

```

1  /**
2   * The TestCar class creates three instances of the car class.
3   * Then gets or changes the data contained in each instance.
4   * CS 151 section 01
5   * PROJECT #3
6   * @author (Yaw Abaaho)
7   * @version (2/15/19)
8   */
9  public class TestCar
10 {
11     public static void main(String[] args)
12     {
13         Car firstCar = new Car("Honda","Civic",1966, 2000);
14         System.out.println(firstCar.toString());
15
16         Car secondCar = new Car("Jeep","Wrangler",2009, 5500);
17         System.out.println(secondCar.toString());
18
19         Car thirdCar = new Car("Dodge","Charger",2017, 18250);
20         System.out.println(thirdCar.toString());
21
22         firstCar.setYear(2018);
23         System.out.println("If I trade in my 1969 Honda for a new model\n"
24 + "it will be " + firstCar.isAntique() + " that this car is an antique.");
25
26         firstCar.setCost(18650);
27         System.out.println("The new Honda Civic will now cost " + firstCar.getCost());
28
29         secondCar.setModel("Compass");
30         System.out.println("\nI traded in my Jeep Wangler for a Jeep "
31 + secondCar.getModel());
32
33         thirdCar.setCost(16750);
34         System.out.println("\nThe dealer gave me a discount on the Dodge Charger\n, it "
35 + "only cost " + thirdCar.getCost() + ".");
36     }
37 }

```