MATLAB MDI on simple data

Stephen Coleman

11/02/2020

Data

The data generated is derived from two multivariate distirbutions defined by their means:

$$\mu_1 = \begin{pmatrix} 1 \\ 1 \\ 1 \end{pmatrix}, \mu_2 = \begin{pmatrix} -1 \\ -1 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}.$$

Both distributions use **I** for the covariance matrix.

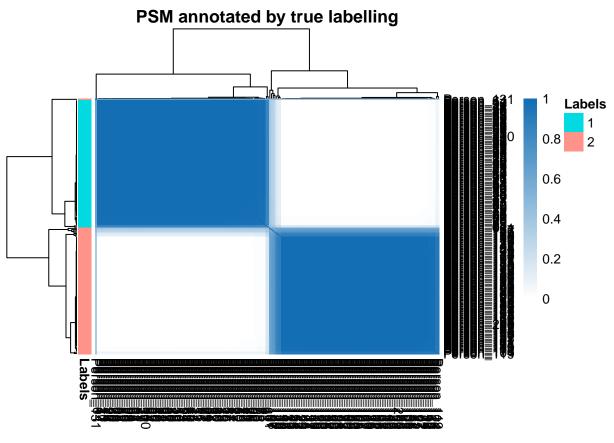
MDI

MATLAB MDI is run on two datasets for 50,000 iterations, thinning by a factor of 50. One can see that the labels indicating which distribution the data originates from aligns (almost) perfectly with the clustering captured in the PSM.

```
# Read in the tibble containing the MDI analysis
my_tib <- readRDS("./compare_tibble.rds")</pre>
# The original data
my_data <- my_tib$expression_data[[1]]</pre>
# Briefly summarise
summary(my_data)
##
        Gene_1
                             Gene_2
                                                Gene_3
                               :-2.91436
          :-3.888921
                                                  :-3.21470
##
  Min.
                        Min.
                                            Min.
  1st Qu.:-1.052855
                        1st Qu.:-1.18651
                                            1st Qu.:-0.97872
## Median : 0.005483
                        Median :-0.09020
                                            Median: 0.01928
  Mean
          :-0.007423
                               :-0.03847
                                                  : 0.08024
                        Mean
                                            Mean
    3rd Qu.: 0.985904
                        3rd Qu.: 0.97446
                                            3rd Qu.: 1.08699
## Max.
           : 3.024842
                        Max.
                                : 4.81028
                                            Max.
                                                   : 2.97134
my_psm <- my_tib$similarity_matrix[[1]]</pre>
# The labels for which subpopulation each person actually belongs to
labels <- as.factor(c(</pre>
  rep(1, 0.5 * nrow(my_data)),
  rep(2, 0.5 * nrow(my_data))
# These labels in an annotation dataframe for the pheatmap
```

```
annotation_row <- data.frame(Labels = labels) %>%
    set_rownames(row.names(my_data))

# Visualise the PSM annotated by true labelling
pheatmap(my_psm,
    annotation_row = annotation_row,
    color = col_pal,
    breaks = my_breaks,
    main = "PSM annotated by true labelling"
)
```



Comparing this PSM directly with the expression data:

```
# Extract the order from the pheatmap
row_order <- hclust(dist(my_psm))$order

# Find the column order for the expression data
col_order <- hclust(dist(t(my_data)))$order

# Re order the matrices to have a common row order
my_psm <- my_psm[row_order, row_order]
my_data <- my_data[row_order, col_order]

colnames(my_psm) <- NULL
colnames(my_data) <- NULL
# Save the heatmaps of these to the same grid</pre>
```

```
compareHeatmapPSMandData(my_psm, my_data,
    save_name = NULL,
    main = "Comparison of PSM and data",
    col_pal_sim = col_pal,
    col_pal_expr = col_pal_expr,
    expr_breaks = expr_breaks,
    sim_breaks = my_breaks
)
```

Comparison of PSM and data

