CS6650 Project 2

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GitHub Repository:

Server - https://github.com/stefanisindarto/Twinder2 Server

Consumers - https://github.com/stefanisindarto/Twinder2 Consumers

Client - https://github.com/stefanisindarto/Twinder

Result 1 (No Load Balancer)

Time elapsed: 134.619

Successful requests: 100000

Unsuccessful requests: 0

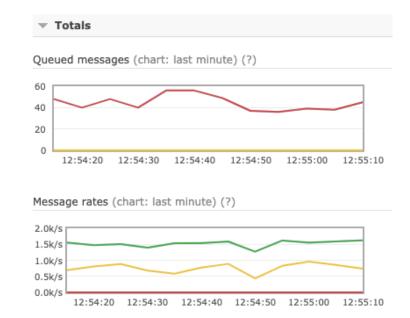
Throughput: 742.8371923725477

Mean: 26.593149999999525ms

Median: 25.0ms

P99: 55.0ms Min: 15.0ms Max: 649.0ms

Overview



Result 2 (Load Balancer)

Time elapsed: 94.773

Successful requests: 50001

Unsuccessful requests: 49999

Throughput: 1055.1528388887132

Mean: 29.27937000001002ms

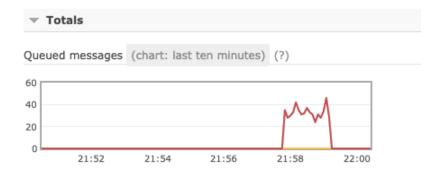
Median: 27.0ms

P99: 71.0ms

Min: 16.0ms

Max: 1103.0ms

Overview



Message rates (chart: last ten minutes) (?)



Design

3 separate projects are created for the purpose of this assignment as listed below:

- Twinder_Client (From previous assignment)
- Twinder_Server (Updated from the previous assignment)
- Twinder Consumer (Consists of 2 main java classes Consumer1 & Consumer2)

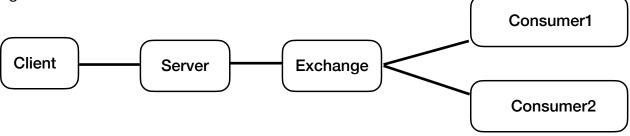
High Level Design

The Twinder_Client project contains of Multithreaded class which create random body and send requests to the server(Twinder server).

In the server/producer class, the url and the body sent from the client is validated before it is published to a RabbitMQ exchange to be consumed by the consumers. The server class initiate an exchange which is used to fanout the messages to the consumer queues in the doPost method.

The Twinder_Consumer project contains a Swipe class and two consumer classes(Consumer1 and Consumer2). Each consumer class will bind the exchange to their respective queues and will consume the message to be converted as a Swipe object before processing the object into their respective hashmaps.

Consumer 1 owns a hashmap which stores the user id/swiper as the key and takes in a list of 2 integers. The list represents the count of like and dislike for each swiper. Consumer 2 owns another hashmap which stores the user id/swiper as the key and takes in a list of the swipees' id which the swiper swiped right on.



Classes

Class SwipeApiMultiThread:

main(String[] args)

When the program starts, the main function initiates the threads creation (creation of SwipeApiMultiThread object/thread) and execution. The main function also keeps track of the overall start and end time of the whole programs and calculates the time elapsed, number of successful & unsuccessful request and the throughput of the whole program.

Void run()

Run function builds a random request body and left or right parameter, then calls the makeRequest function to the server. It increments the number of successful and unsuccessful requests.

makeRequest(SwipeDetails body, String leftOrRight)

The function calls the apilnstance.swipeWithHttpInfo(body, leftOrRight) and returns true if the request is successful. If request is unsuccessful, the function will recursively retry 5 times before counting the request as unsuccessful.

isSuccessful(int statusCode)

Returns true if the status code is either 200 or 201

randomComment(Integer length)

Returns a random string of a given length

randomNum(Integer range)

Returns a random number within a given range

randomLeftRight(Integer randomNum)

Returns "left" if the randomNum value is even, otherwise returns "right".

SwipeApiMultithread(int threadNum, CountDownLatch completed)

Constructor of the SwipeApiMultithread instance. When called, it creates a new ApiClient instance and the SwipeApi instance and set the base path to call the server.

· Class Consumer 1 & 2:

isLeft(String left right)

This is a helper function which returns true if the user/swiper swipes left indicating that the swiper and the swipee does not match. If the user/swiper swipes right, it returns false which indicates that the swiper and the swipee match.

· Server Class:

Added RabbitMQ dependency

init()

initiate the connection to RabbitMQ, ConnectionFactory and set up the ChannelPool

doPost(HttpServletRequest req, HttpServletResponse res)

This function validates the url and the body sent by the client. Once validated, a channel is borrowed from the pool, an exchange is declared, and then the message is sent to the exchange to be consumed by the consumers.