

COMP2201 – Discrete Mathematics Counting

Question 1

There are four bus lines between A and B ; and three bus lines between B and C . In how many ways can a man travel :

- a) by bus from A to C by way of B ?

$$= 4 \times 3 = 12$$
OR

$$= {}_4P_1 \times {}_3P_1 = 4 \times 3 = 12$$
- b) round-trip by bus from A to C by way of B ?

$$= 12 \times 12 = 144$$
- c) round-trip by bus from A to C by way of B , if he does not want to use a bus line more than once?

$$= 12 \times (3-1) \times (4-1) = 72$$

Question 2

Suppose repetitions are not permitted

- a) How many three-digit numbers can be formed from the six digits 2,3,5,6,7 and 9?

$$= 6 \times 5 \times 4 \text{ or } {}_6P_3 = 120$$
- b) How many of these numbers are less than 400?

$$= 2 \times 5 \times 4 = 40$$
- c) How many are even?

$$= 5 \times 4 \times 2 = 40$$

Question 3

Find the number of ways that a party of seven persons can arrange themselves :

- a) In a row of seven chairs

$$= 7! = 5040$$
- b) around a circular table

$$= (7-1)! = 720$$

Question 4

Find the number of distinct permutations that can be formed from all the letters of each word :

- a) RADAR

$$= \frac{n!}{(n_1! \times n_2! \times \dots \times n_t!)} = \frac{5!}{(2! \times 2! \times 1!)} = 30$$
- b) UNUSUAL

$$= \frac{n!}{(n_1! \times n_2! \times \dots \times n_t!)} = \frac{7!}{(3! \times 1! \times 1! \times 1! \times 1!)} = 840$$

Question 5

In how many ways can four mathematics books, three history books, three chemistry books, and two sociology books be arranged on a shelf so that all books of the same subject are together?

$$= 4 \times 3 \times 2 \times 1 = 24$$

Question 6

A bag contains six white marbles and five red marbles. Find the number of ways four marbles can be drawn from the bag if

a) they can be any colour

Assuming Distinct

$$= {}_{11}C_4 = 11! / [4! \times (11 - 4)!] = 330$$

or (but much longer)

$$\begin{aligned} &= {}_6C_4 + {}_6C_3 \times {}_5C_1 + {}_6C_2 \times {}_5C_2 + {}_6C_1 \times {}_5C_3 + {}_5C_4 \\ &= 15 + 100 + 150 + 60 + 5 = 330 \end{aligned}$$

b) two must be white and two red

$$= {}_6C_2 \times {}_5C_2 = 15 \times 10 = 150$$

c) they must all be of the same colour

$$= {}_6C_4 + {}_5C_4 = 15 + 5 = 20$$

Question 7

How many committees of five with a given chairperson can be selected from 12 persons?

Assuming that Chairperson is INCLUDED in the 12 persons

$$= {}_{11}C_4 = 11! / [4! \times (11 - 4)!] = 330$$

Assuming that Chairperson is NOT INCLUDED in the 12 persons

$$= {}_{12}C_4 = 12! / [4! \times (12 - 4)!] = 495$$

Question 8

In how many ways can nine students be partitioned into three teams containing four, three and two students, respectively?

$$= {}_9C_4 \times {}_5C_3 \times {}_2C_2 = 126 \times 10 \times 1 = 1260$$

OR

$$= n! / (n_1! \times n_2! \times \dots \times n_t!) = 9! / (4! \times 3! \times 2!) = 1260$$

Question 9

There are 12 students in a class. In how many ways can the 12 students take four different tests if three students are to take each test?

$$= {}_{12}C_3 \times {}_9C_3 \times {}_6C_3 \times {}_3C_3 = 220 \times 84 \times 20 \times 1 = 369600$$

OR

$$= n! / (n_1! \times n_2! \times \dots \times n_t!) = 12! / (3! \times 3! \times 3! \times 3!) = 369600$$

Question 10

In how many ways can 12 students be partitioned into four teams so that each team contains three students?

$$= n! / (n_1! \times n_2! \times \dots \times n_t!) = 12! / 3!^4 = 369600$$