Rust @ Code4Fun

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About me



ETH zürich

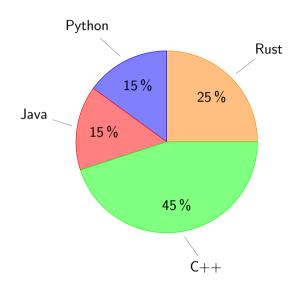
- StefanSince 2016: Oracle Labs, Distributed Graph Processing
- Background: ETH Systems Group, Barrelfish OS
- ► Rust since ~9 months
 - ► So absolutely no expert :-)





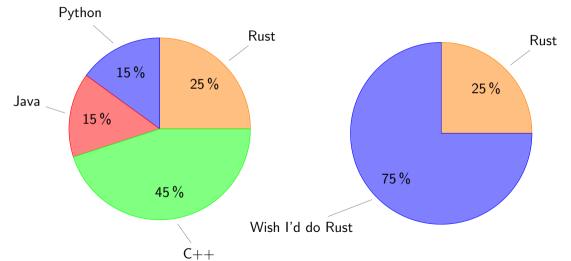
About me: Programming languages





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Section 1

Intro to Rust

Short history of Rust



- ► Developed by Mozilla Research
- ► Goal: better memory safety, but retain high-performance
- ► Announced in 2010
- ▶ 2011: First successfully compiled rustc



Short history of Rust

Ohh, and there's this little fella Meet ferries, the crab

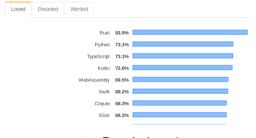
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Why Rust?



Most Loved, Dreaded, and Wanted Languages

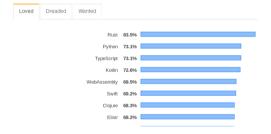


▶ People love it

Why Rust?

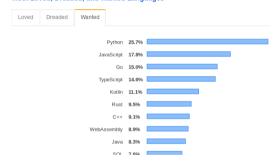


Most Loved, Dreaded, and Wanted Languages



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Most Loved, Dreaded, and Wanted Languages

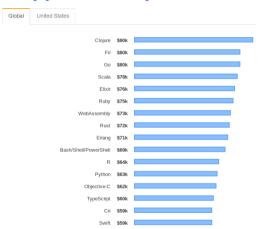


► Interest to learn it

Why Rust?



What Languages Are Associated with the Highest Salaries Worldwide?



► Rustaceans get paid well

Why now?

Industry puts Rust to production



- Mozilla: sytlo, soon WebRender
- Dropbox: storage system
- ► Facebook: Mercurial rewrite
- Google: Fuschia OS
- Amazon: Firecracker VMM
- Microsoft: Azure
- Oracle: railcar

Why Rust - better programs



- ► Robustness + Reliability
 - Memory safety
 - ► Thread safety
 - ► Result error types (Result<T, E>)

Why Rust - better programs

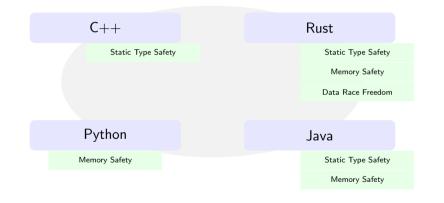


- ► Robustness + Reliability
 - Memory safety
 - Thread safety
 - ► Result error types (Result<T, E>)

- Performance
 - Compiled language
 - ► No garbage collection
 - Lightweight standard lib

Overview: Safety in programming languages





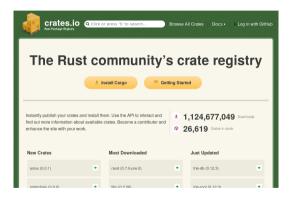
Why Rust - benefits for programmers



- Extremely helpful compiler messages
- Push complexity to compilation, rather than runtime
- Very good tooling
- Good IDE integration
- Good documentation: rustup doc

Dependency management





- Large selection of external modules (called *crates*)
- ► Generally very good code quality



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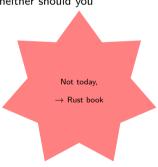


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 - ▶ No OOP as in the traditional sense
 - Traits



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- Can be frustrating at times
 - ▶ Don't give up, simplify code, ask community
 - ▶ The compiler is (almost) always right, if it isn't happy, neither should you
- Compilation times can be long
 - Rust compiles all code, even from dependencies
- Some things need getting used to:
 - No OOP as in the traditional sense
 - Traits

- ► Goal today: help you get over the initial fear
- Plus: Rust community generally very helpful





Section 2

Okay, let's get started

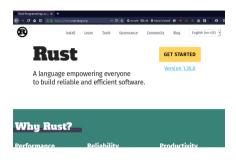
Let's get started

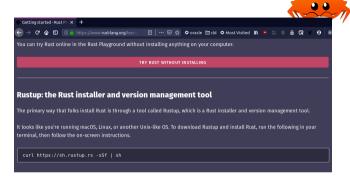


- ► fn keyword for functions
- ► Relatively similar to C/C++

```
fn main() {
  println!("Hello world");
}
```

Installing Rust





- lacktriangle Download from rust-lang.org ightarrow Get started
- ► Also: online editor: play.rust-lang.org
- Default settings in installer work well
- User installation works, no root needed
- ► Need build-essentials

Rust tooling



rustc

- ► The Rust compiler
- Normally not used directly

rustup

- Used to manage and update tool-chains
- Documentation and help with error handling

cargo

- Rust's build system
- Used to create projects
- Dependency management
- ► Compile your programs cargo build
- Run your programs cargo run

More in Rust book

Meet cargo



```
> which cargo
```

> which rustc

```
> cargo new hello_world
```

- > cd hello_world
- > ls -R
- . •

Cargo.toml src

./src:

- Creates an empty project
- Creates a git repository
- Two files
 - Cargo.toml: Dependency management and project info
 - main.rs: Main Rust file

Lets run it



cargo run

```
/tmp/hello_world - cargo run
Compiling hello_world v0.1.0 (/tmp/hello_world)
Finished dev [unoptimized + debuginfo] target(s) in 0.40s
Running `target/debug/hello_world`
Hello, world!
```

- ► That wasn't all too hard!
- ► Also:
 - cargo run --release
 - cargo build [--release]
 - Compiled binaries are in target/{release,debug}/{app}
 - Rust compiler uses clang



Section 3

Playtime

Playtime — recap



- Functions
- ► Error handling
- ► Variables, default: immutable
- ► Typed w/ inference

```
fn hello(s: String) {
   println!(s);
}

fn main() {
   let mut s = "Hello".to_string();
   s += " world";
   hello(s);
}
```



Section 4

Memory safety

Memory Safety



- Like Java:
 - Automatic memory dealloc
 - ► Checks index out of bound

Memory Safety



- Like Java:
 - Automatic memory dealloc
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- ▶ But: No garbage collection (GC) needed
 - ightharpoonup ightharpoonup No overhead from running GC

Memory Safety



- Like Java:
 - ► Automatic memory dealloc
 - Checks index out of bound
- ▶ But: No garbage collection (GC) needed
 - ightharpoonup No overhead from running GC
- ▶ Instead: ownership + borrow checker
- ▶ Sharing: wrap data in synchronization primitives, checked by compiler

Garbage collection: memory management in Java



Short review of garbage collected languages, here: Java Slides from: RustConf17

```
void main() {
    Vector name = ...;
    helper(name);
    helper(name);
}
```

```
void helper(Vector name) {
    ...
}
```



```
void main() {
   Vector name = ...;
helper(name);
helper(name);
}
```

```
void helper(Vector name) {
    ...
}
```





"Ownership" in Java

```
void main() {
   Vector name = ...;
helper(name);
helper(name);
}
```

```
void helper(Vector name) {
    ...
}
Take reference
    to Vector
```





"Ownership" in Java

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void main() {
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 Vector name = ...;
 helper(name);
 helper(name);
```

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void main() {
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void main() {
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```
void main() {
  Vector name = ...;
  helper(name);
  helper(name);
}
```

```
void helper(Vector name) {
  new Thread(...);
}
```



```
void main() {
  Vector name = ...;
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void helper(Vector name) {
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```

Ownership in Rust



Hold on tight: this is going to be a bit more tricky (but perhaps easier than GC).

Slides from: RustConf17





```
fn main() {
   let name = format!("...");
   helper(name);
   helper(name);
}
```

```
fn helper(name: String) {
  println!(..);
}
```



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fn main() {
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fn main() {
   let name = format!("...");
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fn helper(name: String) {
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}

Take ownership
   of a String
```





Ownership

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fn main() {
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  helper(name);
}
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Ownership

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fn main() {
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fn helper(name: String) {
  println!(..);
}
```







Ownership in Rust: Borrowing



What about references? Slides from: RustConf17



Borrowing: Shared Borrows

```
fn main() {
   let name = format!("...");
   let reference = &name;
   helper(reference);
   helper(reference);
}
```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
  println!(..);
}
```





```
fn main() {
   let name = format!("...");
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```
fn main() {
    let name = format!("...");
    let reference = &name;
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}

Lend the string,
    creating a reference
```







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Lend the string,
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Shared borrow



```
fn main() {
    let name = format!("...");
    let reference = &name;
    helper(reference);
    helper(reference);
}

Change type to a
reference to a String
```

creating a reference



Shared borrow



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fn main() {
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Lend the string,
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fn helper(name: &String) {
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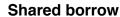


Shared borrow

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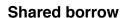
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}
```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
  println!(..);
}
```



```
fn helper(name: &String) {
   println!("{}", name);
}

fn helper(name: &String) {
   name.push('x');
}
```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
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fn helper(name: &String) {
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```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
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}

fn helper(name: &String) {
  name.push('x');
}

Error. Writes.
```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
  fn helper(name: &String) {
  name push('x'):
                              Error. Writes.
error: cannot borrow immutable borrowed content `*name
    as mutable
  name.push_str("s");
  ^^^
```

```
fn helper(name: &String) {
  fn helper(name: &String) {
  name push('x'):
                              Error. Writes.
error: cannot borrow immutable borrowed content `*name
    as mutable
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```

* Actually: mutation only in controlled circumstances.





Section 5

Thread safety

Thread safety



- ightharpoonup Sharing possible by means of reference, as with C/C++ and Java
- ► One writable reference to data only
- Or arbitrarily many read-only references



Section 6

A proper example: ORM + webserver

Setup dependencies

Diesel: ORM for Rust



- cargo install diesel_cli --no-default-features --features mysql
- echo DATABASE_URL="mysql://rustuser:\%23Code4Fun@130.61.92.85/"\
 "rustdemo" > .env
- diesel setup
- ▶ diesel print-schema

Where to go from here?



- ► Look at the Rust book
- ▶ Join meetup "Rust Zurich"