





Feature-based defect prediction using machine learning methods

Interim report

Winter semester 2019 / 2020

February 12th, 2020

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Summary



- aim of the thesis
 - prediction technique for software defects
 - in consideration of software features
 - based on methods of machine learning
- data basis: commits of versioning systems (Git)
 - commit: provision of an updated version of a software product
 - faulty and defect-free commits for learning of classifiers
- three research objectives
 - 1. creation of data set | 2. training of classifiers | 3. evaluation of classifiers

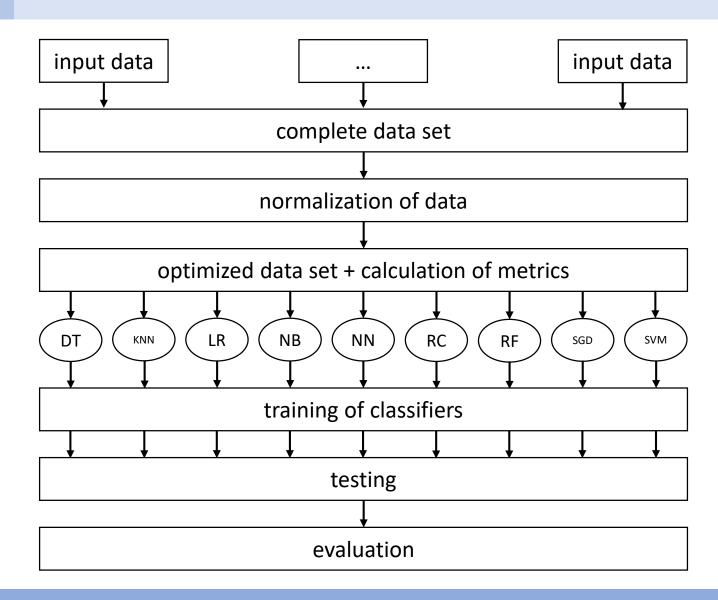


1

Time scheduling



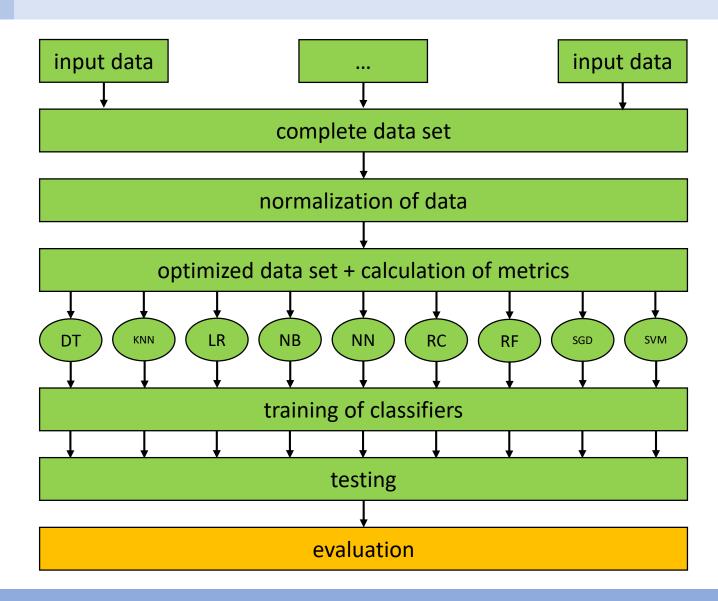
applied machine learning method



(Ceylan, Kutlubay, & Bener, 2006)

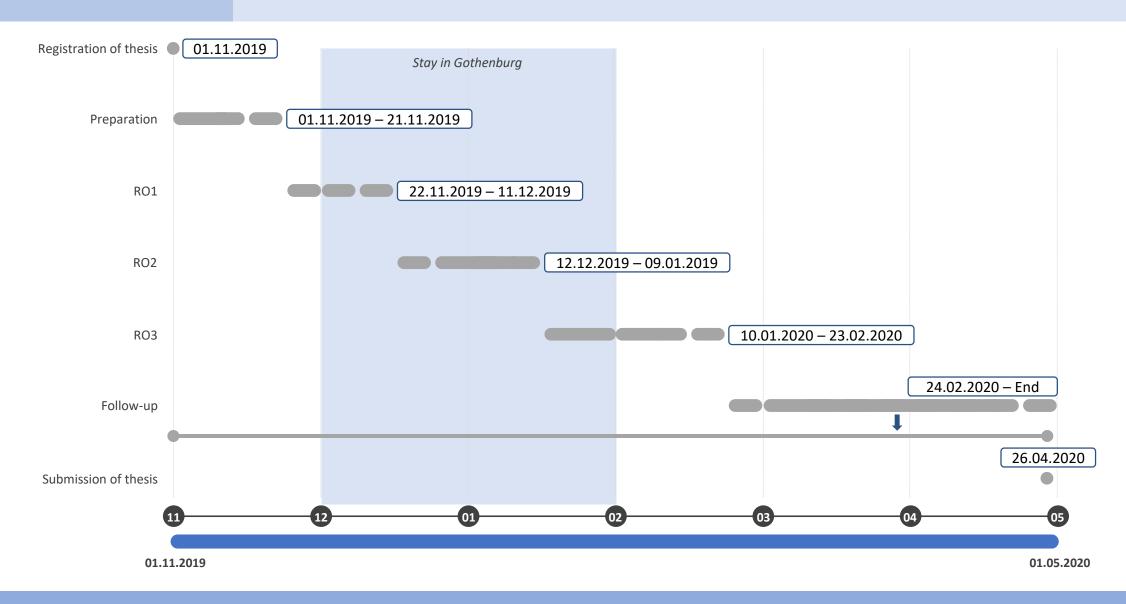


applied machine learning method



(Ceylan, Kutlubay, & Bener, 2006)











2



- usage of PyDriller for repository mining
 - Python framework by (Spadini, Aniche, & Bacchelli, 2018)
 - available on GitHub under Apache License 2.0 licence
 - extraction of commits, developers, diffs and source code (and more)
 - well documented (https://pydriller.readthedocs.io)



- historical data of 13 software projects
 - feature-based software (based on preprocessor conditionals)
 - selection criterion: previous use in literature (Hunsen et al., 2016; Liebig et al., 2010; Queiroz et al., 2017)
 - extracted from Git, GitHub, GitLab und Sourceforge repositories
 - divided into commits per release
 - based on tag structure of git repositories

Bler	nder	Busy	/box	Em	acs	GII	MP	Gnur	neric	gnu	plot	Irs	si
	libx	ml2	ligh	ttpd	MPS	Solve	Par	rot	Vi	m	xf	ig	



- data was stored in MySQL database
 - one table for each software project

Column	Description	Column	Description
change_type	type of change (added, deleted, modified, renamed)	filename	name of changed file
commit_author	responsible developer	lines_added	number of lines added to file
commit_hash	unique identifier of commit	lines_removed	number of lines removed from file
commit_msg	commit message	name	software name
cycomplexity	cyclomatic complexity of changed file	nloc	lines of code of file
diff	diff of changed file	release_number	associated release number based on tags
feature	features, that were modified	status	normal (false) or corrective (true) commit



- further steps: optimization of data set
 - extract modified features from diffs
 - identify bug-fixing commits
 - identify bug-introducing commits
 - remove "false" features manually
 - done via SQL queries and Python scripts



	Purpose	Data source	#Releases	#Commits	#Corrective	#Bugintrod.	#Features
Blender	3D modelling tool	GitHub mirror	11	19119	8258	1418	4637
Busybox	UNIX tool package	Git repository	14	4984	1408	142	702
Emacs	text editor	GitHub mirror	7	12805	6959	685	863
GIMP	photo editor	GitLab repository	14	7240	1703	272	1620
Gnumeric	spreadsheet	GitLab repository	8	6025	1591	136	725
gnuplot	plotter	GitHub mirror	5	6619	880	1323	625
Irssi	IRC client	GitHub repository	7	253	77	1	17
libxml2	XML parser	GitLab repository	10	732	409	37	225
lighttpd	webserver	Git repository	6	2597	1202	555	323
MPSolve	polynomial solver	GitHub repository	8	668	158	69	130
Parrot	VM	GitHub repository	7	16245	3437	824	559
Vim	text editor	GitHub repository	7	9849	1033	2571	1227
xfig	graphics editor	Sourceforge	7	18	0	0	205



- calculation of metrics on feature- and file-level
 - 5 metrics taken from (Queiroz et al., 2017, marked with [q])
 - 6 additional metrics
 - calculated via SQL query or via Python script

Metric	Description
comm [q]	number of commits dedicated to the affected feature / file in a release
adev [q]	number of developers who have worked on the affected feature / file in a release
ddev [q]	cumulative number of developers who have worked on the affected feature / file in a release
exp [q]	geometric mean of the "experience" of all developers who have worked on the affected feature / file in a release
oexp [q]	"experience" of the developer who has contributed most to the affected feature / file in a release



Metric	Description
modd	"modification degree": Number of edits to the affected feature / file within a release
mods	"modification scope": number of unique features / files edited in one release
nloc	average lines of code of the edits of the affected feature / file in a release
сусо	average cyclomatic complexity of modifications on the affected feature / file in a release
addl	average number of lines added to the affected feature / file in a release
reml	average number of lines deleted from the affected feature / file in a release



5

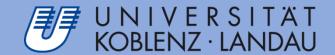
Training of the classifiers

Training of the classifiers



- integration of scikit-learn and WEKA
- scikit-learn (https://scikit-learn.org/)
 - best known Python library for machine learning
 - selection of various classification algorithms
 - comprehensive integration of further Python libraries
- WEKA (https://www.cs.waikato.ac.nz/ml/weka/)
 - developed at the University of Waikato (New Zealand)
 - comprehensive selection of classification- and attribute-selection-algorithms
 - graphical interface

Training of the classifiers



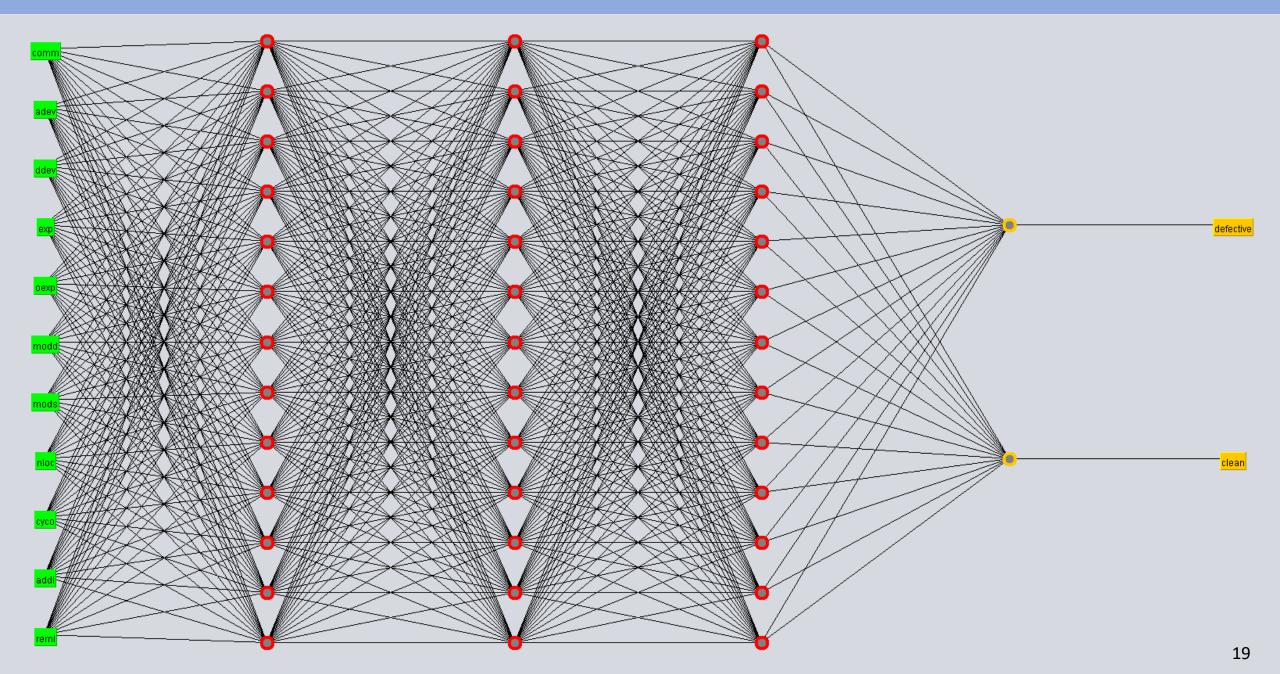
scikit-learn	WEKA
Decision Trees	J48
k-Nearest-Neighbor	k-Nearest-Neighbor
Ridge Classifier	Logistic Regression
Naïve Bayes	Naïve Bayes
Neural Networks	Neural Networks
Random Forest	Random Forest
Stochastic Gradient Descent	Stochastic Gradient Descent
Support Vector Machines	Support Vector Machines

J48 is a DT-algorithm

both based on regression

each classifier has been configured before final training

Used artificial neural network with 3 hidden layers à 13 units

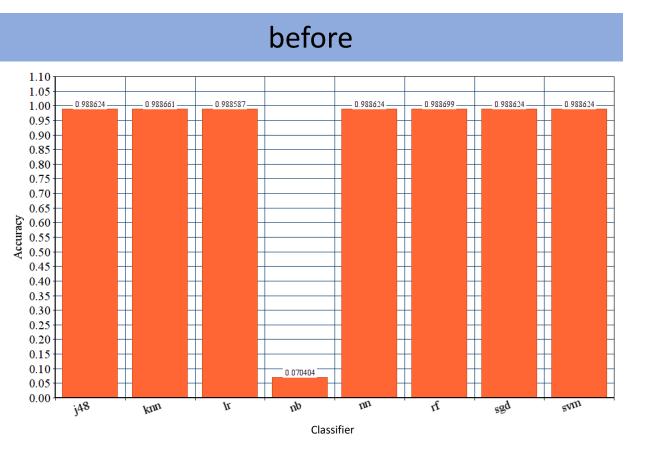


Training of the classifiers



- file dataset is imbalanced
 - label "clean" is strongly overrepresented
 - Balance is a prerequisite for correct training of classifiers
- application of the SMOTE method
 - Synthetic Minority Over-sampling Technique (Chawla, Bowyer, Hall, & Kegelmeyer, 2002)
 - oversampling of the underrepresented class
 - integrated "filter" in WEKA

Comparison of classifiers before and after applying the SMOTE method



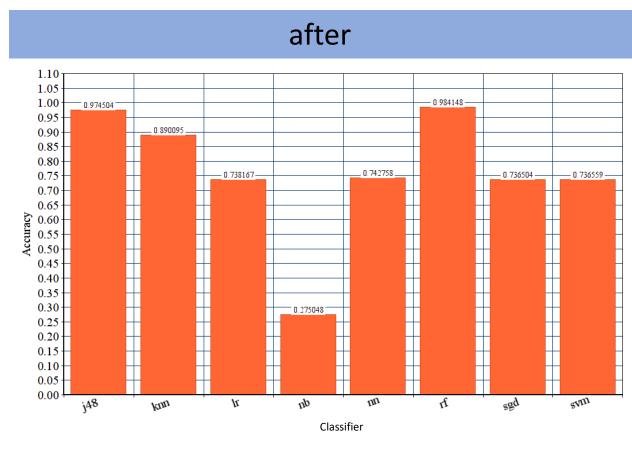
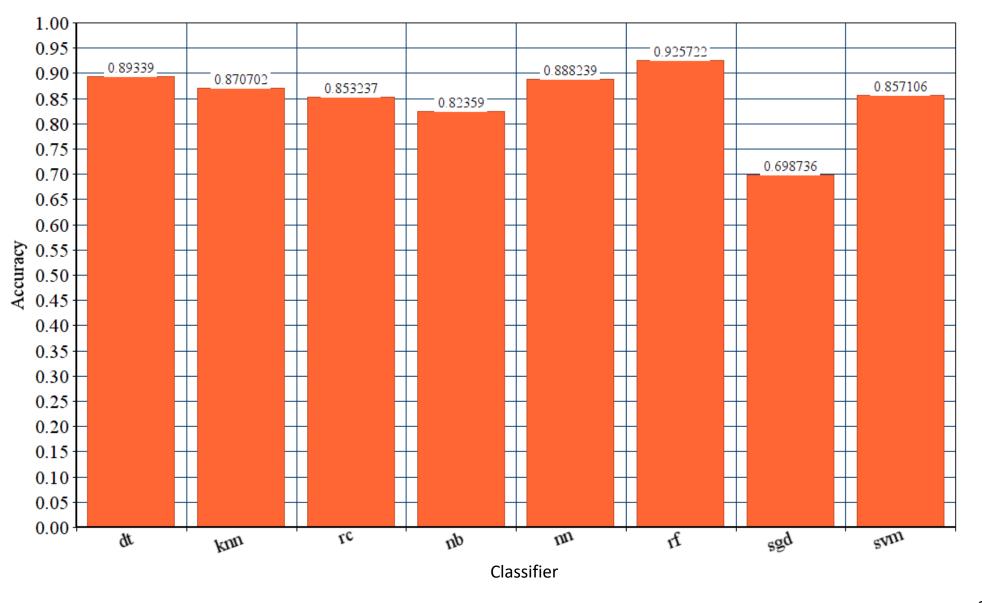


Abb.	Classifier	Abb.	Classifier
j48	Decision Trees	nn	Neural Networks
knn	k-Nearest-Neighbor	rf	Random Forest
lr	Logistic Regression	sgd	Stochastic Gradient Descent
nb	Naïve Bayes	svm	Support Vector Machines

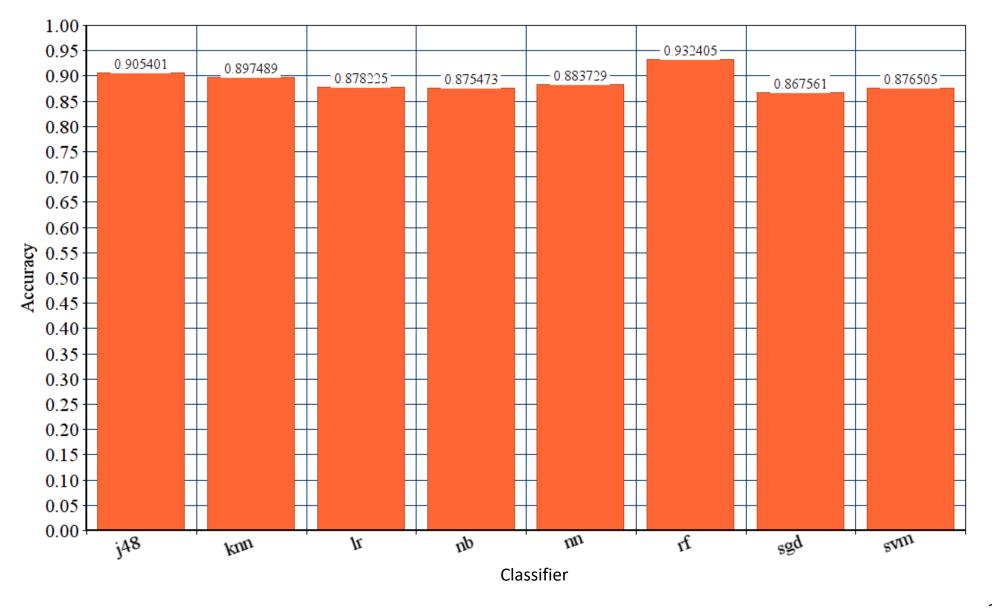
Final analysis of the feat-classifiers of scikit-learn

Abb.	Classifier
dt	Decision Trees
knn	k-Nearest- Neighbor
rc	Ridge Classifier
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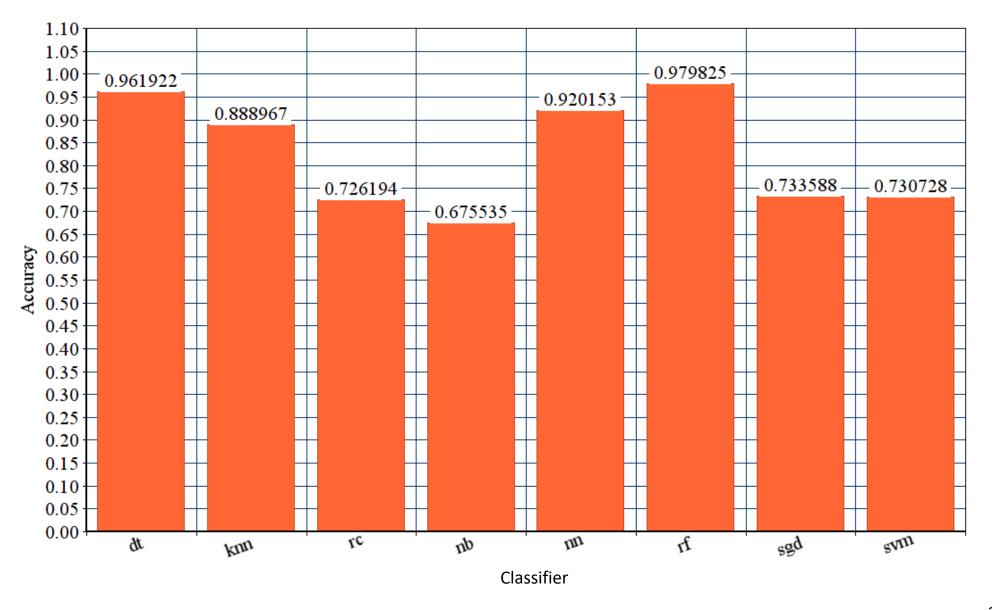
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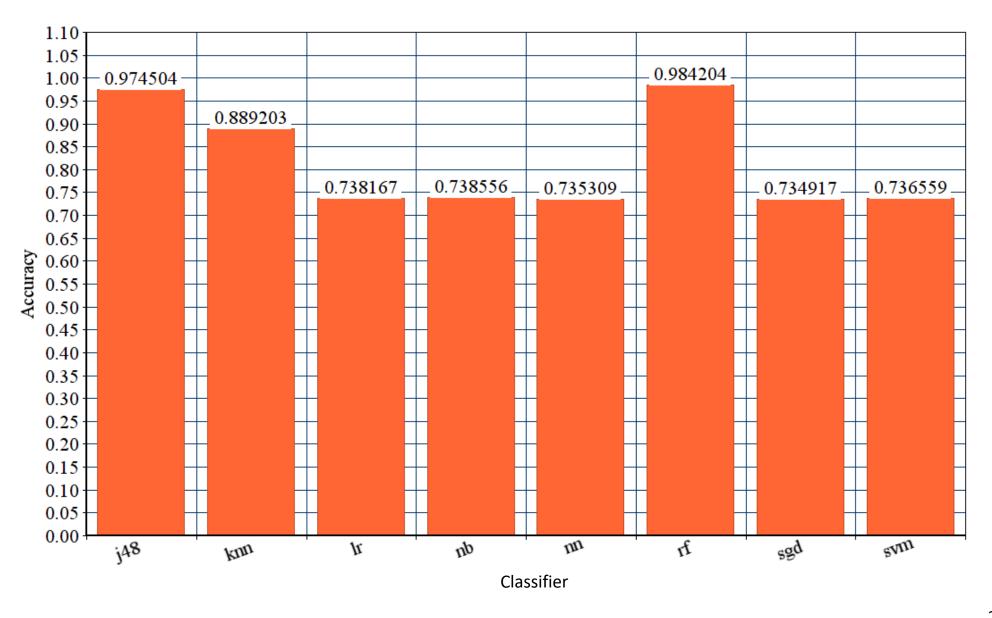
Final analysis of the file-classifiers of scikit-learn

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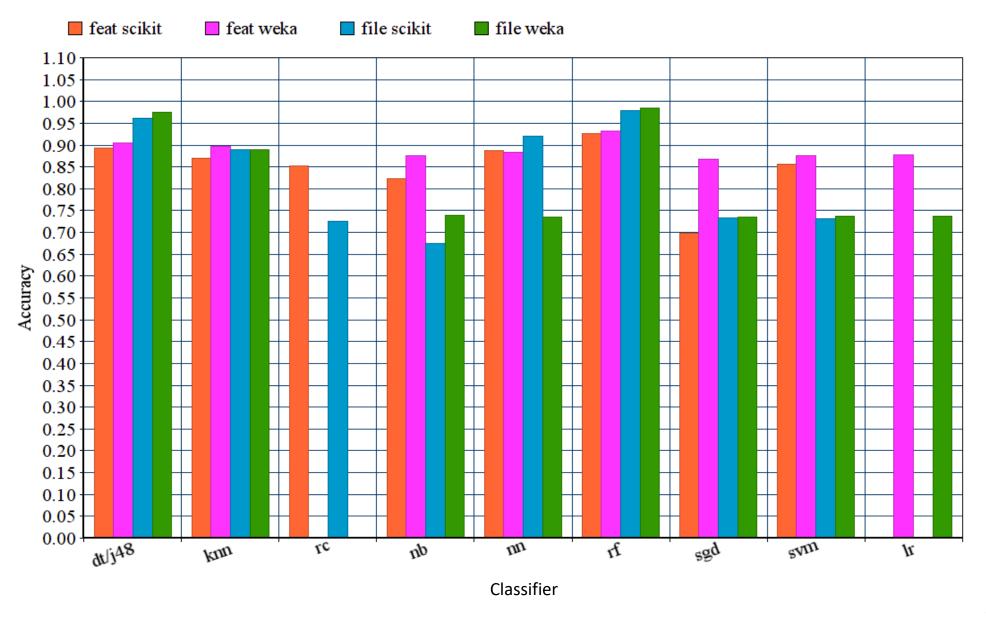
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Comparison of the classifiers

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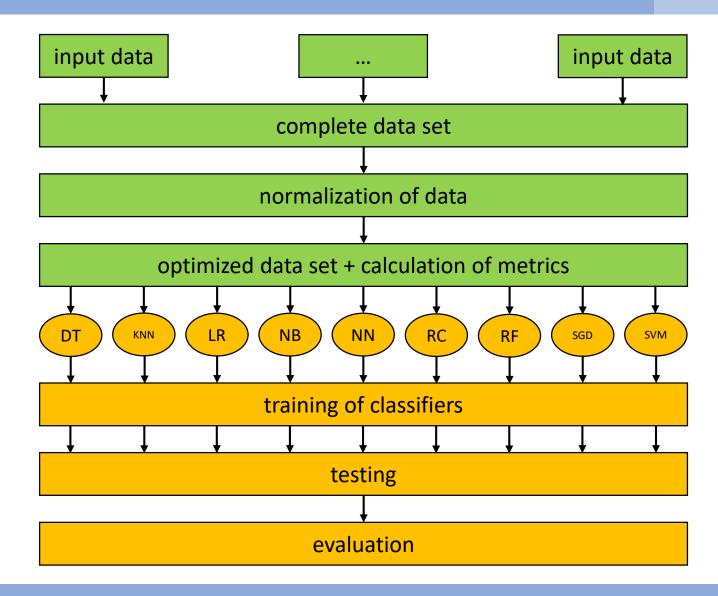


- exclusion of "header-features"
 - features to be found in .h-files are not meant to be edited
 - identifiable by featurename_h_
 - redo training and evaluation steps
- evaluation of classifiers
- evaluation based on classical metrics found in literature
- continue written part of thesis



applied machine learning method

ERGÄNZEN! bis 12.02



(Ceylan, Kutlubay, & Bener, 2006)



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Thank you for your attention. Question time.

Bibliography



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- Spadini, D., Aniche, M., & Bacchelli, A. (2018). PyDriller: Python framework for mining software repositories. Proceedings of the 2018 26th ACM Joint Meeting on European Software Engineering Conference and Symposium on the Foundations of Software Engineering ESEC/FSE 2018, 908–911. https://doi.org/10.1145/3236024.3264598