

The effect of lexical frequency on vowel phonation as a correlate of /t/-glottaling

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Background

Background

/t/-glottaling

- /t/ is substituted by [?]: $cat = [k^h ce?]$
- o A complex phenomenon (Penney et al. 2018)
- Manchester English (Baranowski et al. 2016, Bermúdez-Otero et al. 2016)
 - /?/-substitution towards completion
 - High-frequency words are ahead but change at the same rate as low-frequency words
 - Support for abstract storage of lexical forms

Background

- **Exemplar Theory** (Pierrehumbert 2001, Bybee 2004)
 - Representations as <u>clouds of exemplars with rich phonetic detail</u>
 - Lexical <u>frequency</u> effects

Prediction

• High-frequency words are more exposed to phonetic bias and thus more affected

Vowels of high-frequency words are more glottalised than

vowels of low-frequency words



Methods

Methods: stimuli

- Subtlex-UK (Van Heuven et al. 2014)
- Monosyllabic minimal pairs ending in /t/ and /k/
 - Controlling for vowels: /œ/, /1/, /ɔː/ and /ʌ/
 - o 32 words
 - o log-frequency between 3.5–5.5
- Say X again (sentence medial), The word is X (sentence final)

Methods: participants

2 male participants from Manchester ...

... were asked to glottalise **throughout** the experiment

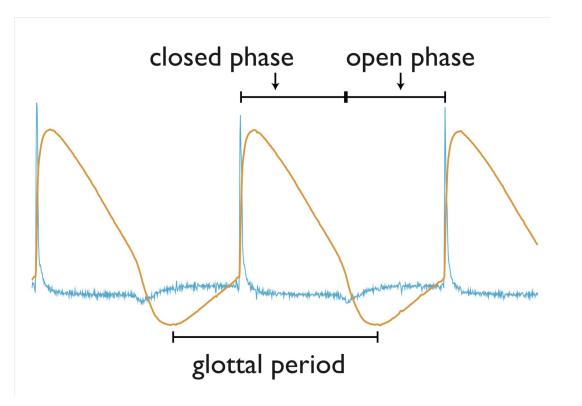
Not considered a bias

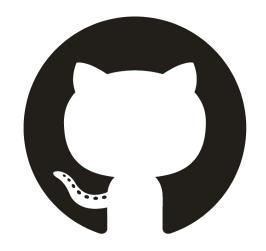
Methods: procedure

- Stimuli presented in **PsychoPy** (Peirce 2009)
- 32 words × 2 sentences × 3 repetitions randomised order
- Simultaneous electroglottographic (EGG, Fabre 1957, Herbst 2014) and acoustic data collection
- Generalised Additive Mixed models (Wood 2006, Sóskuthy 2017)

Methods: procedure

Contact Quotient (CQ) = ratio of closed phase relative to glottal period.





The research compendium of this study (data + code)

is available on GitHub at

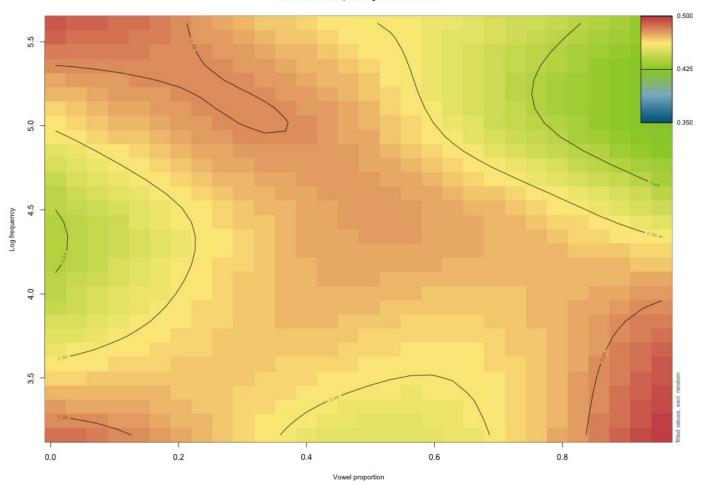
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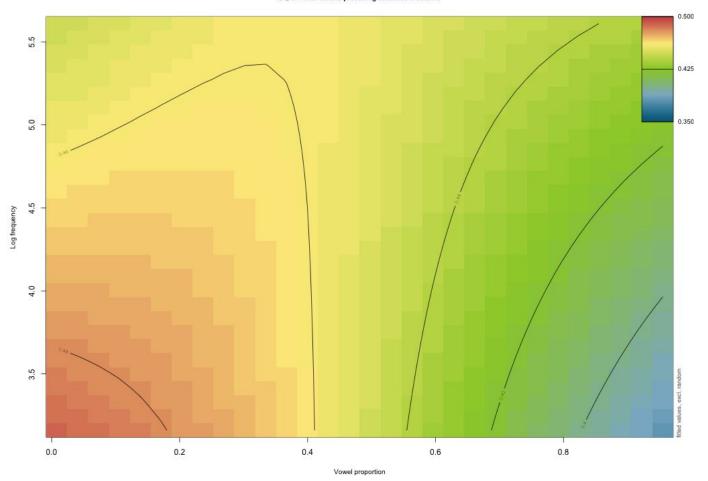


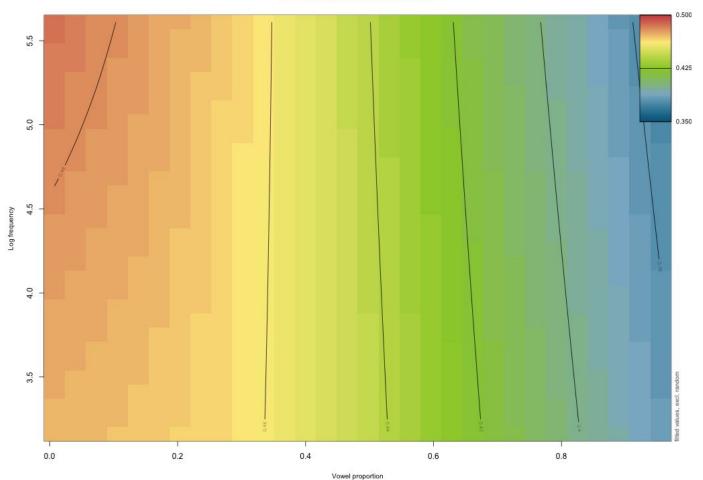
Results

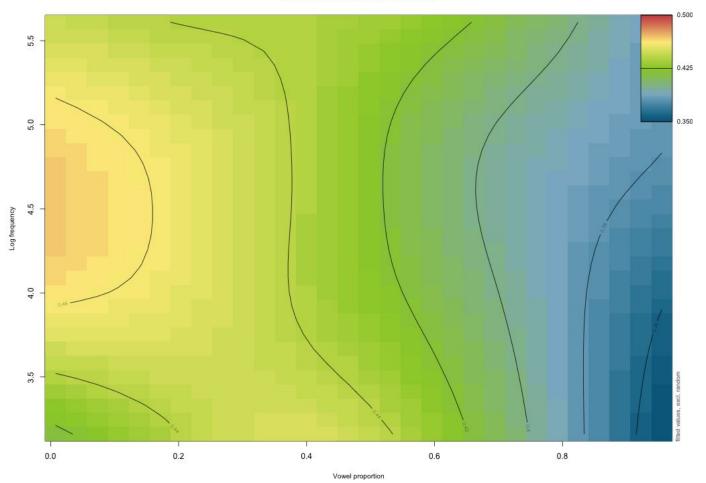
Our simple prediction is not born out.

Instead, there is a complex relationship between lexical frequency and context.











Discussion

Consequences for Manchester /t/-glottaling

- if change is at **completion**, sentence-final glottal spreading
 - sentence-final /t/-words have lower CQ than sentence-medial /t/-words (more spreading)
 - sentence-final high frequency /t/-words have lower CQ than low frequency /t/-words

Consequences for Manchester /t/-glottaling

- if change is **not completed**, maybe low frequency words lead (Hay et al. 2015)
 - sentence-medial low frequency /t/-words have a higher and increasing CQ (more glottalisation)
 - sentence-final low frequency /t/-words have later decrease of CQ (more glottalisation)
- glottalisation from voiceless codas in American English (Garellek 2011)
 - more confusable words have more glottalisation

Consequences for glottalisation

creaky voice

- +sg and +cg are compatible (non-constricted creaky voice, Keating et al. 2015)
- creaky voice as tense vocal folds?

gestural timing and competition

- sentence-final spreading and low frequency
- tense folds are compatible with spreading, but hinder it

Open issues

- Issues with CQ
 - imperfect approximation (Coretta 2018a, Coretta 2018b)
 - o not a good measure of glottalisation
- Disentangle online processing from diachrony
- /k/-words, more speakers

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Questions