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# RideSOS

Mobile Devices Programming

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**RideSOS was born from the desire to help  
people in case of motorcycle/bicycle accidents,  
monitoring them to detect potential crashes,  
and therefore providing instant support.**





# User Requirements

## Functional

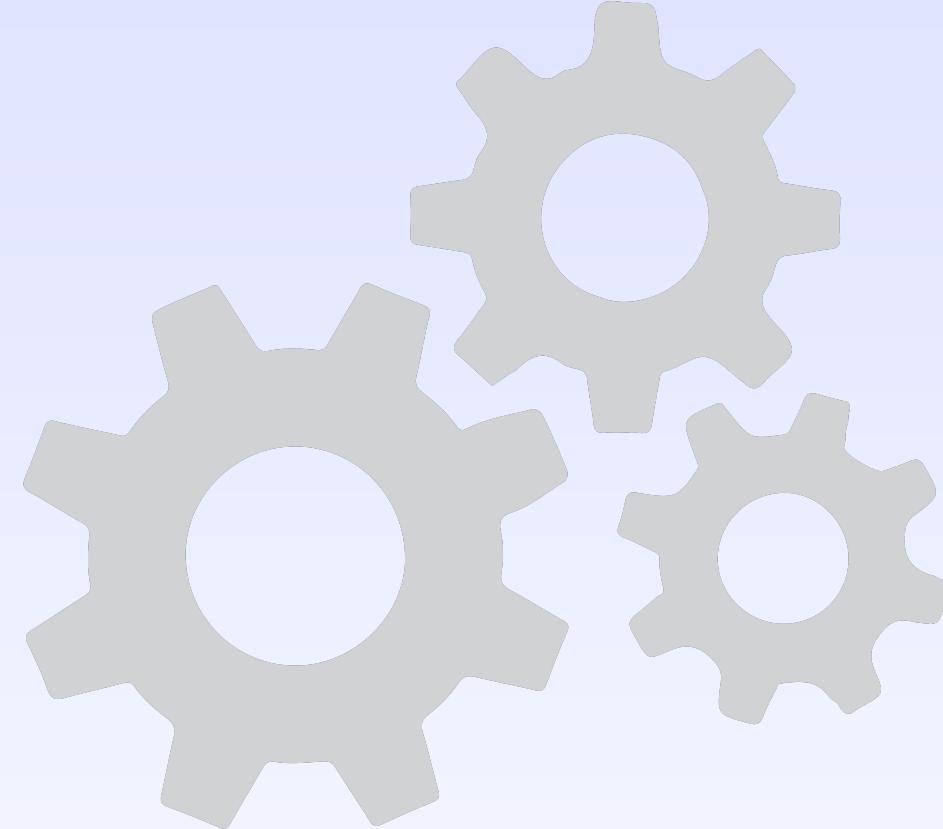
- Crash Detection and Emergency Response
- Background Operation
- Nearby Hospital Information
- Profile Setup and Personalization
- User-Friendly & Accessible Interface

## Non-Functional

- High Reliability and Accuracy
- Offline Functionality



# Main Features



## Sensors

App uses the following sensors:

- **Accelerometer:** for crash detection
- **GPS:** use of the location to create the emergency MQTT message.

## Accessibility

- Starting a new ride displays an icon in the notification bar, reassuring users that RideSOS is actively monitoring their journey.
- Simple interface, clear navigation and large, easy-to-read text, buttons and sounds.

## Internet Functionality

The app downloads the official Madrid Hospital List in JSON format parsing it.

## MQTT

- **Publish** - During a crash, if the user needs help, app will publish a MQTT message containing his info and location
- **Subscribe** - When an ambulance has started moving towards the user, app will receive a MQTT message.



# App Design

The whole design revolves around a bottom navigation bar-based layout, where three main features are accessible everytime:

- Home (1 activity)
- Hospital (1 activity)
- Profile (1+2 activities)

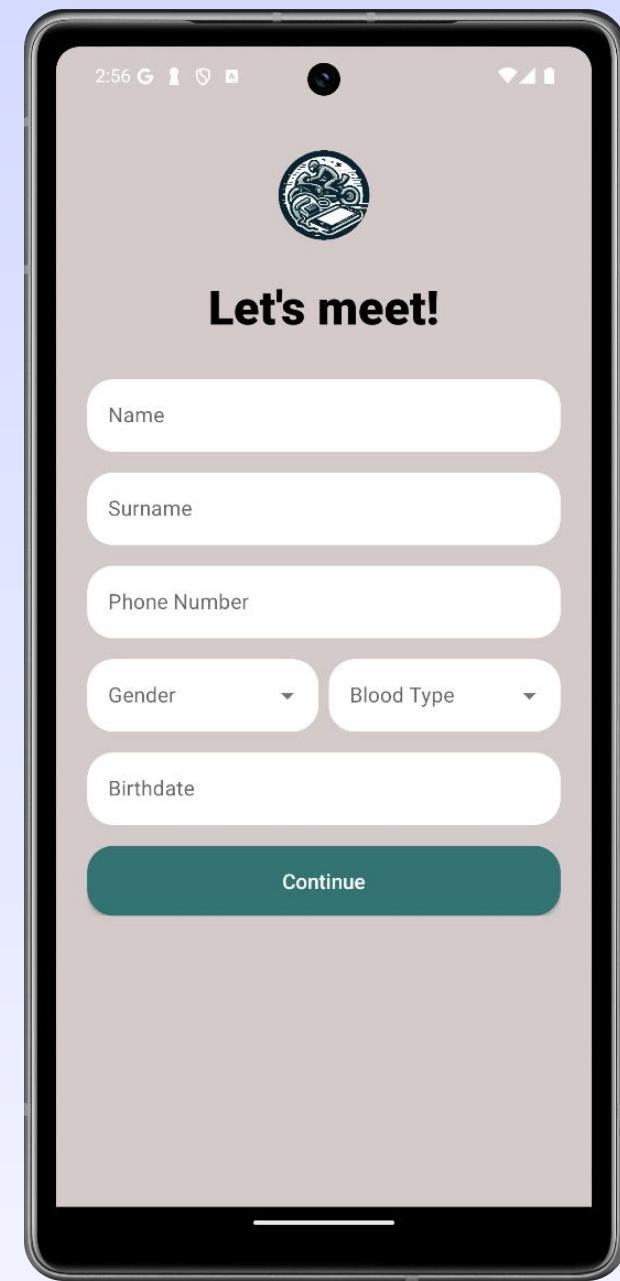
But the application has also other activities:

- First-Time Signup (2 activities)
- Crash Pop-Up (2 activities)



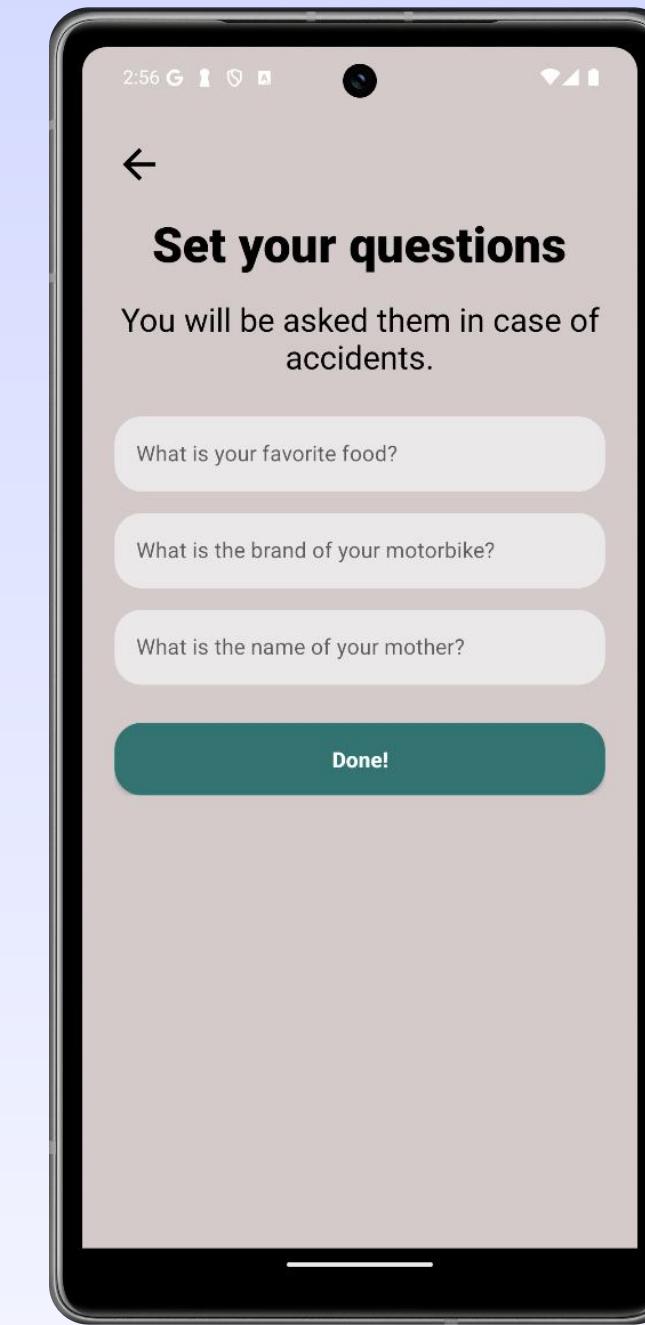


# First-time Signup



## Default

First time signup activity, where you will be asked to insert some personal informations. Every personal data will be stored in the app thanks to the *Shared Preference*.

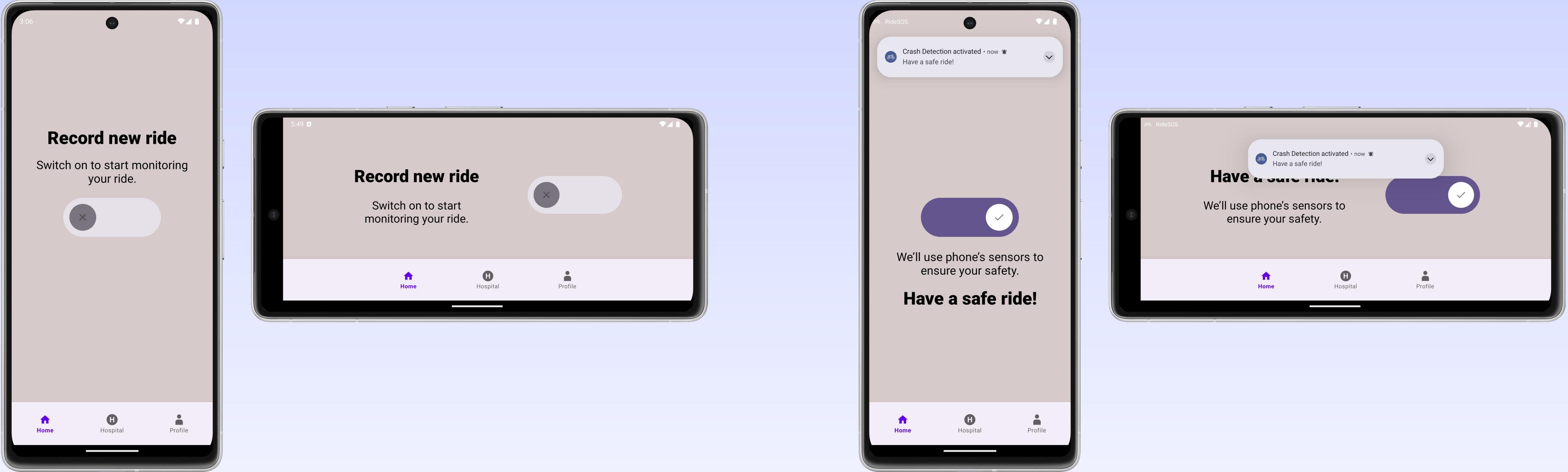


## Set Safety Answers

You can set the answers to a set of predefined safety questions.



# Home



## Switch Off

Sensor's tracking disabled: app will not be able to detect a crash.

## Switch On

Sensor's tracking enabled: app will detect a crash.



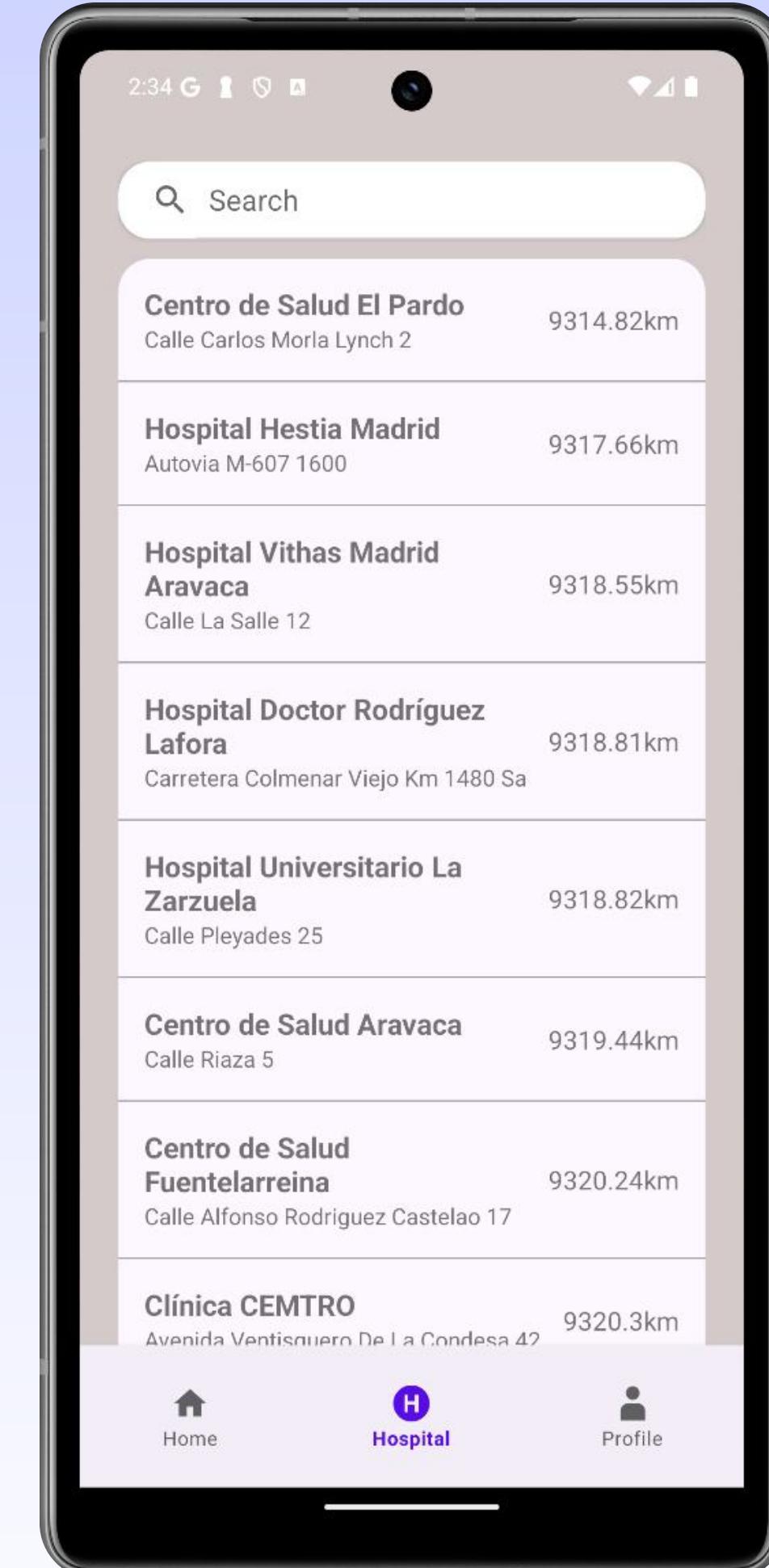
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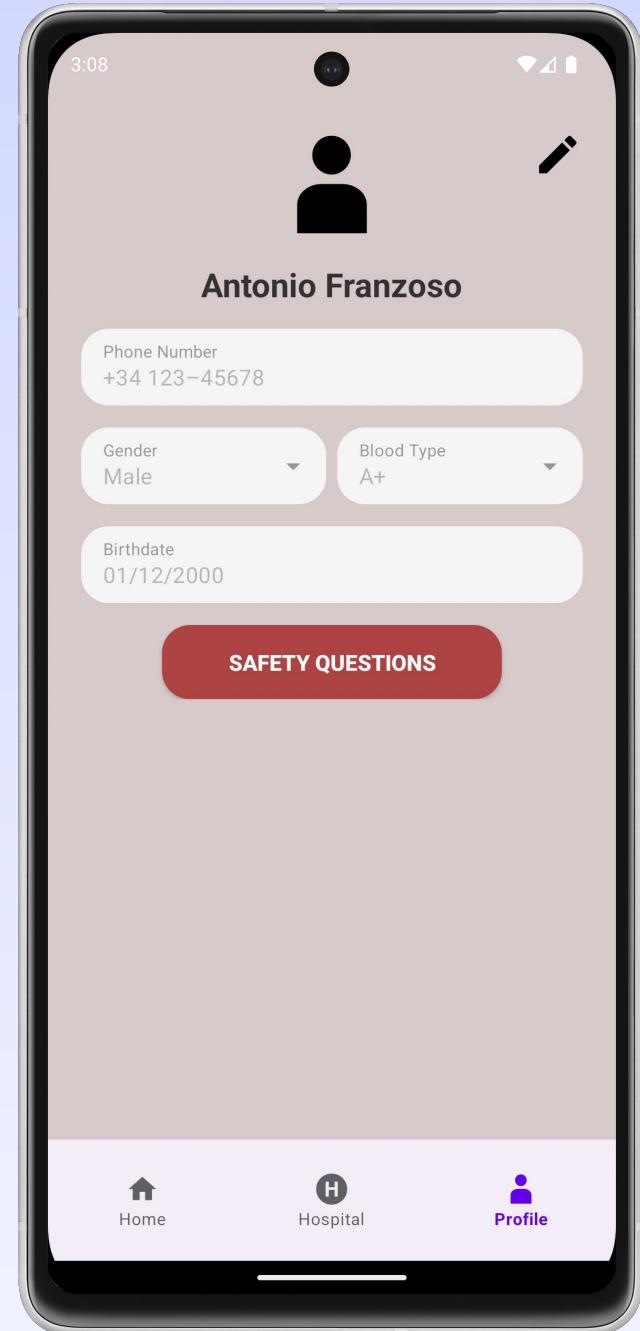
# Hospitals

Show hospitals, sorting them based on distance to user's current location.  
Clicking them will redirect you to the hospital's website.



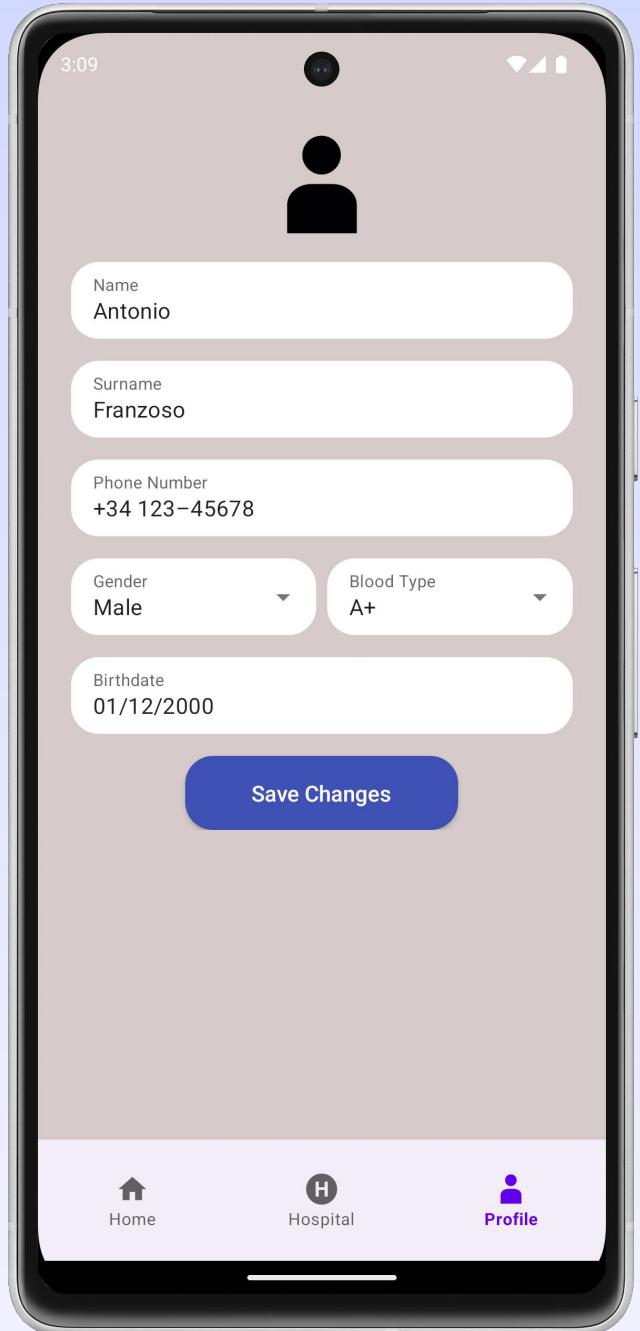


# Profile



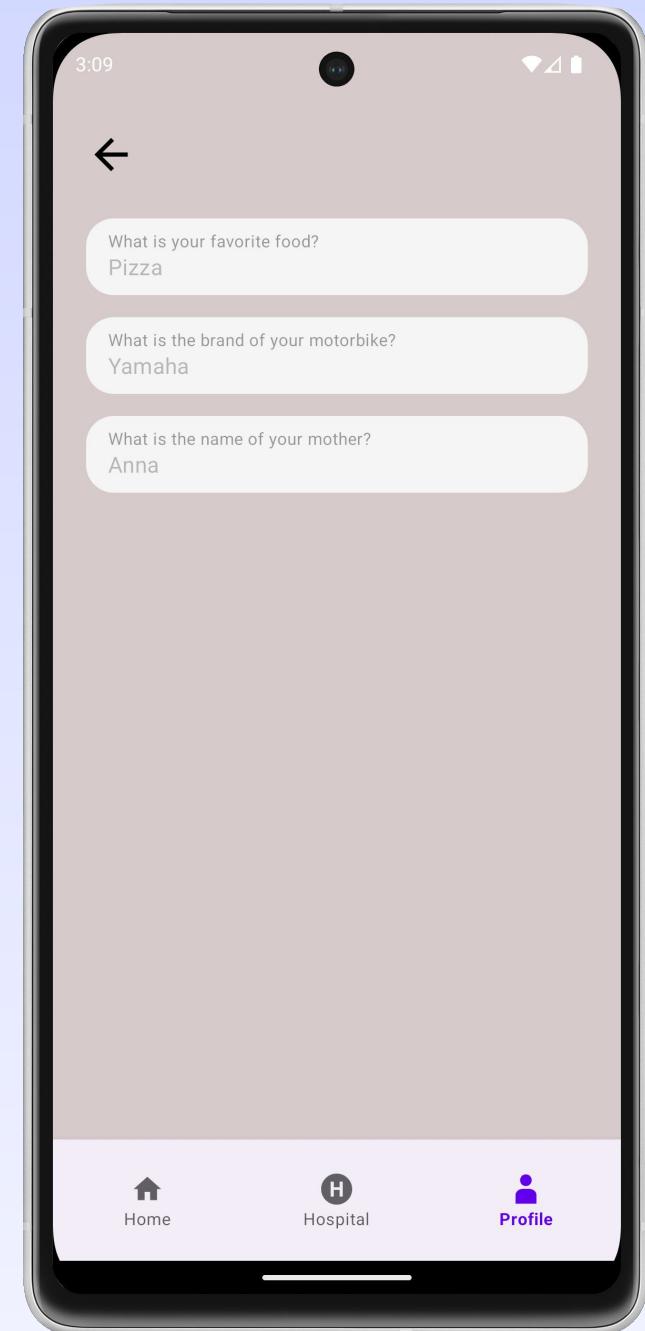
## Default

To check your profile informations, allowing you to edit them and to review your safety questions.



## Edit Profile

This activity allows you to edit your personal informations and save them.

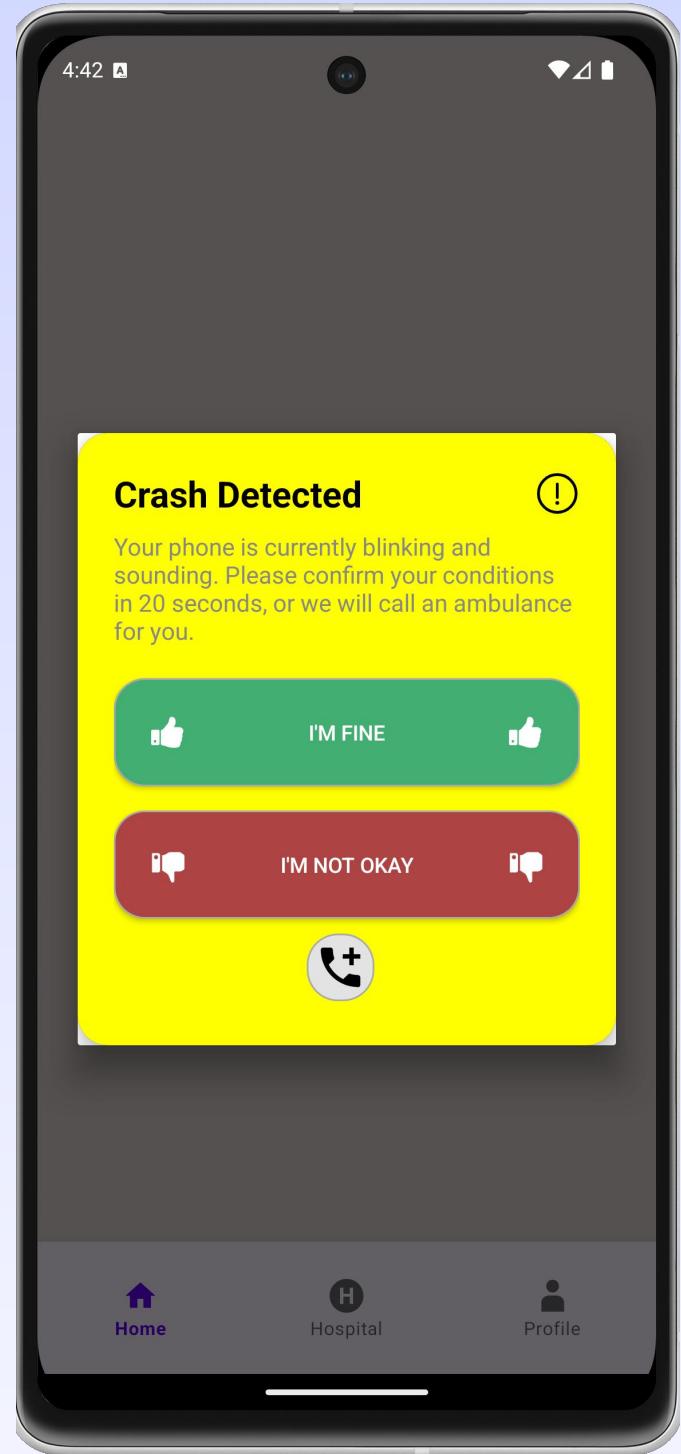


## Safety Questions

To check your previously defined safety questions and answers.

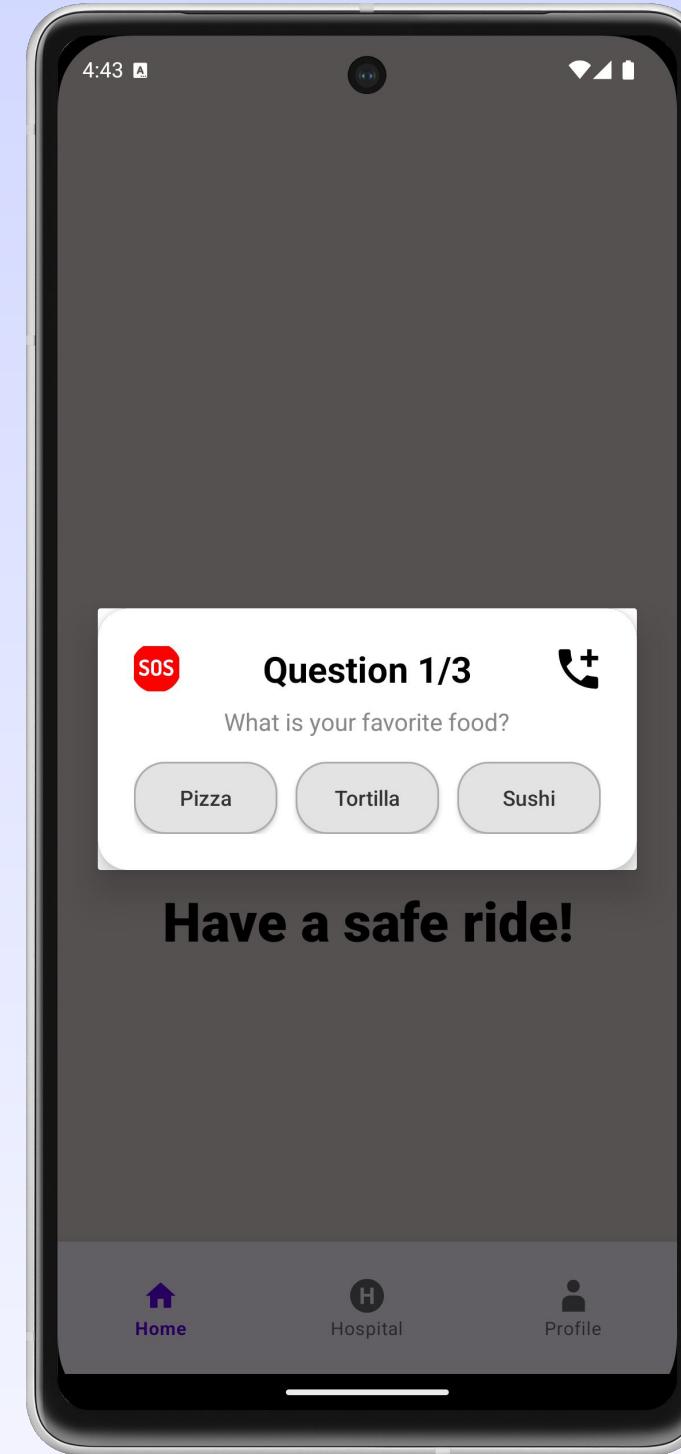


# Crash Pop-Up



## Crash Pop-Up

Will appear when app has detected a crashing: the app will automatically wake up and lock the phone to show the alarm popup window that will start changing color every second, emitting sounds and flashing camera light.



## Questions Pop-Up

If after a crash the user select that he is fine, this popup will appear and will ask him to select the correct option to make sure he didn't lose consciousness.



# Crash Detection Algorithm

If Home's switch is active, app will continuously reads accelerometer values every 500ms thanks to an Accelerometer Service running in a background thread that has the maximum level of importance hierarchy. For this reason, it works also when the phone is locked.

The algorithm works as follows:

- Calculate acceleration magintude:
  - $\sqrt{x^2 + y^2 + z^2}$
- Compares current and previous magnitudes against defined thresholds.
- Triggers alerts for quick emergency responses.

```
private void readAccelerometerData() { 1usage
    readingSensorThread = new Thread(() -> {
        boolean isInterrupted = false;
        Log.d(TAG, msg: "Reading accelerometer data");

        while (!isInterrupted) {
            try {
                float[] values = accelerometerSensor.getAccelerometerValues();

                if (detectCrash(values, lastMagnitude)) {
                    Log.d(TAG, msg: "Crash detected!");
                    onCrashDetected();
                }

                lastMagnitude = calculateMagnitude(values);

                Thread.sleep(SENSOR_DELAY_MS);
            } catch (InterruptedException e) {
                isInterrupted = true;
            }
        }
        // Launch the thread
        readingSensorThread.start();
    });
}
```

```
private boolean detectCrash(float[] values, float lastMagnitude) { 1usage

    float currentMagnitude = calculateMagnitude(values);

    if (lastMagnitude > CRASH_THRESHOLD && currentMagnitude < BRAKING_THRESHOLD) {
        return true; // Sudden deceleration detected
    }

    return false;
}
```



# MQTT-Based Emergency System

Automatically connects users in accidents with hospitals using MQTT. When accidents occurs and user's needs help, workflow is the following:

- **App as Publisher:**

- sends an MQTT message to the topic "hospital/emergencies" that includes user profile and accident location. Displays notification on user's phone.

- **Hospital Server Simulation:**

- Python script subscribes to "hospital/emergencies". After 10 seconds, publishes a response on "hospital/dispatch".

- **App as Subscriber:**

- Receives MQTT confirmation message. Displays notification on user's phone.

```
from time import sleep

import paho.mqtt.client as mqtt

BROKER = "localhost"
SUBSCRIBE_TOPIC = "hospital/emergencies"
PUBLISH_TOPIC = "hospital/dispatch"

def on_connect(client, userdata, flags, rc):
    if rc == 0:
        print("Connected to MQTT Broker!")
    else:
        print("Failed to connect, return code %d\n", rc)

def on_message(client, userdata, msg):
    print(msg.payload)
    sleep(10)

    client.publish(PUBLISH_TOPIC, "Ambulance is on its way!", qos=2)

client = mqtt.Client()
client.on_message = on_message
client.on_connect = on_connect
client.connect(BROKER, 1883)
client.subscribe(SUBSCRIBE_TOPIC)
client.loop_forever()
```



## Future Enhancements

- Improved crash detector algorithm
- Enhanced Database Management
- Text-To-Speech for emergency call
- Integration with wearable devices
- MQTT Improvement



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# Now it's demo time!

We hope you'll like it!

