## fibonacci

## 2016年4月4日

## 1 斐波纳契数列

查找斐波纳契数列中第 N 个数。

所谓的斐波纳契数列是指:

前 2 个数是 0 和 1 。第 i 个数是第 i-1 个数和第 i-2 个数的和。斐波纳契数列的前 10 个数字是: 0, 1, 1, 2, 3, 5, 8, 13, 21, 34 …

```
样例 给定 1, 返回 0
给定 2, 返回 1
给定 10, 返回 34
```

## 递归实现

```
In [1]: import time

class Solution:
    result = 0

    def __init__(self, n):
        self.result = self.fibonacci(n)

# @param n: an integer
    # @return an integer f(n)
    def fibonacci(self, n):
        # write your code here
        if n == 1:
            return 0
        elif n == 2:
            return 1
        else:
            return self.fibonacci(n-1) + self.fibonacci(n-2)
```

1 斐波纳契数列 2

```
start = time.clock()
        sol = Solution(40)
        end = time.clock()
       print 'result = ', sol.result, "; ", end-start, "s"
result = 63245986; 58.036035s
非递归实现
In [2]: import time
        class Solution:
           result = 0
           def __init__(self, n):
                self.result = self.fibonacci(n)
            # @param n: an integer
            # Oreturn an integer f(n)
           def fibonacci(self, n):
                # write your code here
               a, b = 0, 1
               for i in range(1, n):
                   a, b = b, a + b
               return a
        start = time.clock()
        sol = Solution(40)
        end = time.clock()
        print 'result = ', sol.result, "; ", end-start, "s"
result = 63245986; 0.00017599999999 s
```