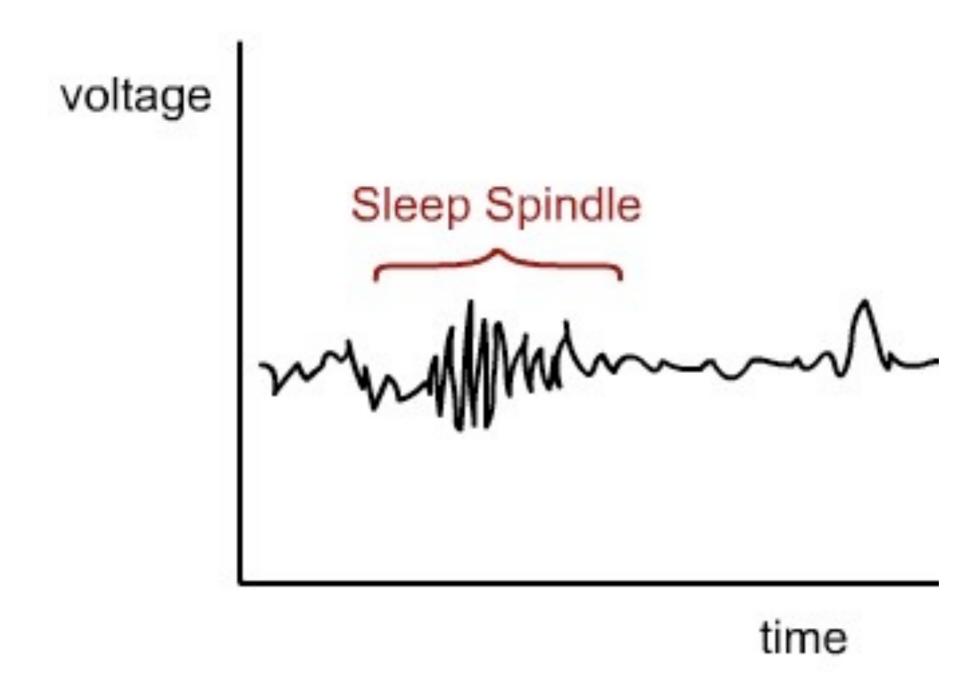
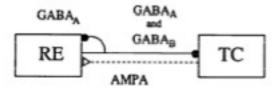
## Spindles

Sara Steele, after Golomb, Wang, & Rinzel (1996)

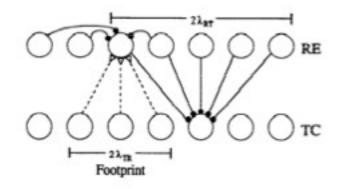




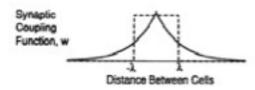
### A Synaptic Conductances



### B One Dimensional Architecture

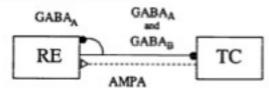


### C Footprint Shapes

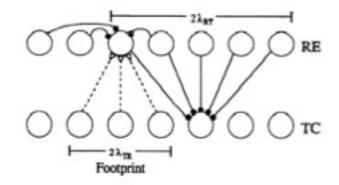


### Reticular (RE) cells:

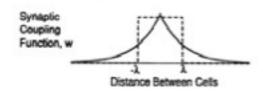
### A Synaptic Conductances



### B One Dimensional Architecture



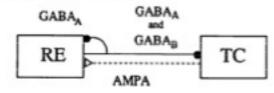
### C Footprint Shapes



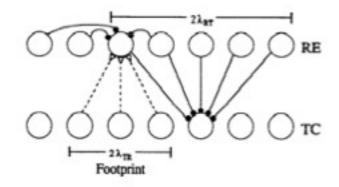
$$C \frac{dV_i}{dt} = -I_{Ca-T}(V_i, h_i) - I_{KL}(V_i) - I_{NL}(V_i)$$
$$-I_{AHP}(V_i, m_{AHP_i}) - I_{AMPA}(V_i, \{s_{Pj}\}) - I_{GABA_A}^{RR}(V_i, \{s_{Aj}\})$$

### Reticular (RE) cells:

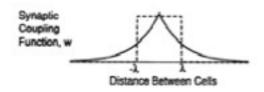
### A Synaptic Conductances



### B One Dimensional Architecture



### C Footprint Shapes



# $C \frac{dV_i}{dt} = -I_{Ca-T}(V_i, h_i) - I_{KL}(V_i) - I_{NL}(V_i)$ $-I_{AHP}(V_i, m_{AHP_i}) - I_{AMPA}(V_i, \{s_{Pj}\}) - I_{QABA_A}^{RR}(V_i, \{s_{Aj}\})$

### Thalamocortical (TC) cells:

$$C \frac{dV_i}{dt} = -I_{Ca-T}(V_i, h_i) - I_{KL}(V_i) - I_{NL}(V_i) - I_h(V_i, r_i)$$
$$-I_{GABA_A}(V_i, \{s_{Aj}\}) - I_{GABA_B}(V_i, \{s_{Bj}\})$$

## Both populations

Potassium leak current  $I_{KL} = g_{KL}(V - V_K)$ Nonspecific leak current  $I_{NL} = g_{NL}(V - V_{NL})$ 

 $I_{Ca\cdot T}$ .

$$I_{\text{Ca-T}}(V, h) = g_{\text{Ca}} m_{\pi}^{2}(V) h(V - V_{\text{Ca}})$$
  

$$\frac{dh}{dt} = [h_{\infty}(V) - h] / \tau_{h}(V)$$

$$m_{\infty}(V) = \{1 + \exp[-(V - \theta_{m})/\sigma_{m}]\}^{-1}$$

$$h_{\infty}(V) = \{1 + \exp[-(V - \theta_{h})/\sigma_{h}]\}^{-1}$$

## RE cell specific

## RE cell specific

### INTRINSIC CURRENTS.

 $I_{AHP}$ .

$$I_{AHP}(V, m_{AHP}) = g_{AHP}m_{AHP}(V - V_K)$$
 
$$\frac{d[Ca]}{dt} = -\nu I_{Ca-T} - \gamma [Ca]$$
 
$$\frac{dm_{AHP}}{dt} = \alpha [Ca](1 - m_{AHP}) - \beta m_{AHP}$$

## RE cell specific

INTRINSIC CURRENTS.

 $I_{AHP}$ .

$$I_{AHP}(V, m_{AHP}) = g_{AHP}m_{AHP}(V - V_K)$$
  
$$\frac{d[Ca]}{dt} = -\nu I_{Ca-T} - \gamma [Ca]$$

$$\frac{\mathrm{d}m_{AHP}}{\mathrm{d}t} = \alpha [\mathrm{Ca}](1 - m_{AHP}) - \beta m_{AHP}$$

SYNAPTIC CURRENTS.

AMPA current IAMPA from TC to RE cells.

$$I_{AMPA}(V, \{s_{Pj}\}) = g_{AMPA}(V - V_{AMPA}) \sum_{j=1}^{N} w_{TR}(i - j) s_{Pj}$$

AMPA gating variable.

$$\frac{ds_{Pj}}{dt} = k_{fP} s_{\infty}(V) (1 - s_{Pj}) - k_{rP} s_{Pj}$$

$$s_{\infty}(V) = \{1 + \exp[-(V - \theta_s)/\sigma_s]\}^{-1}$$

 $GABA_A$  current  $I_{GABA_A}^{RR}$  from RE to RE cells.

$$I_{\text{GABA}_A}^{RR}(V, \{s_{Aj}\}) = g_{\text{GABA}_A}^{RR}(V - V_{\text{GABA}_A}) \sum_{j=1}^{N} w_{RR}(i-j) s_{Aj}$$

 $GABA_A$  gating variable.

$$\frac{ds_{Aj}}{dt} = k_{fA}s_{\infty}(V_j)(1 - s_{Aj}) - k_{rA}s_{Aj}$$

$$s_{\infty}(V) = \{1 + \exp[-(V - \theta_s)/\sigma_s]\}^{-1},$$

## TC cell specific

## TC cell specific

Hyperpolarization-activated cation current (sag) Ih.

$$I_h(V, r) = g_h r(V - V_h)$$

$$\frac{dr}{dt} = [r_\infty(V) - r]/\tau_{sag}(V)$$

$$r_\infty(V) = \{1 + \exp[-(V - \theta_{sag})/\sigma_{sag}]\}^{-1}$$

$$\tau_{\text{sag}}(V) = 20 + 1,000/\{\exp[(V + 71.5)/14.2] + \exp[-(V + 89.0)/11.6]\}$$

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### SYNAPTIC CURRENTS.

GABAA current IGABAA from RE to TC cells.

$$I_{\text{GABA}_A}(V, \{s_{Aj}\}) = g_{\text{GABA}_A}(V - V_{\text{GABA}_A}) \sum_{j=1}^{N} w_{\text{RT}}(i-j) s_{Aj}$$

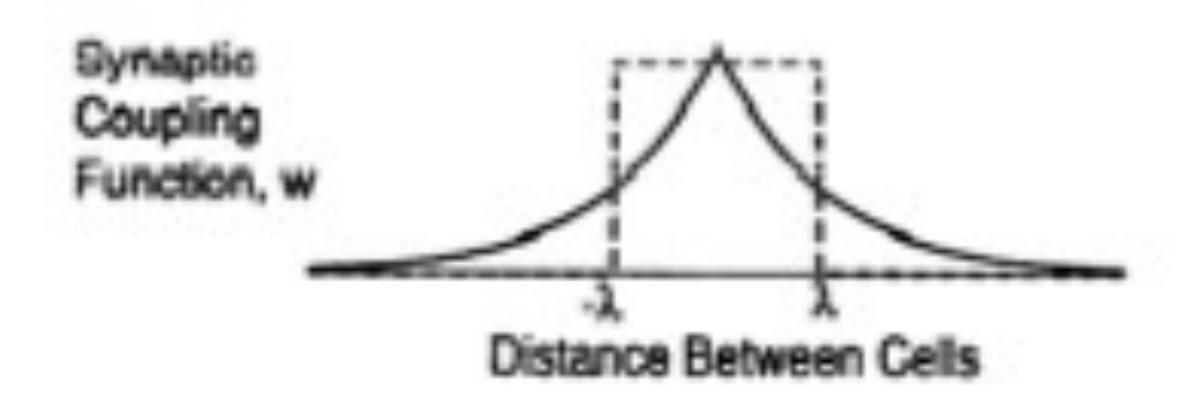
GABA<sub>B</sub> current I<sub>GABA<sub>B</sub></sub> from RE to TC cells.

$$I_{GABA_B}(V, \{s_{Bj}\}) = g_{GABA_B}(V - V_K) \sum_{j=1}^{N} w_{RT}(i - j) s_{Bj}$$

$$\frac{dx_B}{dt} = k_{fx} S_{\infty}(V_{pre}) (1 - x_B) - k_{rx} [1 - S_{\infty}(V_{pre})] x_B$$

$$\frac{ds_B}{dt} = k_{fB} x_B^4 (1 - s_B) - k_{rB} s_B$$

## Footprint



### Initiation

- TC (excitatory cells) are only excited via Ih hyperpolarization activated current
- RE cells receive AMPA mediated excitatory currents from TC cells

### Propagation- "Lurch"

- TC cells must be hyperpolarized for long enough to rebound
- They excite RE cells on the right of the propagating wave front