1. (1 point) Solve the following system of equations.

$$\begin{array}{rcl}
 x + 3y & = 17 \\
 5x & = 25
 \end{array}$$

Write your answer in point notation: e.g., for x = 4, y = -3 write (4, -3).

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

**2.** (1 point) Solve the following system of equations. Your answer must be a point. If there is no solution, type *None* and if there are infinitely many solutions, type x for x, and an expression in terms of x for the y-coordinate.

$$4x + 3y = -2$$
$$-2x - y = -2$$

Answer: \_\_\_\_\_

## **3.** (1 point)

Solve the system of equations by graphing. Choose the graph that represents the two given line equations, and then enter the solution.

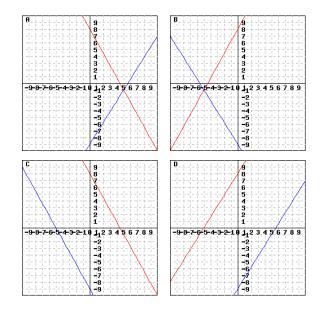
$$\begin{cases} y = -\frac{9}{5}x + 8\\ 9x + 5y = -45 \end{cases}$$

The correct graph is graph

- A
- B
- C
- D

The solution of this system, written as an ordered pair, is

(If these two lines don't intersect, type **no solution**. If these two lines overlap each other, type **infinitely many solutions**.)



**4.** (1 point) For each system, determine whether it has a unique solution (in this case, find the solution), infinitely many solutions, or no solutions.

$$(1) \begin{cases} -7x - 4y = 0 \\ 8x - 9y = 0 \end{cases}$$

- A. Unique solution: x = 9, y = -7
- B. Infinitely many solutions
- C. No solutions
- D. Unique solution: x = -11, y = -1
- E. Unique solution: x = 0, y = 0
- F. None of the above

$$(2) \begin{cases} 3x+4y=-2\\ -5x+9y=-28 \end{cases}$$

- A. Unique solution: x = 0, y = 0
- B. No solutions
- C. Infinitely many solutions
- D. Unique solution: x = -2, y = 2
- E. Unique solution: x = 2, y = -2
- F. None of the above

(3) 
$$\begin{cases} 4x + 6y = 38 \\ -12x - 18y = -113 \end{cases}$$

- A. No solutions
  - B. Unique solution: x = 0, y = 0
  - C. Infinitely many solutions
- D. Unique solution: x = 38, y = -113
- E. Unique solution: x = -113, y = 38

• F. None of the above

(4) 
$$\begin{cases} -2x + 5y = 14 \\ 6x - 15y = -42 \end{cases}$$

- A. Unique solution: x = 0, y = 0
- B. Infinitely many solutions
- C. Unique solution: x = -7, y = 0
- D. Unique solution: x = 14, y = -42
- E. No solutions
- F. None of the above

**5.** (1 point) Solve the system using row operations (or elementary matrices).

$$\begin{cases}
-6x+5y+5z=-8 \\
-3x-4y+6z=2 \\
-5x-5y+6z=8
\end{cases}$$

*x* = \_\_\_\_\_ *y* = \_\_\_\_\_

z =

**6.** (1 point) Determine all values of h and k for which the system

$$\begin{cases} 9x - 9y = h \\ 6x + ky = -10 \end{cases}$$

has no solution.

 $k = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

 $h \neq \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

**7.** (1 point) Determine if the following statement is true or false:

If a linear system has four equations and seven variables, then it must have infinitely many solutions.

If the answer is true, then type **true**. If the answer is false, type **false**.

Answer: \_\_\_

8. (1 point) Let 
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 3 & 0 & -3 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 & 2 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

Is the matrix in echelon form? (input Yes or No)

Is the matrix in reduced echelon form? (input Yes or No)

If this matrix were the augmented matrix for a system of linear equations, would the system be consistent or inconsistent?

**9.** (1 point) Determine whether the following matrices are in echelon form, reduced echelon form or not in echelon form.

- Choose
- Echelon Form
- Reduced Echelon Form
- Not in Echelon Form

$$(1) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 1 & 0 & 5 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & -8 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \end{array} \right]$$

- Choose
- Echelon Form
- Reduced Echelon Form
- Not in Echelon Form

$$(2) \left[ \begin{array}{cccc} 0 & 1 & 0 & 9 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & -10 \end{array} \right]$$

- Choose
- Echelon Form
- Reduced Echelon Form
- Not in Echelon Form

$$\begin{bmatrix}
1 & 0 & 0 & -7 \\
0 & 1 & 0 & -4 \\
0 & 0 & 1 & -2
\end{bmatrix}$$

- Choose
- Echelon Form
- Reduced Echelon Form
- Not in Echelon Form

$$(4) \left[ \begin{array}{ccc} 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & -8 \end{array} \right]$$

**10.** (1 point) Reduce the matrix

$$A = \left[ \begin{array}{rrrr} 3 & -1 & 4 & -4 \\ 3 & 0 & -3 & -21 \\ -2 & 3 & -2 & 14 \end{array} \right]$$

to reduced row-echelon form.

Solve the system

$$\begin{cases} x_1 + 4x_3 + 4x_4 = -20 \\ x_2 - 3x_3 - 2x_4 = 7 \\ 3x_1 - 3x_2 + 23x_3 + 18x_4 = -85 \\ -x_2 + 3x_3 + 6x_4 = -15 \end{cases}$$

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$$x_3 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$$
 $x_4 = \underline{\hspace{1cm}}$ 

12. (1 point) If the linear system
$$\begin{array}{rcl}
-4x & -6y & +7z & = 3 \\
-6x & -3y & +3z & = -2 \\
24x & +24y & +hz & = k
\end{array}$$

has infinitely many solutions, then k = and h =....