

# Advanced Machine Learning - Assignment #1

## **Group Members**

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# 1 Preliminary notions

Before proceeding and answering to the questions, we present some of the rules and derivations which will be exploited in the next sections. Let  $W \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times m}$  and  $A \in \mathbb{R}^{m \times l}$  be two real-value matrices. Recall that  $Z = W \cdot A$  is defined as:

$$z_{i,j} = \mathbf{w}_{i,:} \cdot \mathbf{a}_{:,j} = \sum_{k=1}^{m} w_{i,k} \cdot a_{k,j}$$

$$\tag{1}$$

The derivative of  $z_{i,j}$  - which is a scalar - with respect to the vector  $\mathbf{w}_{i,:}$  is defined as:

$$\frac{\partial z_{i,j}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_{i,:}} = \frac{\partial z_{i,j}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{w}_{i,:} \cdot \mathbf{a}_{:,j}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})}$$

$$= \frac{\partial (w_{i,1}a_{1,j} + w_{i,2}a_{2,j} + ... + w_{i,m}a_{m,j})}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,1}, ..., w_{i,m})}$$

$$= \frac{\partial \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} w_{i,k} \cdot a_{k,j}\right)}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})}$$

$$= \left[\frac{\partial \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} w_{i,k} \cdot a_{k,j}\right)}{\partial w_{i,1}}, \frac{\partial \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} w_{i,k} \cdot a_{k,j}\right)}{\partial w_{i,2}}, ..., \frac{\partial \left(\sum_{k=1}^{m} w_{i,k} \cdot a_{k,j}\right)}{\partial w_{i,m}}\right]$$

$$= [a_{1,j}, a_{2,j}, ..., a_{m,j}] = \mathbf{a}_{:,j}^{T}$$

The same holds for  $\frac{\partial z_{i,j}}{\partial \mathbf{a}_{:j}}$ .

Moving forward, the derivative of  $\mathbf{z}_{i,:}$  - which is a vector - with respect to the vector  $\mathbf{w}_{i,:}$  is defined as:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_{i,:}} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})} 
= \left[ \frac{\partial z_{i,1}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})}, \frac{\partial z_{i,2}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})}, ..., \frac{\partial z_{i,m}}{\partial (w_{i,1}, w_{i,2}, ..., w_{i,m})} \right] 
= \left[ [a_{1,1}, a_{2,1}, ..., a_{m,1}], ..., [a_{1,l}, a_{2,l}, ..., a_{m,l}] \right] 
= \left[ \mathbf{a}_{:,1}^T, ..., \mathbf{a}_{:,l}^T \right] = A^T$$
(3)

We can, then, derive a row  $\mathbf{z}_{i,:} \in Z$  w.r.t the entire matrix W. Let's write down the product  $W \cdot A$  explicitly:

$$Z = W \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & w_{1,2} & \dots & w_{1,m} \\ w_{2,1} & w_{2,2} & \dots & w_{2,m} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ w_{n,1} & w_{n,2} & \dots & w_{n,m} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & \dots & a_{1,l} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & \dots & a_{2,l} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_{m,1} & a_{m,2} & \dots & a_{m,l} \end{pmatrix}$$

$$(4)$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{i,:} = \mathbf{w}_{i,:} \cdot A = \begin{pmatrix} w_{i,1} & w_{i,2} & \dots & w_{i,m} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,1} & a_{1,2} & \dots & a_{1,l} \\ a_{2,1} & a_{2,2} & \dots & a_{2,l} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots \\ a_{m,1} & a_{m,2} & \dots & a_{m,l} \end{pmatrix}$$
(5)

From Eq.(5), it's easy to conclude that  $\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial W}$  is:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial W} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial (\mathbf{w}_{1,:}, \mathbf{w}_{2,:}, ..., \mathbf{w}_{n,:})} = \left[O, O, ..., \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{i,:}}{\partial \mathbf{w}_{i,:}}, ..., O\right] = \left[O, O, ..., A^T, ..., O\right] \in \mathbb{R}^{(n \times m) \times l}$$
(6)

being  $O \in \mathbb{R}^{l \times m}$  the zero matrix.

Finally, putting all together, the derivative of the matrix Z w.r.t. the matrix W, i.e. the jacobian, is:

$$\frac{\partial Z}{\partial W} = \left[ \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{1,:}}{\partial W}, \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{2,:}}{\partial W}, ..., \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{n,:}}{\partial W} \right] = \left[ \left[ A^T, O, ..., O \right], \left[ O, A^T, ..., O \right], ..., \left[ O, ..., A^T \right] \right] \in \mathbb{R}^{(n \times m) \times (m \times l)}$$
(7)

It can be noticed that the tensor  $\frac{\partial Z}{\partial W}$  is very sparse.

Since it will be useful in the following, we conclude this section by deriving a column  $\mathbf{z}_{:,j} \in Z$  w.r.t. the entire matrix W. Again,  $\mathbf{z}_{:,j}$  is:

$$\mathbf{z}_{:,j} = W \cdot \mathbf{a}_{:,j} = \begin{pmatrix} w_{1,1} & w_{1,2} & \dots & w_{1,m} \\ w_{2,1} & w_{2,2} & \dots & w_{2,m} \\ \dots & \dots & \dots & \dots \\ w_{n,1} & w_{n,2} & \dots & w_{n,m} \end{pmatrix} \cdot \begin{pmatrix} a_{1,j} \\ a_{2,j} \\ \dots \\ a_{m,j} \end{pmatrix}$$
(8)

The derivative is:

$$\frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{:,j}}{\partial W} = \frac{\partial \mathbf{z}_{:,j}}{\partial (\mathbf{w}_{1,:}, \mathbf{w}_{2,:}, ..., \mathbf{w}_{n,:})} = \begin{bmatrix} \mathbf{a}_{:,j}^T \\ \mathbf{a}_{:,j}^T \\ ... \\ \mathbf{a}_{:,j}^T \end{bmatrix} \in \mathbb{R}^{n \times l}$$
(9)

# 2 Question 2

$$\mathbf{a}_i^{(1)} = \mathbf{x}_i \tag{10}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{i}^{(2)} = W_{(10,4)}^{(1)} \left(\mathbf{a}_{i}^{(1)}\right)^{T} + b_{(1,1)}^{(1)} \tag{11}$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{i}^{(2)} = \phi(\mathbf{z}_{i}^{(2)}) \tag{12}$$

$$\mathbf{z}_{i}^{(3)} = W_{(3,1)}^{(2)} \mathbf{a}_{i}^{(2)} + b^{(2)}_{(1,1)}$$

$$(13)$$

$$\mathbf{a}_{i}^{(3)} = \psi(\mathbf{z}_{i}^{(3)}) \tag{14}$$

### 2.1 a)

note that 
$$(\Delta_i)_j = \begin{cases} 1, & \text{if } j = y_i \\ 0, & \text{otherwise} \end{cases}$$
 (15)

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left( \theta, \left\{ x_{i}, y_{i} \right\}_{i=1}^{N} \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^{N} -\log \left( \frac{\exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{y_{i}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j}} \right) =$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left[ -\log \left( \frac{\exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{y_{i}}}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j}} \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left[ \log \left( \sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j} \right) - \log \left( \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{y_{i}} \right) \right] =$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left[ \log \left( \sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j} \right) \right] - \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left[ \log \left( \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{y_{i}} \right) \right] \right\} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left\{ \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left[ \log \left( \sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j} \right) \right] - \frac{\partial}{\partial z_{i}^{(3)}} \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{y_{i}} \right\} =$$

$$= \frac{1}{N} \left\{ \frac{\exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)}{\sum_{j=1}^{K} \exp \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right)_{j}} - \Delta_{i} \right\} = \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right)$$

#### 2.2 b)

$$\frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left( \theta, \{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \right) = \frac{\partial}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left\{ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N -\log \left[ \frac{\exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right)_{y_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^K \left( \exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) \right)_j} \right] \right\} 
\stackrel{\star}{=} \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial z^{(3)}} \left\{ \frac{1}{N} \sum_{i=1}^N -\log \left[ \frac{\exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right)_{y_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^K \left( \exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) \right)_j} \right] \right\} 
= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial z_i^{(3)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial}{\partial z_i^{(3)}} \left\{ -\frac{1}{N} \log \left[ \frac{\exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right)_{y_i}}{\sum_{j=1}^K \left( \exp \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) \right)_j} \right] \right\} 
\stackrel{\star\star}{=} \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial z_i^{(3)}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_i^{(3)}} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{\partial}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left( W^{(2)} a_i^{(2)} + b^{(2)} \right) \cdot \frac{\partial J}{\partial z_i^{(3)}} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \left( a_i^{(2)} \right)^T$$

having  $(\star)$  by the chain rule and  $(\star\star)$  by the Equation of point a).

The derivative  $\frac{\partial \tilde{J}}{\partial W^{(2)}}$  is trivial, since:

$$\frac{\partial \widetilde{J}}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left( \theta, \{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \right) = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} + \frac{\partial}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left[ \lambda \left( \|W^{(1)}\|_2^2 + \|W^{(2)}\|_2^2 \right) \right] \\
= \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(2)}} + \frac{\partial}{\partial W^{(2)}} \left[ \lambda \left( \sum_{i=1}^3 \sum_{j=1}^{10} \left( w_{ij}^{(2)} \right)^2 \right) \right] = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \left( a_i^{(2)} \right)^T + 2\lambda W^{(2)}$$
(17)

#### 2.3 c)

$$\begin{split} &\frac{\partial \widetilde{J}}{\partial W^{(1)}} \left(\theta, \left\{x_{i}, y_{i}\right\}_{i=1}^{N}\right) = \frac{\partial J}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\ &= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(1)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[ \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right) \right] \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(1)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[ \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right) \right] \cdot \left[ W^{(2)} \right]^{T} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(1)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^{T} \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_{i}^{(3)} > 0 \right\} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial W^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \right] \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^{T} \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_{i}^{(3)} > 0 \right\} \right\} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial W^{(1)}} \\ &= \sum_{i=1}^{N} \left( a_{i}^{(1)} \right)^{T} \cdot \left\{ \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_{i}^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_{i} \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^{T} \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_{i}^{(3)} > 0 \right\} \right\} + 2\lambda W^{(1)} \end{aligned}$$

where  $\odot$  indicates the element-wise product (Hadamard product).

$$\frac{\partial \widetilde{J}}{\partial b^{(1)}} \left( \theta, \{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \right) = \frac{\partial J}{\partial b^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial b^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(1)}}$$

$$= \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial b^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(1)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial a^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial a^{(2)}}{\partial z^{(2)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(2)}}{\partial b^{(1)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(1)}}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^T \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_i^{(3)} > 0 \right\} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(1)}}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^T \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_i^{(3)} > 0 \right\}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \left[ \left( \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \right) \cdot \left( W^{(2)} \right)^T \right] \odot \mathbb{I} \left\{ z_i^{(3)} > 0 \right\}$$

$$\frac{\partial \widetilde{J}}{\partial b^{(2)}} \left( \theta, \{x_i, y_i\}_{i=1}^N \right) = \frac{\partial J}{\partial b^{(2)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(2)}} = \frac{\partial J}{\partial z^{(3)}} \cdot \frac{\partial z^{(3)}}{\partial b^{(2)}} + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(2)}}$$

$$= \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) + \frac{\partial R}{\partial b^{(2)}} = \sum_{i=1}^N \frac{1}{N} \left( \psi \left( z_i^{(3)} \right) - \Delta_i \right) \tag{20}$$