Why store data in a repository?

• Easy for others to access and associate with a publication, along with metadata

HARVARD Dataverse

- Get a digital object identifier (DOI) for your data
- Version control (both "major" and "minor" changes can be tracked)

My own uses of the Harvard Dataverse so far:

- To store replication datasets for published papers [example 1 on the next slide]
- To act as a repository (with a DOI) and manage version control for other datasets [example 2]

Other possible uses:

- To store code for published papers (maybe in addition to replication datasets)
- To act as a repository of source files for other projects (e.g., interactive maps, tools, etc.)

Replication Data for: Sociodemographic Factors are Associated with the Abundance of PFAS Sources and Detection in U.S. Community Water Systems May 14, 2023 Liddie, Jahred; Laurel Schaider; Elsie Sunderland, 2023, "Replication Data for: Sociodemographic Factors are Associated with the Abundance of PFAS Sources and Detection in U.S. Community Water Systems", https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/OCO6MR, Harvard Dataverse, V1 ... This repository holds two replication datasets for the study titled, "Sociodemographic Factors are Associated with the Abundance of PFAS Sources and Detection in U.S. Community Water Systems." Additional information is available in the readme file for download. ... Related Publication Citation: Liddie, J.M., Schaider, L.S., Sunderland, E.M. Sociodemographic Factors are Associated with Abundance of PFAS Sources and Detection in U.S. Community Water Systems. Environmental Science & Technology (2023) DOI: 10.1021/acs.est.2c07255 Replication Data for: County-Level Associations between Drinking Water PFAS Contamination and COVID-19 Mortality in the United States

Liddie, Jahred; Bind, Marie-Abèle; Karra, Mahesh; Sunderland, Elsie, 2024, "Replication Data for: County-Level Associations between Drinking Water PFAS Contamination and COVID-19 Mortality in the United States", https://doi.org/10.7910/DVN/PN0RI5, Harvard

... This repository holds two replication datasets for the study titled, "County-Level Associations between Drinking Water PFAS Contamination and

Related Publication Citation: Liddie, J.M., Bind, M.A., Karra, M., Sunderland, E.M. County-Level Associations between Drinking Water PFAS Contamination and COVID-19 Mortality in the United States. Journal of Exposure Science & Environmental Epidemiology (2024) DOI:

COVID-19 Mortality in the United States." Additional information is available in the readme file for download. ..

Oct 5, 2024

10.1038/s41370-024-00723-5

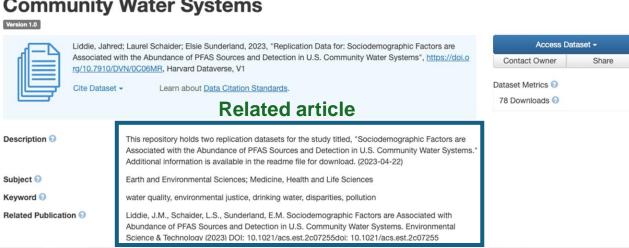
Replication data (i.e., processed datasets that can be used to replicate the results)

A "codebook" describing the variables in the replication datasets

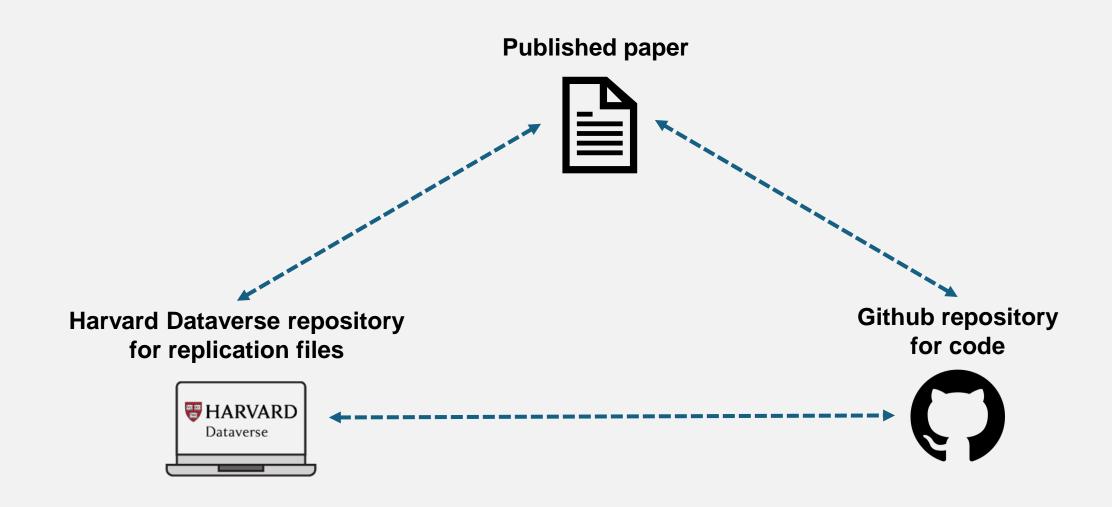
A "readme" file with the appropriate citation, description of each file, and contact information

Example 1: replication data associated with a published article

Replication Data for: Sociodemographic Factors are Associated with the Abundance of PFAS Sources and Detection in U.S. Community Water Systems





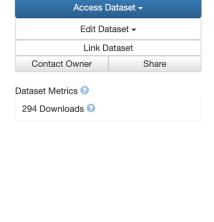




Example 2: repository for an (ongoing) data compilation effort



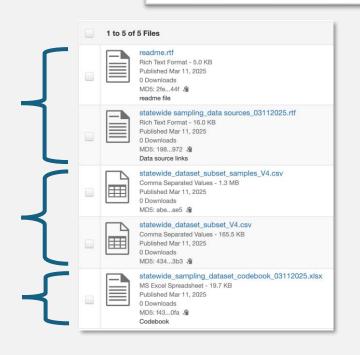
statewide sampling dataset. In the first versions of this dataset, 18 states were included as part of Liddie et al., 2023. The statewide sampling dataset now includes compiled data from 28 U.S. statewide sampling campaigns of CWS for per- and polyfluoroalkyl substances (PFAS) in drinking water. The full dataset of samples spans the 2016-2024 period. All data were either publicly available or provided by state agencies upon request. The full dataset contains approximately 98,000 samples from 11,138 CWS in Alabama, Arizona, California, Colorado, Georgia, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kentucky, Maine, Maryland, Massachusetts, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, South Carolina, Tannassee, Itah Vermont Virginia Washington, and Wisconsin, Concentrations



Readme file and a bibliography of data sources

Example representative datasets

Codebook



Have not used them, but there are also ways to restrict access / require data requests on HD

Add Data -**New Dataverse** New Dataset Descriptive Metadata After uploading your files, a private, draft repository is first made You can then publish the repository as a publicly accessible link

Much more can be found in the Harvard Dataverse <u>user guide</u> and <u>prior presentations</u>

GATHER AND VERIFY

Determine what will be shared and ensure the metadata describes what is being shared: raw data, output data, documentation, readme, codebook, etc...

Can you share the data openly? Copyright?
Deidentification? (human subjects,
vulnerable/endangered species); Access
restrictions needed (restrict. embargo)

What metadata standards are required to describe your data properly?

*Sensitive data support is not yet available in Harvard Dataverse Repository. All data must be deidentified!

Parting thought: you can manage your repositories after changing affiliations!

Convert your Dataverse installation account away from your Institutional Log In

If you are leaving your institution and need to convert your Dataverse installation account to the Dataverse Username/Email log in option, you will need to contact support for the Dataverse installation you are using. On your account page, there is a link that will open a popup form to contact support for assistance.

Much more can be found in the Harvard Dataverse <u>user guide</u> and <u>prior presentations</u>