Name:	
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In this lab, you are going to get some practice with predefined character functions and one-dimensional arrays.

1. Create a directory call Lab11 inside your 2400/Labs directory.

### 2. [25 points] Text Processing

- a) Download text.txt to your directory from Blackboard
- b) In addition to including iostream, #include the fstream, cstdlib and cctype libraries.
- c) Next declare input and output stream variables and open files.
- d) Also do not forget to check whether the file fails to open.
- e) Next read character by character using the **get** function and process them in the following way.

lowercase characters
 uppercase characters
 digit
 any other character
 convert to uppercase and write the character
 write the character
 write an asterisk (\*)
 write the character

If your input file is as follows:

```
joe smith ss# 123-45-6789 dob 10/10/1980 kim Rice ss# 111-99-3333 dob 11/12/1991
```

#### Output file will be

```
JOE SMITH SS# ***-*** DOB **/**/***
KIM RICE SS# ***-**** DOB **/**/****
```

f) Submit your program on Blackboard under Lab 11.

#### **Scoring for Text Processing**

2 points comments (name, date, etc and the introduction to the program)

3 point meaningful variable names and document the variables

15 points correct output and correct use of two or more cctype library functions. open, check for fail and close files etc.

3 points style (indenting)

print out of the source code and electronic submission

### 3. Arrays - (75 points)

2 points

```
Consider the following declarations in the function main
const int SIZE = 10;
double a_list[] = {3.2,4.6,7.0,12.5,8.3,9.1};
int nums[SIZE];
char vowels[] = {'A','E','I','O','U'};
string name[SIZE];
float values[SIZE];
```

#### Answer the following questions.

- 1. [4 pts] Size of a\_list array is \_\_\_\_\_
- 2. [4 pts] Write a statement(s) to print the values of first and the last components of the array a\_list.

3.	[10 pts] Use the sizeof function in C++ to determine the amount of memory used
	by the following array declarations. The sizeof function can be used in a
	<pre>program in the following way: cout &lt;&lt; sizeof(nums); The best way to</pre>
	do this is to write a small program. Do not forget to #include <string> in</string>
	your program.

a_list		 	
nums _			
vowels			 
name _			
values			

Examine the declarations and answer the questions. Answer Valid if the statement is valid, Invalid otherwise. In either case explain. In the explanation, if the statement is valid tell exactly what is stored in that location. If invalid, explain what is wrong with the statement. 4 pts each.

	Valid/Invalid	<b>Explanation</b>
10. a_list[i] *= 2;		
11. cout<< a_list[a_list[4]	- 1] < <endl;< td=""><td></td></endl;<>	

Show what values are stored in array nums after each of the following codes are executed. **Trace the code by hand**.

12. [5 pts]

```
for (i = 0; i < SIZE; i++) {
   nums[i] = i * i;
}</pre>
```

Array nums



13. [5 pts] What is the output of the following code?

```
for (i = SIZE -1; i >= 0; i--) {
  cout << nums[i] <<" ";
}
cout << endl;</pre>
```

output

14. [5 pts] What is the output of the following code? <u>Trace the code by hand</u>.

```
i = 1;
nums [0] = 1;
do {
   nums[i] = 2 * nums[i - 1];
   i++;
} while (i < SIZE);</pre>
```

#### Array nums

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15. [10 pts] What is the output of the following program? Trace the code by hand.

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
#include <cstdlib>
using namespace std;

int main()
{
   const int SIZE = 6;
   int graph[SIZE] = {5, 3, 2, 7, 1, 9};

   for (int i = 0; i < SIZE; i++){
      cout << setfill('-') << left << setw(5) << graph[i];
      for (int j = 0; j < graph[i]; j++){
        cout << setw(2) <<'*';
      }
      cout << endl;
}

return (EXIT_SUCCESS);
}</pre>
```