# Assignment 2: Simulation of a Mobile Communication System

The goal of this assignment is to help a phone company to test if their network meets the quality of service requirements (QoS) for dropped calls and blocked calls. Today the network consists of 20 base stations along a highway of 40km. The range of each base station is 2km and can hold up to 10 concurrent calls. If this setup isn´t enough to meet the QoS what changes to the network is needed to meet the requirements.

The limits defined as QoS:

* Percentage of blocked calls = 2.0%
* Percentage of dropped calls = 1.0%

## Model of the system

To simulate this a model of the problem was developed.

* State variables
  + Total calls: Total started calls in the system, including dropped calls
  + Dropped calls: Total calls dropped by full base station at handover.
  + Blocked calls: Total calls blocked by full basestations.
  + Ended calls: Total that ends without interruption.
* Events
  + Start call: A call is planned to start.
  + Handover: A call is planned to do a handover.
  + End call: A call will end.

Handle event:

Start call

* A call is started at a position on the highway, if the current base station covering this position dont have any free channels the call is blocked. If there is a free channel its allocated and the call is started. Next step is to plan the next event, if the call will end inside the current base station an end event is created. If the call will end outside, a handover event is created.

Handover

* Unallocate channel in current basestation. Next step is to plan the next event, if the call will end inside the next base station an end event is created. If the call will end outside, a handover event is created. But only if there is free channels in the next base station. Otherwise the call will be dropped.

End call

- Unallocate channel in the current base station.

## Input data modeling

• Use the data collections given to you to find the real underlying distributions of call initiation, call durations, car speeds, initiation position

• For each of the data collections: ◦ Make histograms of the data to determine the distribution to use

May be necessary to test with different interval widths

◦ Estimate the parameters for the chosen distribution(λ, μ, σ, etc.)

Does the distribution fit? Use the Chi-Square test to perform

goodness-of-fit test of the provided data and the chosen distribution

## Iplementation of model in Java

## Verification an Validation of model and implementation

• Change different parameters and see if the system works fine with other parameters.

• Make a stress-test to see if the system behaves as expected when the system is constrained. e.g. decrease inter-arrival-times!

## Output analysis

• Choose appropriate simulation length

• Make analysis of the necessary warm-up period

• Simulate the system an adequate number of times (number of replications) and take the mean

• Calculate confidence interval for the obtained results

• Use results to suggest solutions to the problem