":
  * Alternative constructor
  * @param _id - employee id
  * @param _name - employee name
   * @param _gender - employee gender
   * @param _age - employee age
   * @param _duties - employee duties
 public Employee (int _id, String _name, char
_gender, int _age, int _duties) {
   id = _id;
   name = _name;
   gender = _gender;
   age = _age;
   age = \_age;
   duties = _duties;
  * Convert the employee into an array of
  * @return String[] - the employee details
serialized
  */
```

```
public String[] serialize () {
  return new String[] {
   Integer.toString(id),
    Character.toString(gender),
   Integer.toString(age).
   Integer.toString(duties)
 };
* Get id
 * @return id
public int getId () {
 return this.id:
* Set id
 * @param id
public void setId (int _id) {
 this.id = _id;
* Get age
 * @return age
public int getAge () {
 return this.age;
/**
* Set age
 * @param age
public void setAge (int age) {
 this.age = _age;
* Get duties
* @return duties
public int getDuties () {
 return this duties:
```

```
* Set duties
   * @param duties
  public void setDuties (int duties) {
   this.duties = duties:
   * Get gender
   * @return gender
  public char getGender () {
   return this gender;
   * Set gender
   * @param gender
  public void setGender (char _gender) {
   this.gender = _gender;
  /**
   * Get name
   * @return name
  public String getName () {
   return this.name;
  /**
   * Set name
   * @param name
  public void setName (String name) {
   this.name = _name;
}
```

### Employees.java

```
* class: Employees
* purpose: Handle a collection of employees,
including methods to save and load the
collection to a file.
*/
import iava.util.ArravList:
import java.util.Iterator;
import java.io.File;
import java.io.BufferedReader;
import java.io.FileReader;
import java.io.PrintWriter;
imbort iava.io.FileWriter;
import java.jo.FileNotFoundException:
import java.io.IOException;
public class Employees {
  * Private variables
  private final String SAVEFILE =
"employees.txt";
  private final String ERROR_OPEN = "File %s
cannot be opened\n";
  private final String ERROR_READ = "File %s
cannot be read\n":
  private ArrayList<Employee> employees;
  private int nextId = 101:
  private final int max = 10;
  * Public variables
  public int length;
 /**
  * Default constructor
  public Employees () {
   this.length = 0:
    this.employees = new ArrayList<Employee>();
```

```
* Add employee to the records
 * @param employee
 * @return id
public int add (Employee employee) {
 int id = employee.getId();
 if (id == -1) {
   id = this.nextId++:
   employee.setId(id);
  } else {
   this.nextId = id + 1:
 this.employees.add(employee):
 this.length = this.employees.size():
 return id:
 * Check if an employee with id exists
 * @param id
 * @return boolean
public boolean has (int id) {
  Employee employee:
  for (int i = 0; i < this.length; i++) {
   employee = this.employees.get(i):
   if (employee.getId() == id) {
     return true:
  return false;
* Get an employee by id
 * @param id
 * @return Employee
public Employee get (int id) {
  Employee employee:
  for (int i = 0; i < this.length; i++) {
   employee = this.employees.get(i);
   if (employee.getId() == id) {
     return employee:
 throw new IndexOutOfBoundsException():
```

```
/**
   * Get an employee by index
   * @param index
   * @return Employee
  public Employee at (int index) {
   return this.employees.get(index):
   * Remove an employee from the records
   * @param id
  public void remove (int id) {
    for (int i = this.length - 1; i >= 0; i--)
      if (this.at(i).getId() == id) {
        this.employees.remove(i):
        break:
   this.length = this.employees.size();
   * Retrieve a list of all the Employees in a
certain age group
   * @param min - minimum age (inclusive)
   * @param max - maximum age (inclusive)
   * @return new Employees
  public Employees inAgeGroup (int min. int
max) {
   Employees list = new Employees():
   Employee employee;
    int age;
    for (int i = 0; i < this.length; i++) {
      employee = this.employees.get(i):
      age = employee.getAge();
      if (age \rightarrow= min && age <= max) {
        list.add(employee);
    return list:
```

```
* Get the employee with the most jobs
 public Employee withMostDuties () {
   Employee employee = null:
   int max = 0:
    for (int i = 0: i < this.length: i++) {
      if (this.employees.get(i).getDuties() >
max) {
        employee = this.employees.get(i):
        max = employee.getDuties():
    return employee:
  * Get a list of the employees with no duties
 public Employees withNoDuties () {
   Employees list = new Employees():
   Employee employee;
   int duties:
    for (int i = 0: i < this.length: i++) {
      employee = this.employees.get(i):
      duties = employee.getDuties();
      if (duties == 0) {
       list.add(employee);
    return list:
   * Write records to disk
 public void write () {
   FileWriter file = null:
   PrintWriter writer = null:
     file = new FileWriter(SAVEFILE):
      writer = new PrintWriter(file):
    catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
```

```
this.error(String.format(ERROR OPEN.
SAVEFILE)):
   catch (IOException e) {
     this.error(String.format(ERROR_READ,
SAVEFILE)):
    // Loop through the ArravList of employees
    Employee employee:
   for (int i = 0; i < this.length; i++) {
     // Write each employee to the file
     employee = this.employees.get(i):
     writer.println(this.stringifv(employee));
   writer.close():
  * Read records from disk
 public void read () {
   try {
     FileReader file = new
FileReader(SAVEFILE):
      BufferedReader reader = new
BufferedReader(file):
      String line = reader.readLine();
      while (line != null) {
       this.add(this.parse(line));
       line = reader.readLine():
    catch (FileNotFoundException e) {
     this.error(String.format(ERROR OPEN.
SAVEFILE));
   catch (IOException e) {
     this.error(String.format(ERROR_READ,
SAVEFILE)):
  * Check if the save file exists
  * @return boolean
 public boolean fileExists () {
   return new File(SAVEFILE).exists();
```

```
* Check if records are full
   * @return boolean
 public boolean isFull () {
   return this.max <= this.length:
  * Convert records into an array of arrays of
Strings
   * @return rows
 public String[][] serialize () {
   String[][] rows = new String[this.length]
[5];
    for (int i = 0; i < this.length; i++) {
     rows[i] =
this.employees.get(i).serialize():
   return rows:
  /**
  * Print error and exit
   * @param message - error message
 private void error (String message) {
   System.out.println("Fatal error: " +
message):
   System.exit(0):
  * Convert employee into string
   * @return string
 private String stringify (Employee employee)
   String string = "";
   string += employee.getId()
   string += employee.getName() + ",";
   string += employee.getGender() + "
   string += employee.getAge()
   string += employee.getDuties();
   return strina:
```

```
}
   * Convert string into an employee
   * @return Employee
  private Employee parse (String string) {
    String[] parts = string.split(",");
    Employee employee = new Employee();
    if (parts.length < 5) {
      throw new
UnsupportedOperationException():
employee.setId(
                    Integer.parseInt(parts[0])
    emplovee.setName(
                        parts[1]
);
    employee.setGender( parts[2].charAt(0)
):
employee.setAge(
                    Integer.parseInt(parts[3])
employee.setDuties( Integer.parseInt(parts[4])
    return employee:
```

### Question.java

```
/**
  * class: Question
  * purpose: Ask the user a question
  */
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Question {
  private String text;
  private String type;
  public int length;
  public Question (String _text, String _type)
{
```

```
* Ask question
   * @param length - length of text
   * @param scanner - Scanner instance
   * @return Object - answer
  public Object ask (int length, Scanner
scanner) {
   Object input = null:
   this.print();
   if (type.equals("String")) {
      input = scanner.nextLine();
      if (((String) input).length() < 1) {</pre>
        System.out.println("Error! A value must
be entered."):
        return this.ask(length, scanner);
   else if (type.equals("int")) {
      while (! scanner.hasNextInt()) {
        scanner.nextLine();
        this.print():
      input = scanner.nextInt();
      if (((Integer) input) < 0) {</pre>
        System.out.println("Error! Negative
values are not allowed."):
        return this.ask(length, scanner):
   else if (type.equals("gender")) {
      String text = scanner.next():
      if (text.length() == 0) {
        scanner.skip("\n"):
        text = scanner.next():
      input = text.charAt(0);
      if (input != 'm' && input != 'f') {
        System.out.println("Error! Please enter
'm' or 'f'."):
        return this.ask(length, scanner);
```

this.text = \_text;
this.type = type;

this.length = this.text.length();

```
else if (type.equals("vesno")) {
    String text = scanner.next():
    if (text.length() == 0) {
      scanner.skip("\n");
      text = scanner.next():
    input = text.charAt(0):
    if (input == 'v') {
      input = true:
    } else if (input == 'n') {
      input = false:
   } else {
      System.out.println("Error! Please enter
      return this.ask(length, scanner);
  return input;
 * Ask question
 * @param scanner
 * @return Object
public Object ask (Scanner scanner) {
 return this.ask(text.length(), scanner):
 * Get text
 * @return text
public String getText () {
 return this text:
 * Set text
 * @param text
public void setText (String _text) {
 this.text = _text;
/**
 * Get type
```

\* @return type

```
*/
public String getType () {
    return this.type;
}

/**
    * Set type
    * @param type
    */

public void setType (String _type) {
    this.type = _type;
}

/**
    * Print the question
    */
private void print () {
    System.out.printf("%-" + length + "s ",
text);
}
```

### Questions.java

# this.questions = \_questions; this.findMaxLength(); Table.java

\* Ask the questions

\* @return Object[] - the answers

// Create array to hold answers

Object[] answers = new

Object [this.questions.length]:

// Skip anv newlines

// Ask each question

answers[i] =

return answers;

int max = 0:

i++) {

/\*\*

auestion

scanner.skip("\n");

public Object[] ask (Scanner scanner) {

for (int i = 0: i < this.questions.length:

this.guestions[i].ask(this.maxLength, scanner);

\* @return int - the length of the longest

for (int i = 0; i < this.questions.length;</pre>

if (this.questions[i].length > max) {

max = this.questions[i].length;

\* Find the length longest question

private int findMaxLength () {

this.maxLength = max:

return this.maxLength;

```
* class: Table
* purpose: Generate a table using symbols
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Table {
   * Private variables
 private int
                        width:
 private String[][]
                        rows:
 private TableColumn[] columns;
 private final String V_SEP = "|";
 private final String CORNER = "+";
 private final String H_SEP = "-";
 private final String NL
 private final String PAD
 /**
  * Constructor
   * @param _columns - an arary of table
columns
 public Table (TableColumn[] _columns) {
   this.columns = _columns;
   this.rows = new String[][] {};
  * Alternative constructor
   * @param _columns - table columns
   * @param _rows - table rows
 public Table (TableColumn[] _columns,
String[][] _rows) {
   this(_columns);
   this.addRows(_rows);
   * Print all columns
   * @return String - the table contents
```

```
*/
  public String print () {
    int[] index = new int[this.columns.length];
    for (int i = 0; i < index.length; i++) {
      index[i] = i:
    return this.print(index):
  /**
   * Print only certain columns by name
   * @param String[] - an array of the names of
each columns
   * @return String - table contents
  public String print (String[] _columns) {
    String name:
    int[] index = new int[_columns.length];
    // Find out the index of each column
    for (int i = 0: i < this.columns.length: <math>i+
+) {
      name = this.columns[i].getName();
      for (int i = 0: i < columns.length: i++)
{
        if (name.equals(_columns[j])) {
          index[j] = i;
    return this.print(index);
  /**
   * Print only certain columns by index
   * @param int[] - an array of the indexes of
each column
   * @return String - table contents
  public String print (int[] index) {
    String out = "":
    String line = "";
```

```
int width:
TableColumn column:
Strina[] row:
// Create the line
// +----+
for (int i = 0: i < index.length: i++) {
  column = this.columns[index[i]]:
  line += CORNER:
  width = column.aetWidth():
  width += PAD.length() * 2:
  for (int i = 0: i < width: i++) {
   line += H_SEP;
  if (i == index.length - 1) {
    line += CORNER:
line += NL:
// Top line
out += line:
// Left border and padding
out += V SEP + PAD:
// Table column heading
for (int i = 0; i < index.length; i++) {
  column = this.columns[index[i]];
  out += String.format(
    "%-" + column.getWidth() + "s",
    column.getName()
 ):
  out += PAD + V SEP + PAD:
// New line
out += NL + line;
// Print all rows
for (int i = 0: i < this.rows.length: i++)
  row = this.rows[i]:
  out += V_SEP + PAD;
  // Print columns defined by index
  for (int j = 0; j < index.length; <math>j++) {
   column = this.columns[index[j]];
   out += String.format(
      "%-" + column.getWidth() + "s",
```

```
row[index[i]]
        out += PAD + V SEP + PAD:
     out += NL:
    if (this.rows.length > 0) {
     out += line:
   out += NL:
   System.out.print(out):
    return out:
  * Add multiple rows to the table
   * @param rows - table rows as a
multidimensional array of strings
       { "cell A1", "cell B1", "cell C1" },
     { "cell A2", "cell B2", "cell C2" },
      { "cell A3", "cell B3", "cell C3" },
  * }
  public void addRows (String[][] _rows) {
   // Concatenate two arrays
   String[][] result =
Arrays.copyOf(this.rows, this.rows.length +
rows.lenath):
    System.arraycopy(_rows, 0, result,
this.rows.length, _rows.length);
   this.rows = result:
```

### TableColumn.java

```
* class: TableColumn
* purpose: Model a column of a talbe
public class TableColumn {
  * Private variables
 private int width;
 private String name;
  * Default constructor
 public TableColumn () {
   this.width = 0;
   this.name = "";
  * Alternative constructor
  * @param name - name of the column
   * @param width - width of the column
 public TableColumn (String name, int width) {
   this.width = width;
   this.name = name;
  * Get the width of the column
  * @return int - the width
 public int getWidth () {
   return this.width;
  * Set the width of the column
  * @return int - the width
 public void setWidth (int width) {
   this.width = width;
```

```
/**
 * Get the name of the column
 * @return String - the name
 */
public String getName () {
  return this.name;
}

/**
 * Set the name of the column
 * @param String - the name
 */
public void setName (String name) {
  this.name = name;
}
```

## Title.java

```
/**
 * class: Title
 * purpose: Display a box with centered text
 */
public class Title {
    /**
    * Private variables
    */
    // Width of the box
    private final int WIDTH = 64;
    private String title;
    private Table table;

    /**
    * Default constructor
    */
    public Title () {
        this.title = "";
    }

    /**
    * Alternative constructor
```

```
* @param title - the title of the table
 public Title (String _title) {
   this.setTitle(_title);
  * Print the table
 public void print () {
   this.table.print():
  * Set the title
   * @param _title - The title of the table
 public void setTitle (String title) {
   this.title = "# " + _title + " #";
   this.createTable():
 /**
  * Create a new table that centers the title
  * @return this.table
 private Table createTable () {
   // Calculate amount of padding required
   int length = this.title.length();
   int padding = (WIDTH / 2) + (length / 2);
   // Use String.format to prepend extra
spaces to the title
   String text = String.format("%" + padding +
"s", this.title);
   // Create a new table with the padded text
   this.table = new Table(new TableColumn[] {
     new TableColumn(text, WIDTH)
   });
   return this.table:
```

### TUI.java

```
* class: TUI
* purpose: The Textual User Interface (TUI)
handles the input and output of the system.
This includes displaying menus, and lists as
well as listening to user input.
import java.util.Scanner;
public class TUI {
   * Private variables
  private Scanner scanner:
  private Employees employees;
  private final String MESSAGE_WELCOME =
"\nWelcome to the ABC Company Employee System\n
\n":
  private final String MESSAGE_NUMBER = "Number
of employees in system: ";
  private final String MESSAGE_FULL = "\nThe
maximum amount of employees has been reached.
  private final String MESSAGE WAIT = "\nPress
ENTER to continue...\n";
  private final String MESSAGE_THANKS = "Thank
you for using the ABC Company Employee System
  private final String MESSAGE_WRITE = "Number
of employee records written to employees.txt
  private final String NL = "\n";
  private final String ERROR_NO_RECORDS =
"Error! No employee records in the system.\n";
  private final TableColumn[] TABLE EMPLOYEE =
    new TableColumn("ID", 3),
    new TableColumn("Name", 20),
    new TableColumn("Gender", 6),
    new TableColumn("Age", 3),
    new TableColumn("Number of Duties", 20)
```

```
private final Ouestion[] OUESTION EMPLOYEE =
new Ouestion[] {
    new Question("Enter name:", "String"),
    new Ouestion("Enter gender (m/f):".
    new Question("Enter age in years:", "int"),
    new Ouestion("Number of jobs assigned:".
"int"),
  };
   * Default constructor
  public TUI () {
    this.scanner = new Scanner(System.in):
    this.employees = new Employees():
    if (this.employees.fileExists()) {
      this.emplovees.read():
    this.menu():
  private void menu () {
    final TableColumn[] columns = {
      new TableColumn("#", 1),
      new TableColumn("Main Menu", 60)
    final String[][] rows = {
      new String[] { "1", "Add employee" },
new String[] { "2", "Delete an
emplovee" }.
      new String[] { "3", "Modify an employee
record" }.
      new String[] { "4", "List all
emplovees" }.
      new String[] { "5", "View details of an
      new String[] { "6", "List all employees
in an age group" },
      new String[] { "7", "View the employee
with the highest number of jobs assigned" },
      new String[] { "8", "Show total number of
employees with no jobs assigned" },
      new String[] { "9", "Exit" }
    };
    final Table table = new Table(columns.
rows):
    this.print(MESSAGE WELCOME):
    this.numberOfEmployees();
```

```
table.print():
    final Ouestion prompt = new
Ouestion("Select Option: ". "int"):
    int selection = (Integer)
prompt.ask(this.scanner):
    switch (selection) {
      case 1: // Add employee
        this.add():
        break:
      case 2: // Delete employee
        this.delete():
        break:
      case 3: // Modify employee
        this.modify();
        break:
      case 4: // List all employees
        this.listAll():
        break:
      case 5: // View single emplyoee
        this.listSingle();
        break:
      case 6: // View age group
        this.listAgeGroup():
        break:
      case 7: // Most duties
        this.showMostDuties():
        break:
      case 8: // No duties
        this.showNoDuties():
        break:
      case 9: // Delete an employee
        this.exit();
        break:
   }
   // Show the menu again
   this.waitForUser();
    this.menu();
   * 1. Add Employee
```

```
*/
  private void add () {
    final Title title = new Title("1. Add
Employee"):
    title.print():
    // Check employees record is not full
    if (this.employees.isFull()) {
      this.print(MESSAGE FULL):
      return:
    Employee employee = new Employee():
    Ouestions questions = new
Questions(QUESTION_EMPLOYEE);
    Object[] answers =
questions.ask(this.scanner);
    this.setEmployee(employee, answers):
    int id = this.employees.add(employee);
    this.print("\nEmployee ID is " + id +
"\n");
   * 2. Delete an employee
  private void delete () {
    final Title title = new Title("2. Delete
Employee"):
    title.print():
    final Question qId = new Question("Enter
Employee ID: ", "int");
    int id = (Integer) gId.ask(this.scanner);
    if (this.employees.has(id) == false) {
      this.print("Could not find employee " +
id + NL):
      return;
    Employee employee = this.employees.get(id):
    this.printEmployeeDetails(employee):
```

```
final Ouestion aConfirm = new Ouestion("Are
vou sure vou want to delete this record? (v/
N)", "yesno");
    boolean confirm = (Boolean)
gConfirm.ask(this.scanner);
    if (confirm == true) {
      this.employees.remove(id):
      this.print(NL + "Employee " + id + " has
been deleted." + NL):
    } else {
      this.print(NL + "Employee " + id + " has
NOT been deleted." + NL):
   * 3. Modify an employee
  private void modify () {
    final Title title = new Title("3. Modify
Emplovee"):
    title.print();
    final Ouestion aId = new Ouestion("Enter
Employee ID: ", "int");
    int id = (Integer) gId.ask(this.scanner);
    // Check employee ID exists
    if (!this.employees.has(id)) {
      this.print("Error - invalid ID" + NL);
      return:
    // Get employee to be modified
    Employee employee = this.employees.get(id):
    // Ask questions
    Ouestions questions = new
Ouestions(OUESTION EMPLOYEE):
    Object[] answers =
questions.ask(this.scanner):
    // Confirm changes
    Question confirm = new Question(
      NL + "Are you sure you want to modify
this record? (Y/n)".
      "vesno"
    ):
```

```
boolean confirmAnswer = (Boolean)
confirm.ask(this.scanner):
    if (confirmAnswer == false) {
      return;
    // Modify employee
    this.setEmplovee(employee, answers):
    this.print(NL + "Record modified." + NL);
   * 4. List all employees
  private void listAll () {
    final Title title = new Title("4. List of
All Employees"):
    title.print():
    Table table = new Table(TABLE_EMPLOYEE,
this.employees.serialize());
    table.print():
    this.numberOfEmployees():
   * 5. View single employee details
  private void listSingle () {
    final Title title = new Title("5. Details
for a Single Employee"):
    title.print():
    final Ouestion aId = new Ouestion("Enter
ID: ". "int"):
    int id = (Integer) qId.ask(this.scanner);
    if (this.employees.has(id)) {
this.printEmployeeDetails(this.employees.get(id
));
   } else {
      this.print("Could not find an employee
with that ID." + NL + NL);
   }
```

```
Ouestion question = new Ouestion("Would you
like to view another employee? (Y/n): ".
"vesno"):
    boolean answer = (Boolean)
question.ask(this.scanner);
    // Keep running until the user enters 'n'
to stop
    if (answer) {
      this.print(NL):
      this.listSingle();
   * 6. View employees in an age group
  public void listAgeGroup () {
    final Title title = new Title("6. Employees
in Age Group"):
    title.print():
    Ouestions questions = new Ouestions(new
Question[] {
      new Ouestion("Minimum age:", "int"),
      new Question("Maximum age:", "int")
    }):
    Object[] age = guestions.ask(this.scanner):
    Employees list = this.employees.inAgeGroup(
      (Integer) age[0],
      (Integer) age[1]
    Table table = new Table(TABLE EMPLOYEE.
list.serialize()):
    this.print(NL);
    table.print(new String[] {
      "ID", "Name", "Age"
    }):
    this.print(
      "\nThere are " + list.length +
      " employee(s) in the age range of " +
age[0] +
      " to " + age[1] + ".\n"
    );
  }
```

```
* 7. Highest jobs assigned
  public void showMostDuties () {
    final Title title = new Title("7. Employee
with Most Duties Assigned"):
    title.print():
    if (this.employees.length > 0) {
      Employee employee =
this.employees.withMostDuties():
      this.printEmployeeDetails(employee):
    } else {
      this.print(ERROR NO RECORDS):
   * 8. No jobs assigned
  public void showNoDuties () {
    final Title title = new Title("8. Employees
with No Duties Assigned"):
    title.print():
    Employees list =
this.employees.withNoDuties();
    Table table = new Table(TABLE EMPLOYEE.
list.serialize());
    table.print():
    this.print(
      "\nThere are " + list.length +
      " employee(s) with no jobs assigned.\n"
    );
  /**
   * 9. Exit
  private void exit () {
    final Title title = new Title("9. Exit"):
    title.print():
```

```
this.write():
   this.print(MESSAGE THANKS):
   this.waitForUser():
   System.exit(0):
  * Change employee settings
 private void setEmplovee (Emplovee emplovee.
Object[] answers) {
    employee.setName( (String)
answers[0]):
   employee.setGender( (Character)
answers[1]):
   emplovee.setAge(
                        (Integer)
answers[2]);
   employee.setDuties( (Integer)
answers[3] );
  * Write data to file
 private void write () {
   this.employees.write():
    this.print(MESSAGE WRITE +
this.employees.length + NL + NL):
 /**
  * Print the number of employees in the
system
  */
 private void numberOfEmployees () {
   this.print(MESSAGE NUMBER +
employees.length + NL + NL);
  * Print the employee details
   * @param employee
 private void printEmployeeDetails (Employee
emplovee) {
   String[][] rows = {
     employee.serialize()
   Table table = new Table(TABLE EMPLOYEE.
rows):
```

```
table.print();
}

/**
    * Wait for the user to press enter
    */

private void waitForUser () {
    this.print(MESSAGE_WAIT);
    this.scanner.skip(NL);
    this.scanner.nextLine();
}

/**
    * Print text to the screen
    * @param String - text to print
    */

private void print (String string) {
    System.out.print(string);
}
```

# TUIStart.java

```
/**
 * class: TUIStart
 * purpose: Initialize the TUI
 */
public class TUIStart {
  public static void main (String[] args) {
    new TUI();
  }
}
```