

Implementing reproducibility in phonetic research: a computational workflow

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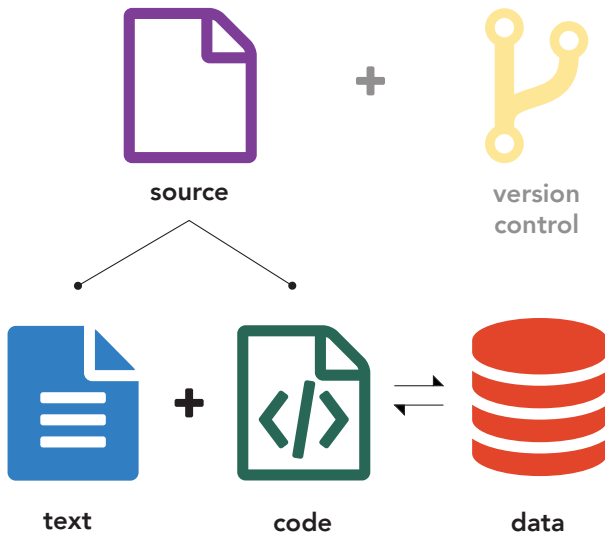
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Reproducible research

computational environment +
steps to reproduce the results +
results =

Reproducible Research

Reproducible research



Why should we care?

The **problem** (Sandve et al. 2013):

- difficulty of reproduction
- difficulty of replication
- retracted papers (<http://retractionwatch.com>)

The “Yokuts vowels” case (Weigel 2002):

- about **75%** of the data is contrived (Weigel 2005:149)
- some of the generalisations are **wrong** (Blevins 2004)

The **solution**:

- **Reproducible Research** (RR)

Reproducible Research in linguistics

- **linked data** (Bird & Simons 2003, Thieberger 2004)
- **computational grammar** (Maxwell & Amith 2005)
- RR in the Speech Sciences (Abari 2012)
 - lack of scientific culture
 - inefficiency of infrastructure

The workflow of phonetic research

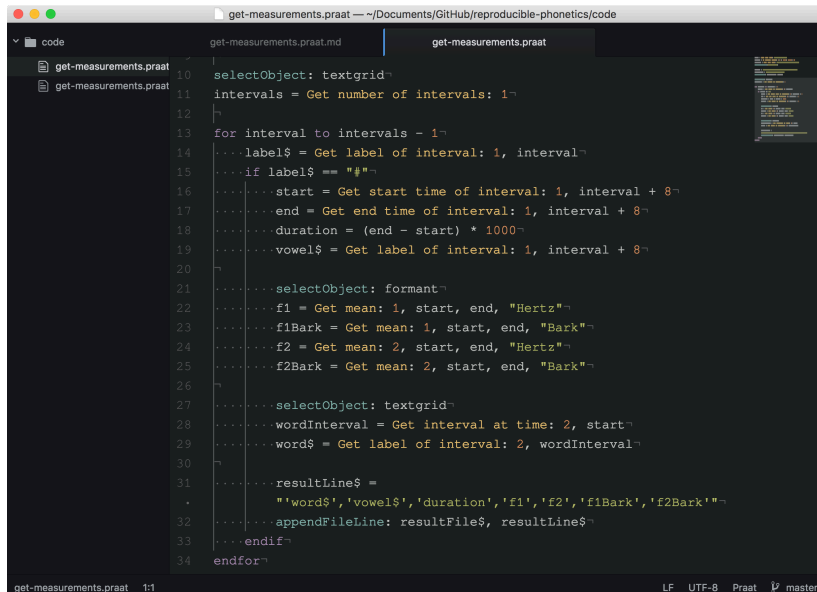
- **Phase A:** scripting (Praat)
- **Phase B:** results and analysis
- **Phase C:** dissemination

Phase A: source code and documentation

Praat scripting:

- Atom editor (<https://atom.io>)
 - syntax highlighting
 - snippets
- Literate Markdown
 - tangle: lmt (<https://github.com/driusan/lmt>)
 - weaving: pandoc (<http://pandoc.org>)

Atom



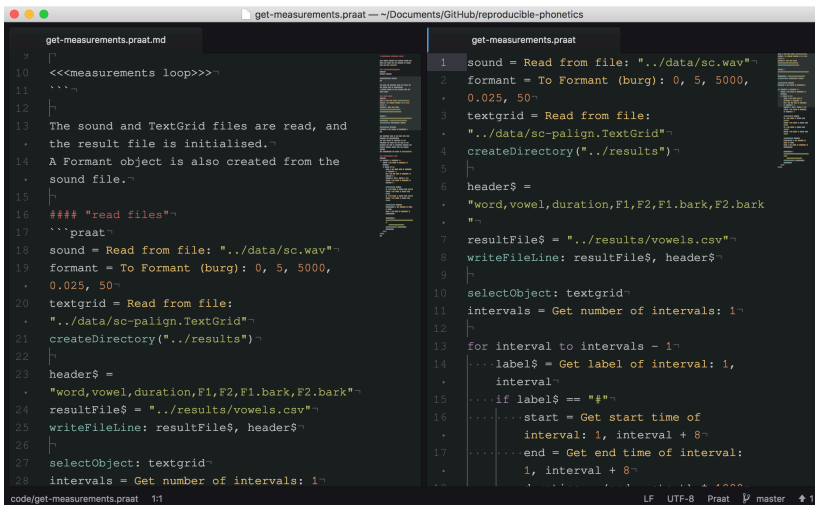
The screenshot shows the Atom text editor interface. The title bar indicates the file path: `get-measurements.praat — ~/Documents/GitHub/reproducible-phonetics/code`. The left sidebar shows a file explorer with a folder named `code` containing two files, both named `get-measurements.praat`. The main editor area displays the content of the selected file, which is a Praat script. The script is written in a dark theme with syntax highlighting. It defines a function `selectObject: textgrid` that iterates over intervals of a text grid, extracting phonetic data such as labels, start/end times, and formant frequencies (F1, F2) for vowels and barks. The script uses `Get` and `mean` functions to retrieve data from the text grid and `appendFileLine` to write the results to a file. The script is enclosed in a `selectObject: textgrid` block, indicating it is a sub-function or a specific action within a larger Praat workflow.

```
get-measurements.praat
10 selectObject: textgrid
11 intervals = Get number of intervals: 1
12
13 for interval to intervals - 1
14   ...label$ = Get label of interval: 1, interval
15   ...if label$ == "#"
16     ...start = Get start time of interval: 1, interval + 8
17     ...end = Get end time of interval: 1, interval + 8
18     ...duration = (end - start) * 1000
19     ...vowel$ = Get label of interval: 1, interval + 8
20
21     ...selectObject: formant
22     ...f1 = Get mean: 1, start, end, "Hertz"
23     ...f1Bark = Get mean: 1, start, end, "Bark"
24     ...f2 = Get mean: 2, start, end, "Hertz"
25     ...f2Bark = Get mean: 2, start, end, "Bark"
26
27     ...selectObject: textgrid
28     ...wordInterval = Get interval at time: 2, start
29     ...word$ = Get label of interval: 2, wordInterval
30
31     ...resultLine$ =
32       "word$', 'vowel$', 'duration', 'f1', 'f2', 'f1Bark', 'f2Bark'"
33   ...appendFileLine: resultFile$, resultLine$
34   ...endif
35 endfor
```

get-measurements.praat 1:1

LF UTF-8 Praat master

lmt (iterate markdown tangler)

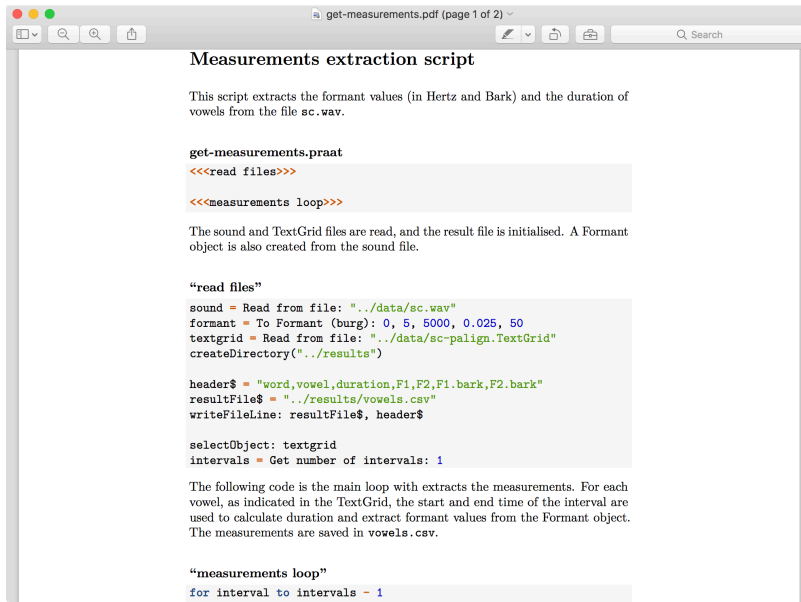


```
get-measurements.praat.md
10 <<<measurements loop>>>
11 ...
12 |
13 The sound and TextGrid files are read, and
  the result file is initialised.
14 A Formant object is also created from the
  sound file.
15 |
16 #### "read files"
17 ```praat
18 sound = Read from file: "../data/sc.wav"
19 formant = To Formant (burg): 0, 5, 5000,
  0.025, 50
20 textgrid = Read from file:
  "../data/sc-align.TextGrid"
21 createDirectory("../results")
22 |
23 header$ =
  "word,vowel,duration,F1,F2,F1.bark,F2.bark"
24 resultFile$ = "../results/vowels.csv"
25 writeFileLine: resultFile$, header$
26 |
27 selectObject: textgrid
28 intervals = Get number of intervals: 1
```

```
get-measurements.praat
1 sound = Read from file: "../data/sc.wav"
2 formant = To Formant (burg): 0, 5, 5000,
  0.025, 50
3 textgrid = Read from file:
  "../data/sc-align.TextGrid"
4 createDirectory("../results")
5 |
6 header$ =
  "word,vowel,duration,F1,F2,F1.bark,F2.bark"
  ""
7 resultFile$ = "../results/vowels.csv"
8 writeFileLine: resultFile$, header$
9 |
10 selectObject: textgrid
11 intervals = Get number of intervals: 1
12 |
13 for interval to intervals - 1
14 ...label$ = Get label of interval: 1,
  interval
15 ...if label$ == "#"
16 ...start = Get start time of
  interval: 1, interval + 8
17 ...end = Get end time of interval:
  1, interval + 8
```

code/get-measurements.praat 1:1 LF UTF-8 Praat master ↗ 1

pandoc (universal document converter)



The screenshot shows a PDF viewer window titled "get-measurements.pdf (page 1 of 2)". The document content is as follows:

Measurements extraction script

This script extracts the formant values (in Hertz and Bark) and the duration of vowels from the file `sc.wav`.

get-measurements.praat

```
<<<read files>>>

<<<measurements loop>>>
```

The sound and TextGrid files are read, and the result file is initialised. A Formant object is also created from the sound file.

“read files”

```
sound = Read from file: "../data/sc.wav"
formant = To Formant (burg): 0, 5, 5000, 0.025, 50
textgrid = Read from file: "../data/sc-align.TextGrid"
createDirectory("../results")

header$ = "word,vowel,duration,F1,F2,F1.bark,F2.bark"
resultFile$ = "../results/vowels.csv"
writeFileLine: resultFile$, header$

selectObject: textgrid
intervals = Get number of intervals: 1
```

The following code is the main loop with extracts the measurements. For each vowel, as indicated in the TextGrid, the start and end time of the interval are used to calculate duration and extract formant values from the Formant object. The measurements are saved in `vowels.csv`.

“measurements loop”

```
for interval to intervals - 1
```

Phase B: the speakr package

speakr is an R package to aid Praat users (under development):

- aim: tangle and run Praat scripts from within R
- two main functions
 - `lmt()`: tangle a Praat script
 - `praatRun()`: run a Praat script

Phase B: the speakr package

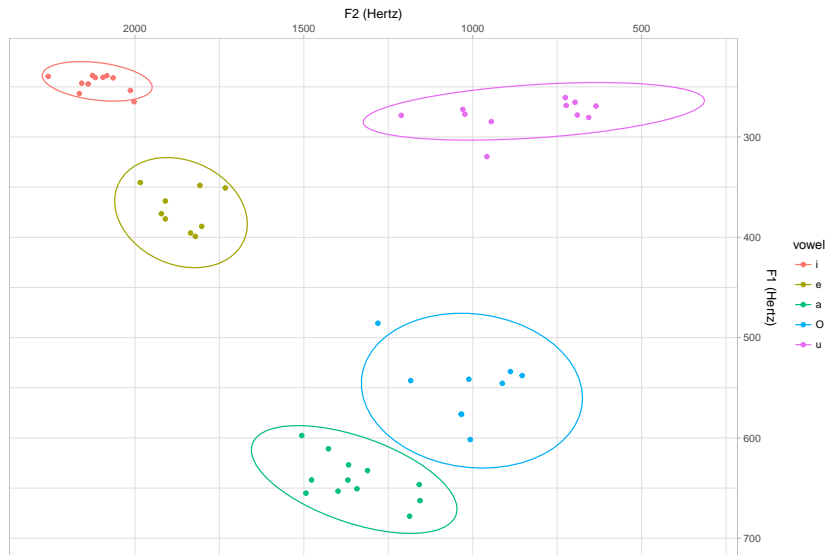
```
# Tangle a Praat script
lmt("code/get-measurements.praat.md")

# Run the script
praatRun("code/get-measurements.praat")

# Read the results of the script
vowels <- read_csv("results/vowels.csv") %>%
  mutate_if(is.character, as.factor) %>%
  mutate(vowel = factor(vowel, c("i", "e", "a",
                                "O", "u")))
```

Phase B: the speakr package

Vowel plot of one speaker of Italian



Phase C: dissemination

- knitr (Xie 2014)
 - dynamic reports
 - reproducible documents
- GitHub (<https://github.com>)
 - versioning system (git)
 - online repository
- Open Science Framework (<https://osf.io>)
 - online repository (for data)

Summary

- code, data, results = RR
- RR in linguistics
- computational workflow for phonetic RR
- this presentation (along with source code and data) is available at <https://github.com/stefanocoretta/reproducible-phonetics>

References I

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- Xie, Yihui. 2014. knitr: A comprehensive tool for reproducible research in R. In Victoria Stodden, Friedrich Leisch & Roger D. Peng (eds.), *Implementing reproducible computational research*, Chapman and Hall: CRC.