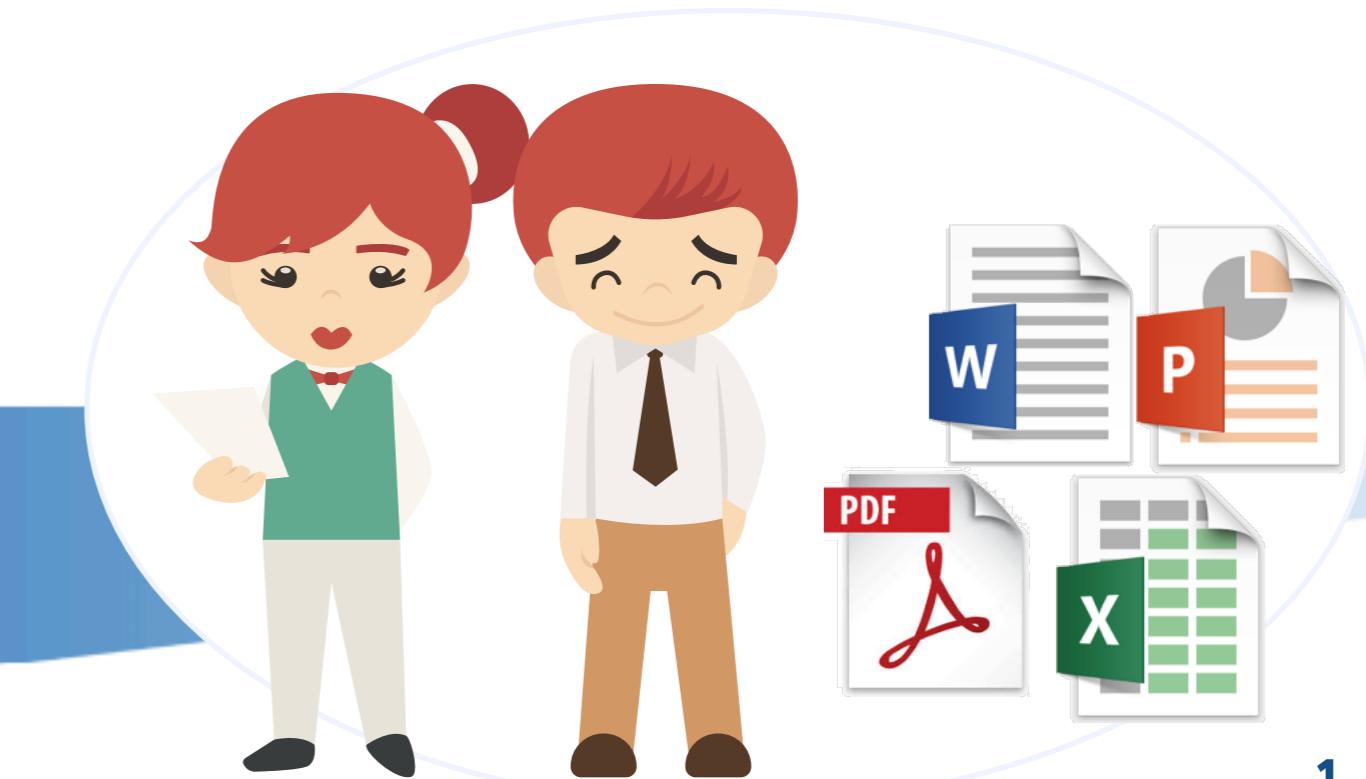
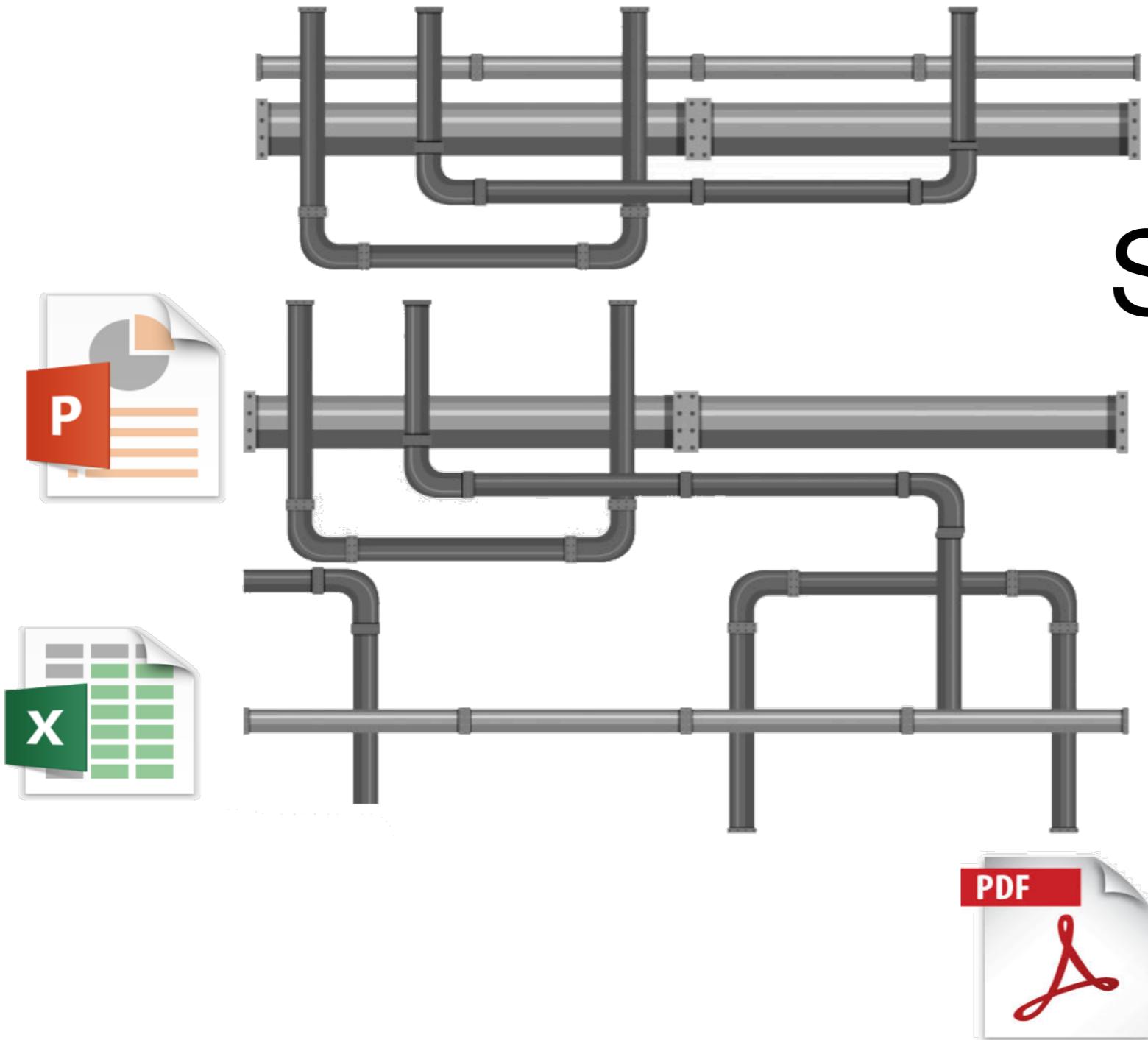


The Boring Python Office Talk

Europython 2018 Edinburgh, Stefan Baerisch

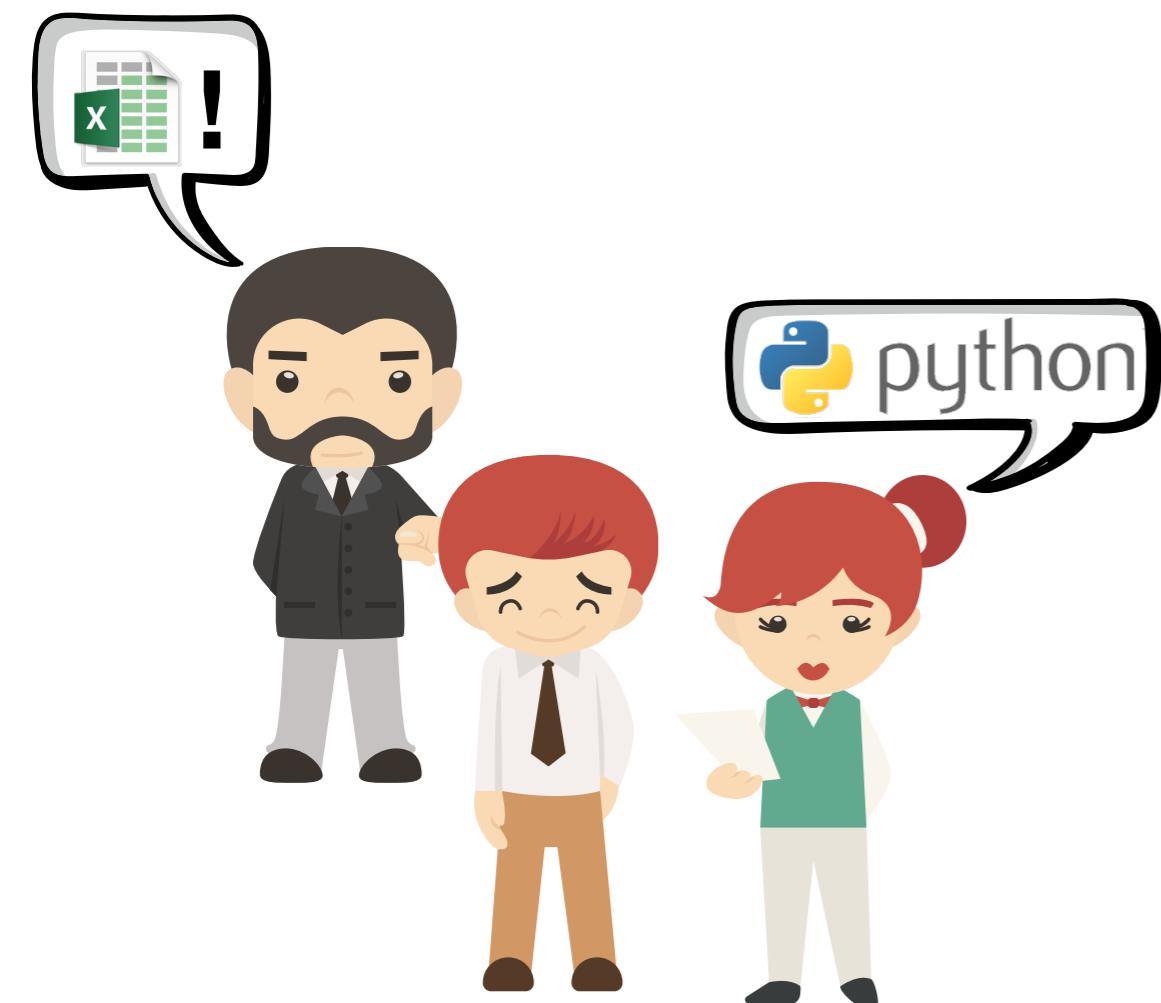


Motivation



Some things
should be
boring

The Challenge



- Excel, Powerpoint, Word and PDF are everywhere
- They are useful, but can be a lot of effort to produce by hand
- Python has modules to automate a lot of document creation

What you should get from this Talk

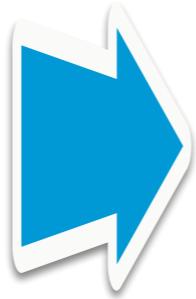
This Talk

Awareness of
great Python
Modules



Some
Pointers
Sample
Code

 GitHub



Your
Tasks
Great
Modules
Some
Work

Your Part



https://github.com/stbaercom/europython2018_boring

What you should get from this Talk

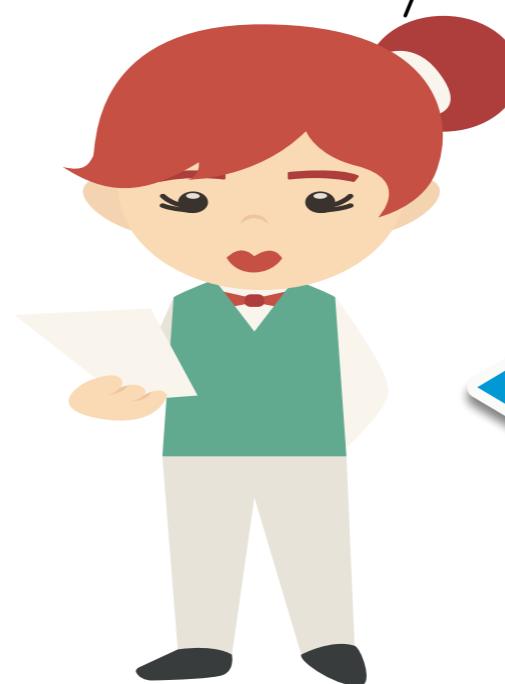
Perfectionist



I have no time !

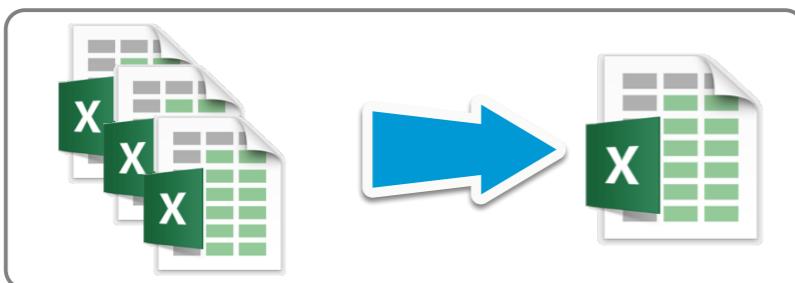
We'll start simple

Pragmatist



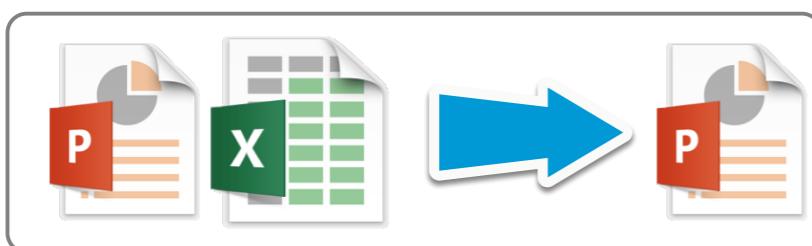
Things we want Python to do.

1



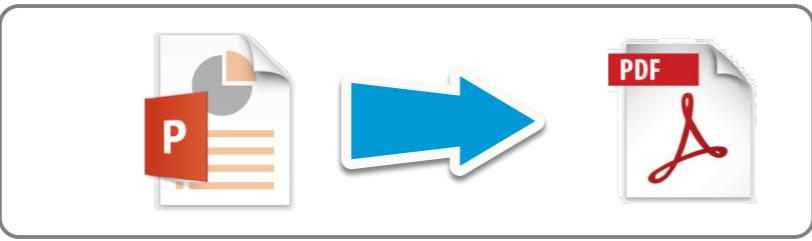
Combine Information from
multiple existing Excel Files

2



Add the table and chart from the result
file to a Power Point Presentation

3



Create a PDF for Archiving

Modules Used



pandas

Used to combine inputs and produce pivot table

XlsxWriter

Used to create the Excel with charts, etc.

openpyxl

Can also read / change Excel Files.
See Github



pdfrw

Used to combine PDF files

reportlab

Can create custom PDFs. Not really used



In headless mode.
Can “print” to PDF



python-pptx

Used to change and Create PPTX files



python-docx

PandasToPowerpoint

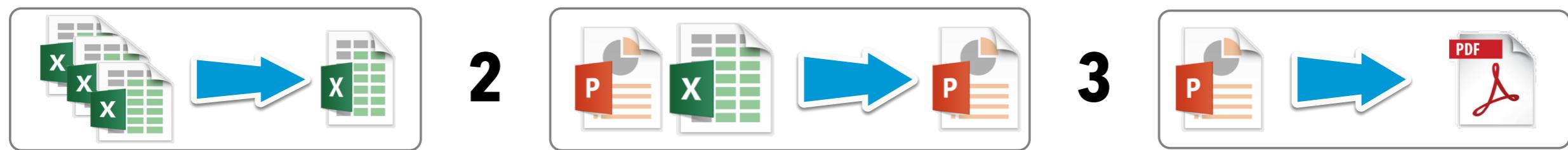


So many modules...

You do not need much from each to begin with



Overall Program Flow



```
# Just load the data from Excel files and rename some columns
df_times, df_expenses, df_rates = load_excel_files()

# Build some Pivot tables, because everybody _loves_ pivot tables
df_times_cost_pivot, df_expenses_pivot, df_all_costs = transform_excel(df_times, df_expenses, df_rates)

# Create the different versions of Excel file, in increasing order of colorfulness...
prepare_excel_xlsxwriter(df_all_costs, df_expenses_pivot, df_times_cost_pivot)

# Prepare a PPTX, based on the pivots and an existing PPTX 'template'
prepare_pptx(df_all_costs)

# Finally, create a version of the PPTX to turn into a PDF via Libreoffice, and process the resulting file
# with Python
prepare_pdf(df_all_costs)
```

This is an example. You do not need pandas, you can use just Python. You can create text-heavy PPTXs without tables and charts, but with nice images...



Excel and Python



project_expenses.xlsx

	A	B	C	D
1	Person	Project	Description	Amount
2	Amy	Mars Colony	Rocket Science Book	80,00
3	Bjoern	Team Dinner	Pizze Dough	10,00
4	Carol	Mars Colony	Hydrazine	1000,00
5	Dieter	Mars Colony	Tarp	30,00
6	Dieter	Mars Colony	Guidebook	15,00
7	Amy	Team Dinner	Mineral Water	2,00
8	Amy	Mars Colony	Towel	5,00
9	Carol	Mars Colony	Umbrella	20,00
10	Carol	Mars Colony	Space Suit (used)	500,00
11	Dieter	Mars Colony	Bubblegum	2,50
12	Bjoern	Team Dinner	Salad	5,00



project_rates.xls

	A	B
1	Person	Rate
2	Amy	130
3	Bjoern	110
4	Carol	110
5	Dieter	130



project_hours.xlsx

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Person	Project	TimeStart	TimeStop	Date
2	Amy	Team Dinner	7	16	18-5-22
3	Bjoern	Mars Colony	8	11	18-5-23
4	Amy	Mars Colony	10	13	18-5-24
5	Bjoern	Team Dinner	9	13	18-5-25
6	Carol	Mars Colony	8	11	18-5-26
7	Carol	Team Dinner	9	12	18-5-27
8	Dieter	Mars Colony	8	16	18-5-28
9	Bjoern	Mars Colony	8	15	18-5-29

1. Read 3 Files
common table
2. Do some cleanup
3. Build a pivot and
a Chart

Loading the Input Files

```
def load_excel_files():
    df_times = pd.read_excel("input_data/project_hours.xlsx")
    df_expenses = pd.read_excel("input_data/project_expenses.xlsx")
    df_rates = pd.read_excel("input_data/project_rates.xlsx")
    return df_times, df_expenses, df_rates
```

Now, this is
rather
boring...



Data Transformation and Pivots

```
def transform_excel(df_times, df_expenses, df_rates):
    df_times_rate = df_times.merge(df_rates, how="outer", on="Person")
    times_diff = df_times_rate["TimeStop"] - df_times_rate["TimeStart"]
    df_times_rate["Cost"] = times_diff * df_times_rate["Rate"]
    df_times_cost_pivot = df_times_rate.pivot_table(
        values="Cost", index=["Project", "Person"]).reset_index()
    df_times_cost_pivot["Cost Type"] = "hours"
    df_expenses_pivot = df_expenses.pivot_table(
        values="Cost", index=["Project", "Person"]).reset_index()
    df_expenses_pivot["Cost Type"] = "expenses"
    df_all_costs = pd.concat([df_expenses_pivot, df_times_cost_pivot], sort=False)
    return df_times_cost_pivot, df_expenses_pivot, df_all_costs
```

	Project	Person	Cost	Cost Type
0	Mars Colony	Amy	42.500000	expenses
1	Mars Colony	Carol	506.666667	expenses
2	Mars Colony	Dieter	15.833333	expenses
3	Team Dinner	Amy	2.000000	expenses
4	Team Dinner	Bjoern	7.500000	expenses

	Project	Person	Cost	Cost Type
0	Mars Colony	Amy	747.500000	hours
1	Mars Colony	Bjoern	462.000000	hours
2	Mars Colony	Carol	495.000000	hours
3	Mars Colony	Dieter	817.142857	hours
4	Team Dinner	Amy	715.000000	hours
5	Team Dinner	Bjoern	660.000000	hours
6	Team Dinner	Carol	385.000000	hours
7	Team Dinner	Dieter	476.666667	hours

Simple Export to Excel

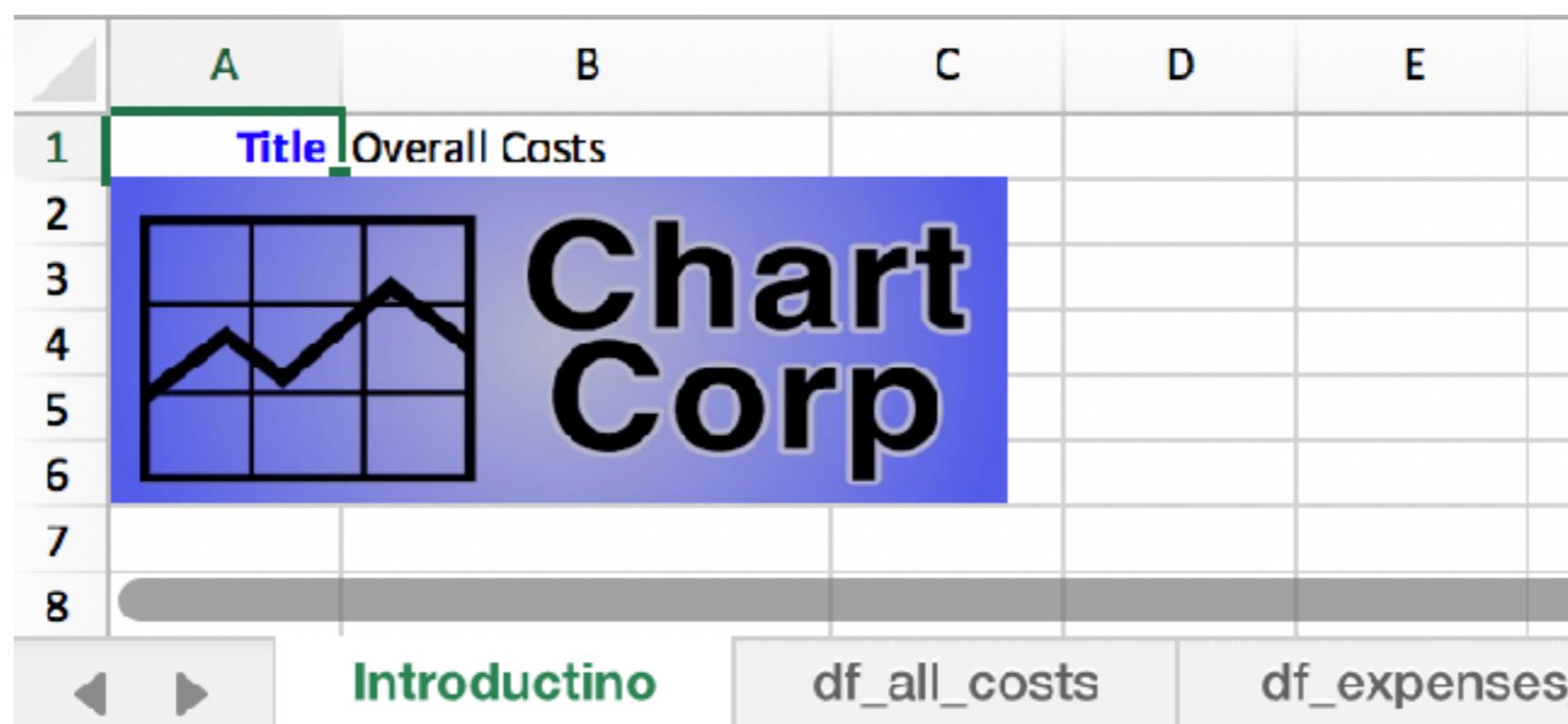
```
writer = pd.ExcelWriter('scrap_data/pandas_simple.xlsx')
df_all_costs.to_excel(writer, index=False, sheet_name='df_all_costs')
df_expenses_pivot.to_excel(writer, index=False, sheet_name='df_expenses_pivot')
df_times_cost_pivot.to_excel(writer, index=False, sheet_name='df_times_cost_pivot')
writer.close()
```

The screenshot shows a Microsoft Excel spreadsheet with three tabs at the bottom: 'df_all_costs' (selected), 'df_expenses_pivot', and 'df_times_cost_pivot'. The main table has columns A through E. Column A contains row numbers from 1 to 16. Column B contains 'Cost' values. Column C contains 'Cost Type' values. Column D contains 'Person' names. Column E contains 'Project' names. The data is as follows:

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Cost	Cost Type	Person	Project	
2	42,5	expenses	Amy	Mars Colony	
3	506,6667	expenses	Carol	Mars Colony	
4	15,83333	expenses	Dieter	Mars Colony	
5	2	expenses	Amy	Team Dinner	
6	7,5	expenses	Bjoern	Team Dinner	
7	747,5	hours	Amy	Mars Colony	
8	462	hours	Bjoern	Mars Colony	
9	495	hours	Carol	Mars Colony	
10	817,1429	hours	Dieter	Mars Colony	
11	715	hours	Amy	Team Dinner	
12	660	hours	Bjoern	Team Dinner	
13	385	hours	Carol	Team Dinner	
14	476,6667	hours	Dieter	Team Dinner	
15					
16					

Adding an Introduction Sheet

```
introsheet = workbook.add_worksheet("Introduction")
bold = workbook.add_format(
    {'bold': True, "align": "right", "font_color": "blue"})
introsheet.write(0, 0, 'Title', bold)
intro_text = 'Overall Costs'
introsheet.write(0, 1, 'Overall Costs')
introsheet.set_column(1, 1, len(intro_text) + 5)
introsheet.insert_image(1, 0, "input_data/logo.jpg",
                       {'x_scale': 0.5, 'y_scale': 0.5})
```



Writing Data to the Excel "by Hand"

```
sheet = workbook.add_worksheet(sheet_title)
sheet.write_row(0, 0, dataframe.columns)
for i, row in enumerate(dataframe.values):
    sheet.write_row(i + 1, 0, row)
```

	A	B	C	D	E
1	Cost	Cost Type	Person	Project	
2	42,5	expenses	Amy	Mars Colony	
3	506,6667	expenses	Carol	Mars Colony	
4	15,83333	expenses	Dieter	Mars Colony	
5	2	expenses	Amy	Team Dinner	
6	7,5	expenses	Bjoern	Team Dinner	
7	747,5	hours	Amy	Mars Colony	
8	462	hours	Bjoern	Mars Colony	
9	495	hours	Carol	Mars Colony	
10	817,1429	hours	Dieter	Mars Colony	
11	715	hours	Amy	Team Dinner	
12	660	hours	Bjoern	Team Dinner	
13	385	hours	Carol	Team Dinner	
14	476,6667	hours	Dieter	Team Dinner	

Custom Formats by Hand (1/2)

```
sheet = workbook.add_worksheet(sheet_title)
large_text = workbook.add_format({'bold': True, "font_size": 14})
red_bold = workbook.add_format({'bold': True, "font_color": "red"})
sheet.write_row(0, 0, dataframe.columns, large_text)

for i, header in enumerate(dataframe.columns):
    sheet.set_column(i, i, len(header) * 1.2 + 5)

percentile75 = dataframe["Cost"].describe()["75%"]
for i, row in enumerate(dataframe.values):
    for i2, value in enumerate(row):
        if i2 == 0:
            if value > percentile75:
                sheet.write_number(i + 1, i2, value, red_bold)
            else:
                sheet.write_number(i + 1, i2, value)
        else:
            sheet.write_string(i + 1, i2, value)
```

Custom Formats by Hand (2/2)

Cost	Cost Type	Person	Project
42,5	expenses	Amy	Mars Colony
506,666667	expenses	Carol	Mars Colony
15,8333333	expenses	Dieter	Mars Colony
2	expenses	Amy	Team Dinner
7,5	expenses	Bjoern	Team Dinner
747,5	hours	Amy	Mars Colony
462	hours	Bjoern	Mars Colony
495	hours	Carol	Mars Colony
817,142857	hours	Dieter	Mars Colony
715	hours	Amy	Team Dinner
660	hours	Bjoern	Team Dinner
385	hours	Carol	Team Dinner
476,666667	hours	Dieter	Team Dinner

Tables & Conditional Formats (1/2)

```
num_format = workbook.add_format({'num_format': "####.#"})
sheet = workbook.add_worksheet(sheet_title)
nrows, ncols = dataframe.shape
columns_desc = [{"header": v} for v in dataframe.columns]
sheet.add_table(0, 0, nrows, ncols - 1, {"data": dataframe.values,
                                         "columns": columns_desc})
sheet.set_column(0, 0, 10, num_format)

conditional_options = {
    'type': '3_color_scale',
    "min_color": "green",
    "mid_color": "yellow",
    "max_color": "red"
}
sheet.conditional_format(1, 0, nrows, 0, conditional_options)
```

Tables & Conditional Formats (2/2)

	A	B	C	D
1	Cost	Cost Type	Person	Project
2	42,5	expenses	Amy	Mars Colony
3	506,7	expenses	Carol	Mars Colony
4	15,8	expenses	Dieter	Mars Colony
5	2,	expenses	Amy	Team Dinner
6	7,5	expenses	Bjoern	Team Dinner
7	747,5	hours	Amy	Mars Colony
8	462,	hours	Bjoern	Mars Colony
9	495,	hours	Carol	Mars Colony
10	817,1	hours	Dieter	Mars Colony
11	715,	hours	Amy	Team Dinner
12	660,	hours	Bjoern	Team Dinner
13	385,	hours	Carol	Team Dinner
14	476,7	hours	Dieter	Team Dinner
15				

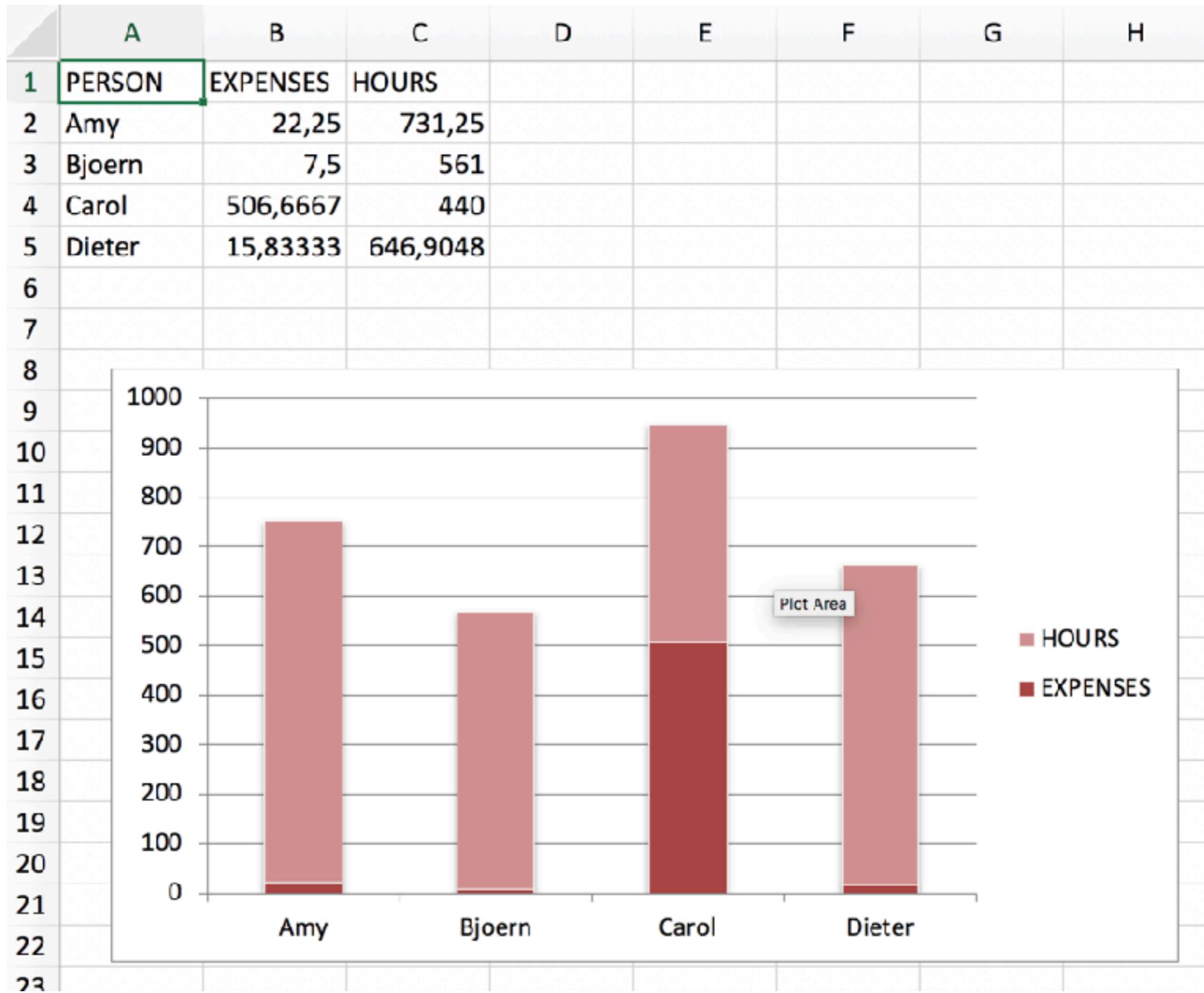
Boring, but colorful



Creating Charts (1/2)

```
sheet = workbook.add_worksheet(sheet_title)
df_chart = df_all_costs.pivot_table(
    values="Cost", index="Person", columns="Cost Type")
df_chart.reset_index(inplace=True)
sheet.write_row(0, 0, [s.upper() for s in df_chart.columns])
sheet.write_column(1, 0, df_chart['Person'])
sheet.write_column(1, 1, df_chart['expenses'])
sheet.write_column(1, 2, df_chart['hours'])
chart = workbook.add_chart({'type': 'column', 'subtype': 'stacked'})
chart.set_style(12)
nrows = df_chart.shape[0]
for i in [1, 2]:
    chart.add_series({
        'name': [sheet.get_name(), 0, i],
        'categories': [sheet.get_name(), 1, 0, nrows, 0],
        'values': [sheet.get_name(), 1, i, nrows, i]})
sheet.insert_chart('A8', chart, {'x_offset': 25, 'y_offset': 10})
```

Creating Charts (2/2)



So much for Excel



We do have
your Excel
Files



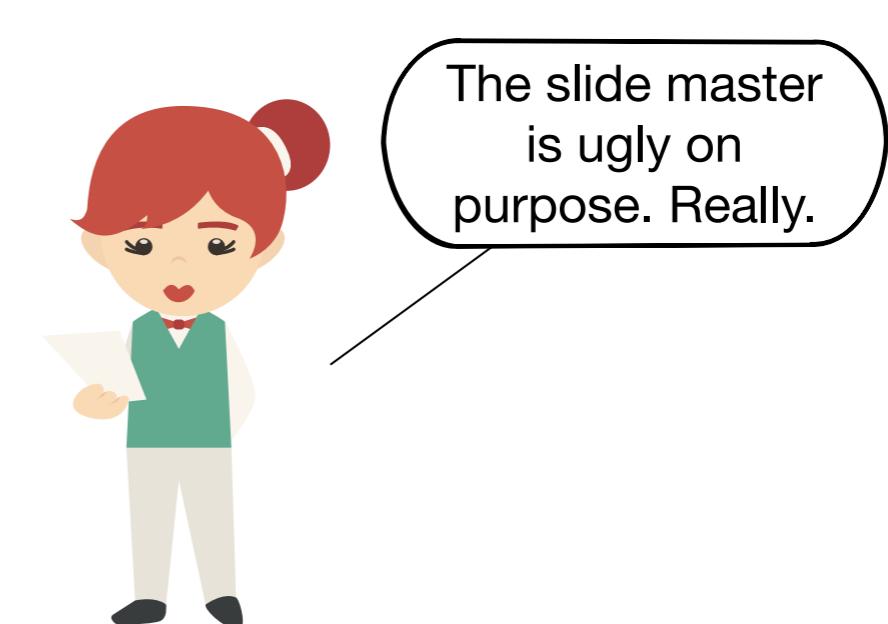
Almost perfect.
Even with the
charts and
conditional
formatting I like



And from now
on, you can
have many for
files...

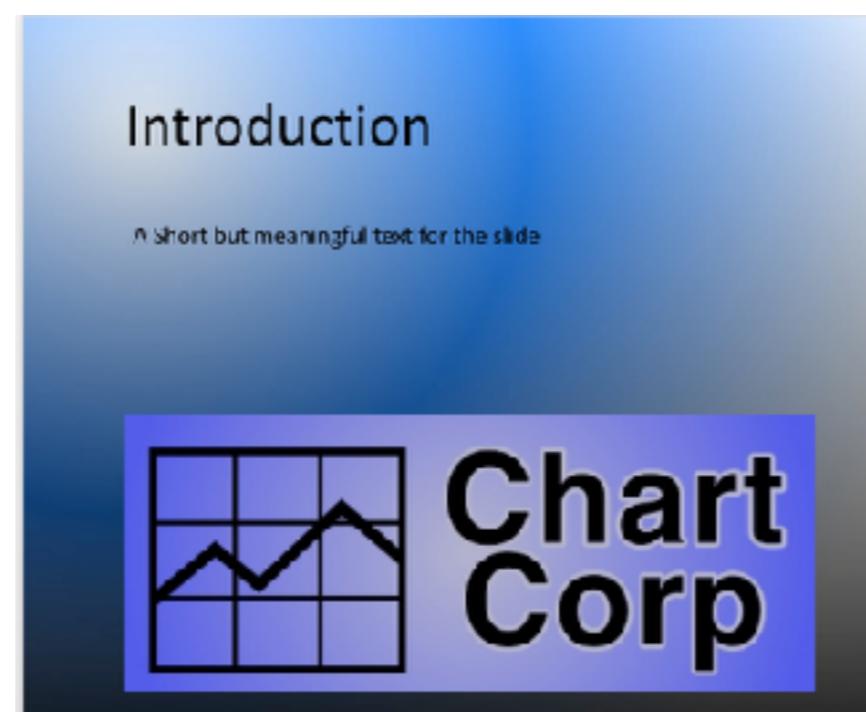
Powerpoints with PPTX

```
import pptx  
presentation = pptx.Presentation("input_data/template.pptx")  
title_slide_layout = presentation.slide_layouts[0]  
slide = presentation.slides.add_slide(title_slide_layout)  
title = slide.shapes.title  
title.text = "Meaningful Title"  
  
subtitle = slide.placeholders[1]  
subtitle.text = "Some text for the placeholder defined in the layout"  
  
presentation.save("./output_data/presentation_1.pptx")
```



Adding Text Boxes and Graphics

```
from pptx.util import Inches
left = width = height = Inches(1)
top = Inches(2)
txBox = slide.shapes.add_textbox(left, top, width, height)
tf = txBox.text_frame
tf.text = "A Short but meaningful text for the slide"
top = Inches(4)
slide.shapes.add_picture("./input_data/logo.jpg", left, top)
```



Adding Table Data to a Slide

```
from PandasToPowerpoint import df_to_table
from pptx.util import Inches
table_left = Inches(1); table_top = Inches(2)
table_width = Inches(12); table_height = Inches(4)
df_to_table(slide, df_all_costs, table_left, table_top,
            table_width, table_height)
```

Data Table

Cost	Cost Type	Person	Project
42.5	expenses	Amy	Mars Colony
506.666666666667	expenses	Carol	Mars Colony
15.83333333333334	expenses	Dieter	Mars Colony
2.0	expenses	Amy	Team Dinner
7.5	expenses	Bjoern	Team Dinner
747.5	hours	Amy	Mars Colony
462.0	hours	Bjoern	Mars Colony
495.0	hours	Carol	Mars Colony
817.1428571428571	hours	Dieter	Mars Colony
715.0	hours	Amy	Team Dinner
660.0	hours	Bjoern	Team Dinner
385.0	hours	Carol	Team Dinner
476.666666666667	hours	Dieter	Team Dinner

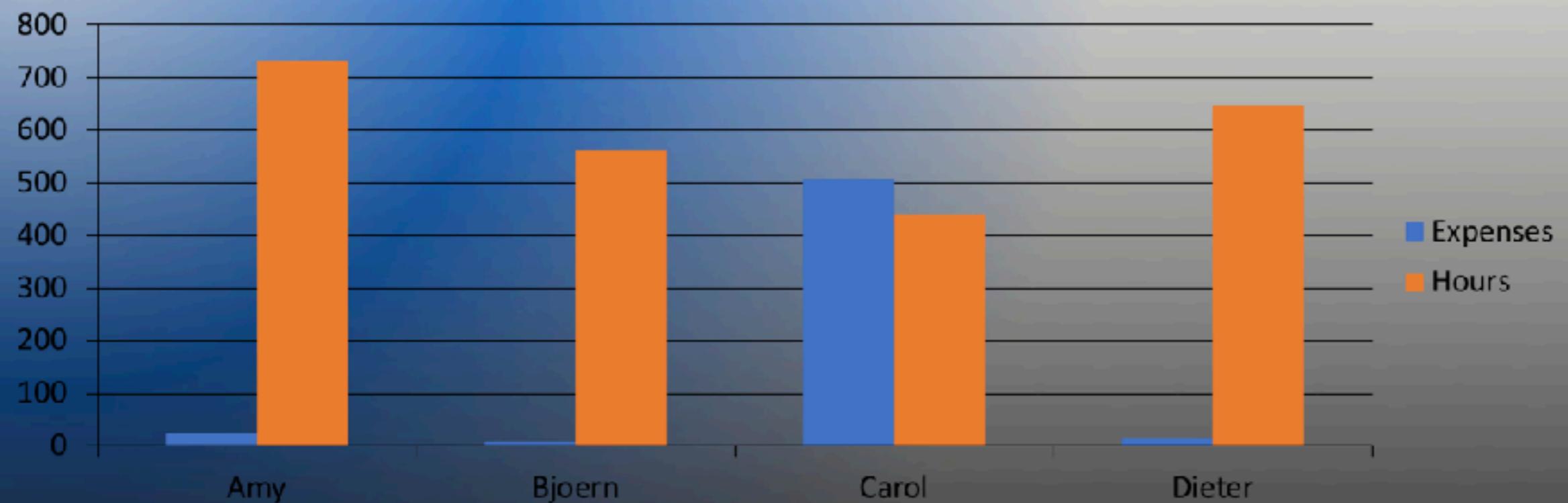
Adding Charts to a Slide (1/2)

```
from pptx.chart.data import ChartData
from pptx.enum.chart import XL_CHART_TYPE
from pptx.util import Inches

df_chart = df_all_costs.pivot_table(values="Cost",
|                                         index="Person", columns="Cost Type")
df_chart.reset_index(inplace=True)
chart_data = ChartData()
chart_data.categories = list(df_chart['Person'])
chart_data.add_series('Expenses', list(df_chart["expenses"]))
chart_data.add_series('Hours', list(df_chart["hours"]))
CHART_TYPE = XL_CHART_TYPE.COLUMN_CLUSTERED
chart_left = Inches(1); chart_top = Inches(2)
chart_width = Inches(12); chart_height = Inches(4)
chart = slide.shapes.add_chart(CHART_TYPE, chart_left, chart_top,
|                                         chart_width, chart_height, chart_data).chart
chart.has_legend = True
chart.legend.include_in_layout = False
```

Adding Charts to a Slide (2/2)

Charts



So much for PPTX



And now we have some Powerpoints. They even use the new Company Master



Ugly but useful.
And for once, even in time.



And we did not even get into Shapes...

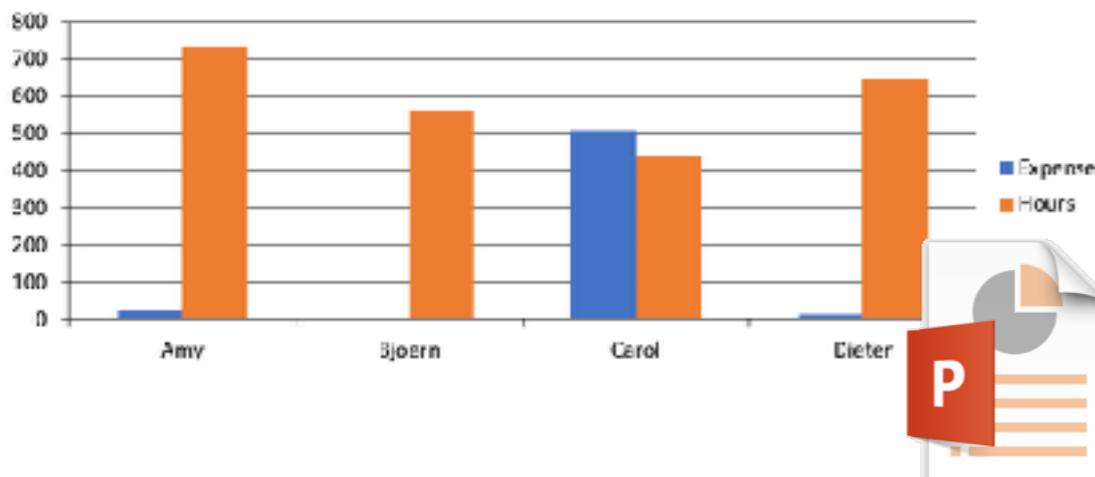
PPTX to PDF with Libreoffice CLI

```
import os
import subprocess
import pptx

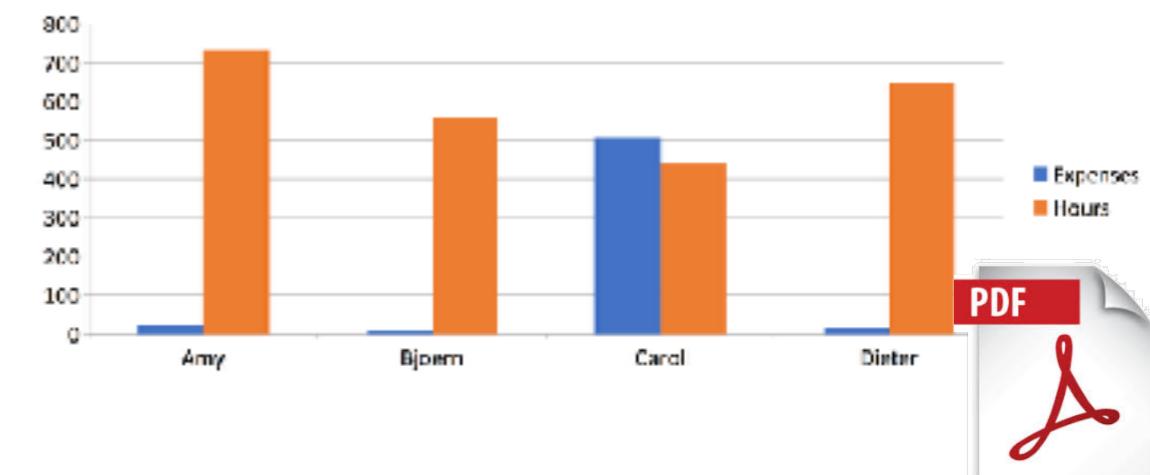
presentation_plain = pptx.Presentation("input_data/template_plain.pptx")
slide = create_slide(presentation_plain, "Charts")
create_chart_slide(df_all_costs, slide)
presentation_plain.save(pptx_filename)

libre_office_binary = "/Applications/LibreOffice.app/Contents/MacOS/soffice"
cmd = [libre_office_binary, "--headless", "--convert-to", export_format,
       "--outdir", os.path.dirname(pptx_filename),
       pptx_filename]
subprocess.run(cmd, check=True)
```

Charts



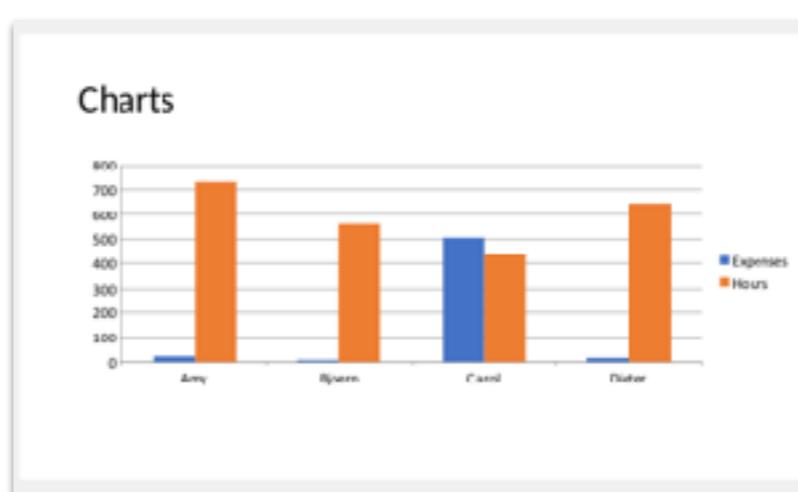
Charts



Combining PDF Files

```
import pdfrw
pdf_filename = ppxx_filename.replace(".pptx", ".pdf")
pdf_report_pages = pdfrw.PdfReader(pdf_filename).pages
pdf_template_pages = pdfrw.PdfReader('input_data/pdf_template.pdf').pages
outdata = pdfrw.PdfWriter('output_data/plain_with_template.pdf')
outdata.addpage(pdf_template_pages[0])
outdata.addpages(pdf_report_pages)
outdata.addpage(pdf_template_pages[1])
outdata.write()
```

PDF File Introduction Page



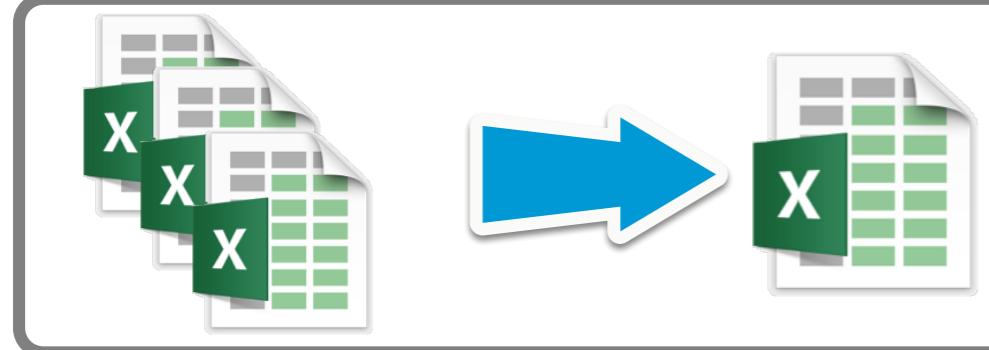
PDF File Last Page

So, what have we done

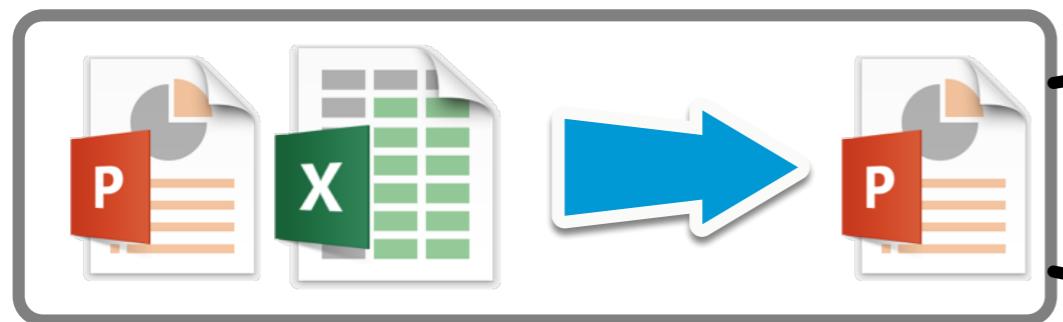


Task

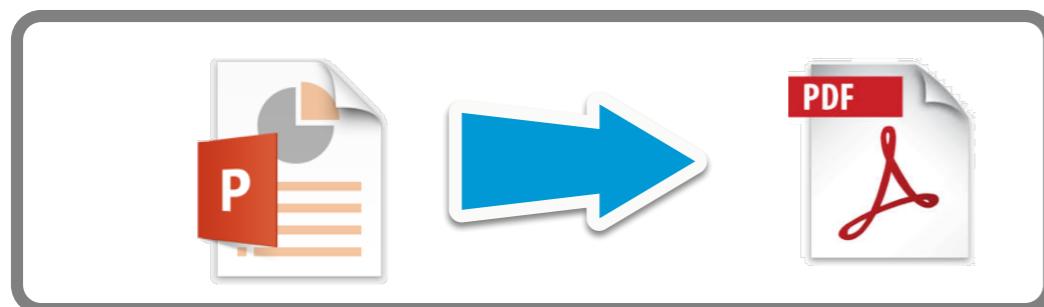
1



2



3



Things we did



Build a formated Excel Table with Data from Pandas

Applied formats, conditional formats, and tables with filters

Created charts

Created a PPTX based on an existing template

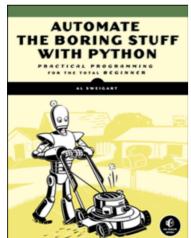
Created tables and charts in a PPTX

Transformed a PPTX into a PDF via Libreoffice

Combined multiple PDFs into a single file

Where to learn more

Books



Automate the Boring Stuff with Python, by Al Sweigart. Free to read under Creative Commons:

<https://automatetheboringstuff.com/>



ReportLab - PDF Processing with Python, Michael Driscoll, Leanpub

<https://leanpub.com/reportlab>

Documentation

XlsxWriter <https://xlsxwriter.readthedocs.io/>



<https://openpyxl.readthedocs.io/en/stable/>

python-pptx <https://python-pptx.readthedocs.io/en/latest/>

The End?

https://github.com/stbaercom/europython2018_boring

