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DSLs in Kotlin - Theory and Practice

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About me

- Software Engineer at REWE digital in Köln
- > 20 years of software development in enterprise context
- Software Crafter
- Current focus: Microservices with Spring Boot and Java/Kotlin
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Agenda

- Definitions
- Examples
- Ingredients
- Live Coding

Domain Specific Languages

A domain-specific language (DSL) is a computer language specialized to a particular application domain.

— *Wikipedia*

Examples

- HTML
- SQL
- Regular Expressions
- ...

Embedded DSLs

Embedded (or internal) DSLs are implemented as libraries which exploit the syntax of their host general purpose language

— *Wikipedia*

Kotlin DSLs

Domain-specific languages embedded in Kotlin

Examples - HTML¹

```
System.out.appendHTML().html {  
    body {  
        div {  
            a("http://kotlinlang.org") {  
                target = ATarget.blank  
                +"Main site"  
            }  
        }  
    }  
}
```

¹ kotlinx.html, <https://github.com/Kotlin/kotlinx.html>

Examples - JSON²

```
import com.github.salomonbrys.kotson.*\n\nval obj: JsonObject = jsonObject(\n    "property" to "value",\n    "array" to jsonArray(\n        21,\n        "fourty-two",\n        jsonObject("go" to "hell"))\n)\n\n)
```

² Kotson, <https://github.com/SalomonBrys/Kotson>

Examples - Gradle³

```
import org.jetbrains.kotlin.gradle.tasks.KotlinCompile

plugins {
    kotlin("jvm") version "1.3.50"
}
repositories {
    mavenCentral()
}
dependencies {
    compile(kotlin("stdlib-jdk8"))
}

tasks.withType<KotlinCompile> {
    kotlinOptions.jvmTarget = "1.8"
}
```

³ Kotlin Gradle DSL, https://docs.gradle.org/current/userguide/kotlin_dsl.html

Examples - Dependency Injection for Android ⁴

```
fun MainModule(activity: MainActivity) = Module {

    singleton<ButtonMapper> { ButtonMapperImpl(get(ACTIVITY_CONTEXT)) }

    singleton<ButtonRepository> { ButtonRepositoryImpl() }

    singleton<MainView> { activity }

    singleton<MainPresenter> { MainPresenterImpl(get(), get(), get()) }

    singleton<MainInteractor> { MainInteractorImpl(get(), get(), get()) }

    singleton<MainNavigator> { MainNavigatorImpl(get(ACTIVITY)) }

}
```

⁴ Katana, <https://github.com/rewe-digital/katana>

Examples - Android Layouts ⁵

```
verticalLayout {  
    val name = editText {  
        hint = "Name"  
        textSize = 24f  
    }  
    button("Say Hello") {  
        onClick {  
            toast("Hello, ${name.text}!")  
        }  
    }  
}
```

⁵ Kotlin Anko Layouts, <https://github.com/Kotlin/anko/wiki/Anko-Layouts>

Example - Spring Web Router Config⁶

```
@Bean
fun mainRouter(userHandler: UserHandler) = router {
    accept(TEXT_HTML).nest {
        GET("/") { ok().render("index") }
        GET("/sse") { ok().render("sse") }
        GET("/users", userHandler::findAllView)
    }
    "/api".nest {
        accept(APPLICATION_JSON).nest {
            GET("/users", userHandler::findAll)
        }
        accept(TEXT_EVENT_STREAM).nest {
            GET("/users", userHandler::stream)
        }
    }
    resources("/**", ClassPathResource("static/"))
}
```

⁶Spring Framework, <https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework>

Example - Spring Mock MVC DSL⁷

```
mockMvc.get("/person/{name}", "Lee") {
    secure = true
    accept = APPLICATION_JSON
    headers {
        contentLanguage = Locale.FRANCE
    }
    principal = Principal { "foo" }
}.andExpect {
    status {isOk}
    content {contentType(APPLICATION_JSON)}
    jsonPath("$.name") {value("Lee")}
    content {json("""{"someBoolean": false}""", false)}
}.andDo {
    print()
}
```

⁷Spring Framework, <https://docs.spring.io/spring-framework>

Example - Rest Template Execution DSL⁸

```
fun create(account: Account) {  
    restTemplate.runCatching {  
        httpPost<String>(createAccountUrl) {  
            body {  
                model(account)  
            }  
        }.execute()  
    }. onFailure {  
        logger.error("Error creating account: ${it.message}", it)  
        throw it  
    }  
}
```

⁸ REWE digital codebase

A vibrant arrangement of fresh vegetables is displayed on a weathered blue wooden surface. The vegetables include several orange and yellow carrots, some with green tops; a cluster of purple and white beets with their leafy greens; and a mix of small and large potatoes in shades of brown, tan, and red. The lighting highlights the textures and colors of the produce against the distressed wood.

Build your own DSL
Ingredients

Extention functions

Instead of this

```
fun <T> swap(list: MutableList<T>, index1: Int, index2: Int) {  
    val tmp = list[index1]  
    list[index1] = list[index2]  
    list[index2] = tmp  
}  
  
val list = mutableListOf(1, 2, 3)  
swap(list, 1, 2)
```

Extention functions

... we can write this

```
fun <T> MutableList<T>.swap(index1: Int, index2: Int) {  
    val tmp = this[index1] // 'this' corresponds to the list  
    this[index1] = this[index2]  
    this[index2] = tmp  
}  
  
val list = mutableListOf(1, 2, 3)  
list.swap(1,2)
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

So what does this do?

```
val printMe: String.() -> Unit = { println(this) }
```

```
"Stefan".printMe()
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

Now let's assume we have a class HTML

```
class HTML {  
    fun head() {}  
    fun body() {}  
}
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

Now let's assume we have a class HTML

```
class HTML {  
    fun head() {}  
    fun body() {}  
}
```

and a function html

```
fun html(init: HTML.() -> Unit): HTML {  
    val html = HTML()  
    html.init()  
    return html  
}
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

... then we can write

```
html({  
    head()  
    body()  
})
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

We apply syntactic sugar:

```
html() {  
    head()  
    body()  
}
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

And again:

```
html {  
    head()  
    body()  
}
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

Now let's go from here

```
class HTML {  
    fun head() {}  
    fun body() {}  
}
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

... to here:

```
class HTML {  
    fun head(init: Head.() -> Unit): Head {  
        val head = Head(); head.init(); return head  
    }  
    fun body(init: Body.() -> Unit): Body {  
        val body = Body(); body.init(); return body  
    }  
}
```

```
class Head { fun title() { } }
```

```
class Body { fun p() { } }
```

Lambda Expressions with Receivers

Then we can write

```
html {  
    head {  
        title()  
    }  
    body {  
        p()  
    }  
}
```

... and so on.

Scope control

But ...

```
html {  
    head {  
        head {  
            title()  
        }  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

will also be OK. :-(

DSL Markers

Thus let's control receiver scope with @DslMarker:

```
@DslMarker  
annotation class HtmlTagMarker
```

```
@HtmlTagMarker  
class HTML { // ...  
}
```

```
@HtmlTagMarker  
class Head { // ...  
}
```

```
@HtmlTagMarker  
class Body { // ...  
}
```

DSL Markers

Now we will get

```
$ ./gradlew compileKotlin
e: .../html.kt: (32, 13): 'fun head(init: Head.() -> Unit):
    Head' can't be called in this context by implicit receiver.
    Use the explicit one if necessary
> Task :compileKotlin FAILED
```

DSL Markers

Well, we still could write

```
html {  
    head {  
        this@html.head {  
            title()  
        }  
    }  
    // ...  
}
```

Operator Overloading

We would like to write

```
body {  
    p { +"Hello, World!" }  
}
```

to add a text element to a paragraph.

Operator Overloading

To do this we overload unary plus:

```
abstract class TagWithText(name: String): Tag(name) {  
    operator fun String.unaryPlus() {  
        children.add(TextElement(this))  
    }  
}  
// surrounding stuff left out
```

See also [Operator Overloading](#)

The whole thing ...

The whole example could be found here: [Type-Safe builders](#).

More Ingredients: Invoke

With

```
class MyClass {  
    operator fun invoke() { // ...  
}  
}
```

one can write

```
val myObj = MyClass()  
myObj() // will call invoke
```

Invoke for DSLs

With

```
class Family {  
    operator fun invoke(body: Family.() -> Unit) { body() }  
    fun addMember(name: String) {}  
}
```

one can write

```
val family = Family()  
family {  
    addMember("Mom"); addMember("Dad"); addMember("Kid")  
}
```

More Examples for DSLs

- <https://dzone.com/articles/kotlin-dsl-from-theory-to-practice>
convert Test Data Builder to Kotlin DSL
- <https://kotlinexpertise.com/create-dsl-with-kotlin/>
create a DSL for setting up a TLS connection
- <https://kotlinexpertise.com/java-builders-kotlin-dsls/>
convert Java builders for Android Material Drawer to Kotlin DSL
- <https://blog.codecentric.de/2018/06/kotlin-dsl-apache-kafka/>
A simple example of Kotlin DSL for Apache Kafka producer and consumer (German)

Slides



<https://speakerdeck.com/stefanscheidt/kotlin-dsls>

Sources



<https://github.com/stefanscheidt/kotlin-dsl>

Thank you!

@stefanscheidt on [Twitter](#) and [GitHub](#)