

AAA spline data tidying and plotting

Stefano Coretta

April 16, 2017

1 Data import

Before importing the data, we need to specify the column names for the data set header, since the raw data does not have a header. The number of splines `num.splines` can be changed; the default is 42. `columns` is a factor containing the column names which we will use when we import the data. The column names of the splines coordinates are generated by the `paste0` function, according to the format `X_1`, `Y_1`, `X_2`, `Y_2`, `X_n`, ... (the underscore `_` will be useful later for separating the axis label from the fan number). You can change or add column names according to the structure of your data.

```
num.splines <- 42
columns <- c(
  "speaker",
  "seconds",
  "rec.date",
  "prompt",
  "label",
  "TT.displacement.sm",
  "TT.velocity",
  "TT.velocity.abs",
  "TD.displacement.sm",
  "TD.velocity",
  "TD.velocity.abs",
  # ~~~~~ CHANGE ABOVE ~~~~~
  paste0(rep(c("X", "Y"), num.splines),
    "_",
    rep(1:num.splines, each = 2)
  )
)
```

We can now import the spline data (`SC01-aaa.txt`) and the stimuli database (`nonce.csv`).

```
raw.data <- read_tsv("./data/sc01-aaa.csv",
  col_names = columns,
  na = "*",
  trim_ws = TRUE
) %>%
  mutate_at(vars(matches("^[XY]_")), funs(as.numeric))

## Parsed with column specification:
## cols(
##   .default = col_double(),
```

```
## speaker = col_character(),
## rec.date = col_character(),
## prompt = col_character(),
## label = col_character(),
## X_2 = col_character(),
## Y_2 = col_character(),
## X_3 = col_character(),
## Y_3 = col_character(),
## X_4 = col_character(),
## Y_4 = col_character(),
## X_5 = col_character(),
## Y_5 = col_character()
## )
```

See `spec(...)` for full column specifications.

```
rm(num.splines, columns)
```

```
raw.data <- unique(raw.data)
```

```
stimuli <- read.csv("../data/nonce.csv")
```

The following code applies tidy formatting to the data frame. It uses functions from the `tidyr` library.

```
splines <- raw.data %>%
  gather(spline, coordinate, matches("[XY]_")) %>%
  separate(spline, c("axis", "fan"), convert = TRUE) %>%
  spread(axis, coordinate) %>%
  mutate(word = as.factor(word(prompt, 2))) %>%
  left_join(y = stimuli)
```

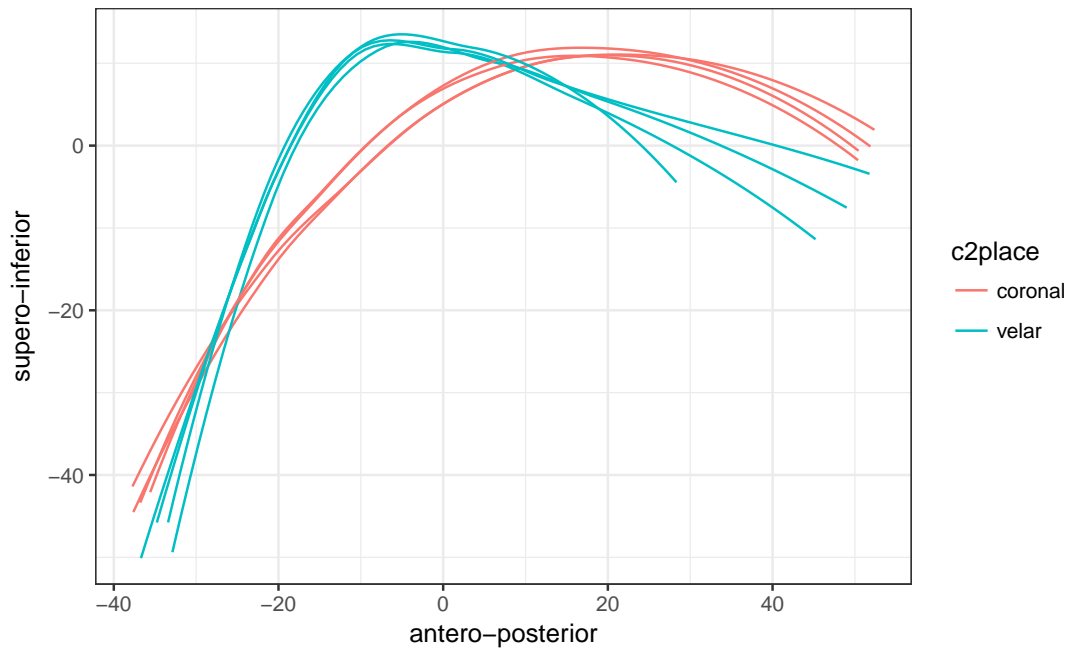
```
## Joining, by = "word"
```

2 Some plotting

We can finally create some plots.

```
filter(splines, vowel == "a") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = X, y = Y, group = rec.date, colour = c2place)) +
  geom_smooth(method = "loess", size = 0.5, alpha = 0.2, se = FALSE) +
  coord_fixed(ratio = 1) +
  xlab("antero-posterior") +
  ylab("supero-inferior")
```

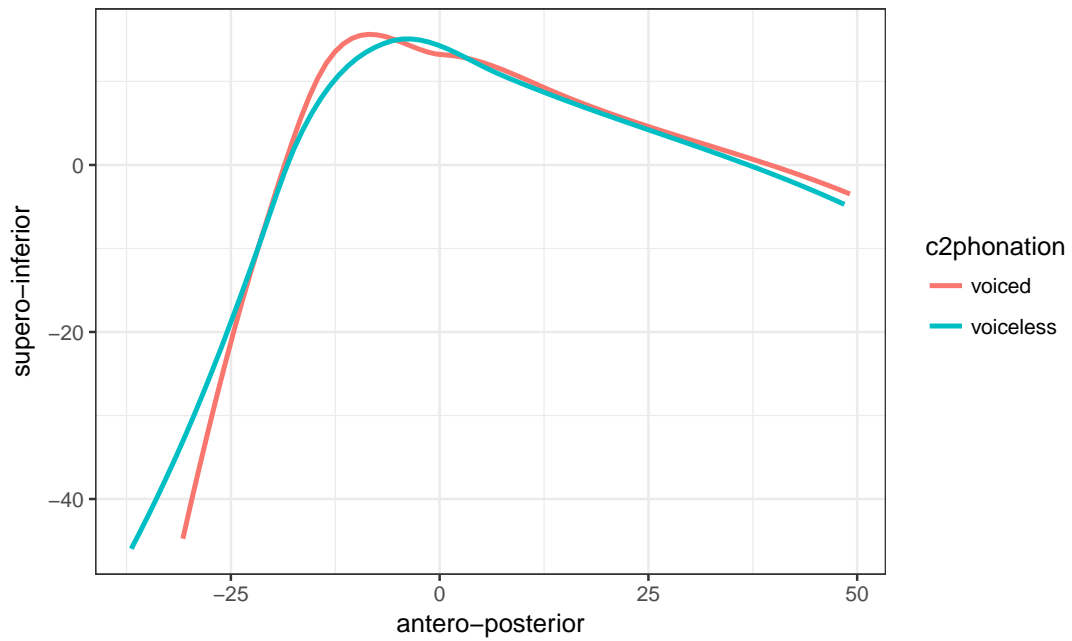
```
## Warning: Removed 267 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).
```



Plot the tongue shape for velar consonants at the moment of maximum constriction.

```
filter(splines, label == "max_TD") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = X, y = Y, colour = c2phonation)) +
  geom_smooth(method = "loess", se = FALSE) +
  coord_fixed(ratio = 1) +
  xlab("antero-posterior") +
  ylab("supero-inferior")
```

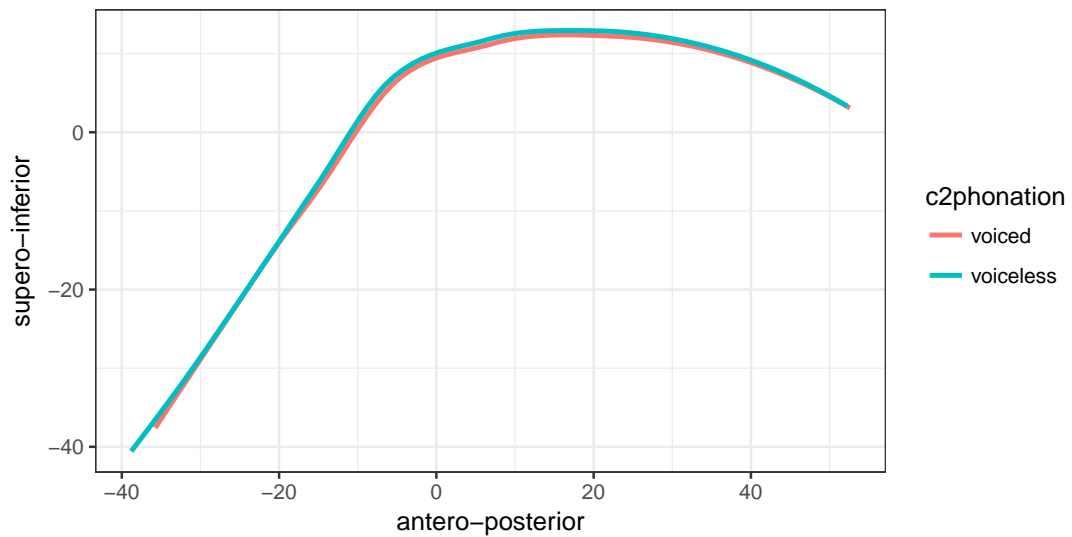
Warning: Removed 132 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).



Plot the tongue shape for coronal consonants at the moment of maximum constriction.

```
filter(splines, label == "max_TT") %>%
ggplot(aes(x = X, y = Y, colour = c2phonation)) +
  geom_smooth(method = "loess", se = FALSE) +
  coord_fixed(ratio = 1) +
  xlab("antero-posterior") +
  ylab("supero-inferior")
```

Warning: Removed 89 rows containing non-finite values (stat_smooth).



3 Consonantal gestures: target, maximum, release

Now we can create a separate data frame where the observational unit is each word and the variables are the consonantal gestures (target, maximum closure, release).

```
cons.gestures <- raw.data %>%  
  select(speaker:label) %>%  
  separate(label, c("gesture", "tongue.area")) %>%  
  spread(gesture, seconds) %>%  
  select(speaker:tongue.area, NONS, max, NOFF) %>%  
  mutate(nucleus = (NOFF - NONS) * 1000) %>%  
  mutate(word = as.factor(word(prompt, 2))) %>%  
  left_join(y = stimuli)
```

```
## Joining, by = "word"
```

Let's plot closure duration as a function of place of articulation of C2 (our target consonant in C1VC2V words).

```
ggplot(cons.gestures, aes(c2place, nucleus)) +  
  geom_violin() +  
  geom_boxplot(width=0.2) +  
  xlab("place of C2") +  
  ylab("closure duration (msec)")
```

```
## Warning: Removed 7 rows containing non-finite values (stat_ydensity).
```

```
## Warning: Removed 7 rows containing non-finite values (stat_boxplot).
```

