Teme seminoral 4 - Criptagrafie

2) Studioti algoritment de fostorierre nho al lui Polomol ji

aplicati-l pentru 10909.

Algoritment nho of les Pollond este un olgoritm probabilistic pentru foctorissea numerela intregi.

Aplicarea algoritmedui pentru 10903:

1. Alegem function f(x)=(x2+1) mod 10909 si pundul de pormise x=2

2. Initiolizam X=2; y=2, 0=1

3. Heram pana cand d#1 sid + 10909

Post: $2=x = f(x) = (2^2+1) \mod 10909 = 5$

 $y = f(f(y)) = f(f(z)) = f(5) = (5^2 + 1) \text{ mod 10909} = 26$

0 = (15-261,10909) = (21,10909) =1

Posz x=f(x)=(5+1) mod 10909=26

7 = \$ (\$ch)) = \$(\$(56) = \$(644)

\$(841) = (8445+1) wag 10303=4281

d=(126-4581),10909)=(4555,10909)=10909

Algoritmed a esuat.

Rduam cur alle valori

Poss: Alegan & (x) = (x2+2) mod 10909

x=3, y=3, d=1

 f_{0} SU $x = f(x) = (3^{2}+2) \mod 10909 = 11$ $y = f(f(y)) = f(f(3)) = f(11) = (11^{2}+2) \mod 10909 = 123$

d = (111-1231,10309)=(112,10909)=1

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X = f(X) = (11_5 + 5) \text{ uneq 10.808} = 153
 y={(f(y)) = f(f(123))=f(4224)=(4224)=(4224)=0303=
 $(123)=$(1232+2) mod 10908 = 1583$ mod 10908 = 4222/
 543438 moo 10309 = 10 88 7
 14825284
  ol=(1123-10884年,10303)=(10464,10903)=1
 Pos6:
  X = f(x) = (123^2 + 2) \text{ mod } 10909 = 15131 \text{ mod } 10909 = 4222
  1) = f(f(1)) = f(f(10884)) = f(486) = (4862+5) mod 10000
  £(10884) = (108242+5) may 10 308 = 486
= $236 198 mod 10909 = 7109
  d = (14222-41091,10909)=(2884,10909)=1
  Algoritment cops din nou. Algom Ale valuri
 P(x) = (x2+3) mod 10309
BOY A
 x={(x)=(19 mod 10909 =19
7= f(f(4))=f(10)=102+3 mod 10300=364
d=(119-364),10900)=(345,10900)=1
X= P(x) = 192+3 mod 10909 = 364
Pos8
y={($(364))={(1591)=15912+3 mod 10909=396
$(364) = 3642+3 mad 10909 = 1591
 0=(1364=396),10909)=(32,10909)=1
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P(x) = (x2+1) mod 10909 1/x0=2
  1. x_4 = (2^2 + 1) \mod 10909 = 5
    >= \(\forall (\forall (2)) = \forall (5) = (52+1) mad 10309 = 26
    d=(1x-y1,10909)=(21,10909)=1 (nu este Livitor)
5-26
  2. X = P(x) = 5^2 + 1 \mod 10909 = 26
    7 = $ ($(26)) = $(26) = (2621) mod 10303 = 647
    9 = (|x-11,10202) = (|26-644),10203) = (621,10303)=1
                                                 ( nu este stivizo
 3. X= f(x)=f(26) = 644
    1= $($(A)) = $(044) = (044 + 1) wag 10203 = 125
   d=(1877-152,10909)=(525,10909)=1 (mu este divitor)
A. X = f(x) = f(eAx) = 125
    1)={(f(1))={(152)=(152+1) mod 10909=1587
  d = (1152-1284),10903)=(1135,10903)=1
2. X = f(x) = f(125) = 158A
    7 = $($(1) = $(1584) = (15845+1) anoy 10303 = 3111
   01=(11284-9111),10908)=(4824,10909)=1
e · X = fcx) = f(158A) = 3111
   1) = {(3111) = (31112+1) mod 102003 = 3441
   0=(1911-3441,10909)=(5340,10909)=1
4. X= $(x) = $(8111) = 3441
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)= f(3741)=(37412+1)mad 10909 = 9444

J=(13441-9444),10904)=(6003,10809)

Scanat cu CamScanner

5) 23. Descompune)i nunual 16 547 in foctorii soi primi

$$[\sqrt{n}] = 128$$
 $\sqrt{\frac{1}{65,44}}$ $\frac{128}{22\times2=44}$ $\frac{1}{565}$ $\frac{248\times8}{248\times8} = 1984$ $\frac{1984}{563}$

$$4^{2}-90 = 16641 - 16544 = 84 \pm 5^{2}$$

$$4^{2}-90 = 16641 - 16544 = 84 \pm 5^{2}$$

$$4^{2}-w = 14101 - 10244 = 01442$$

 $6)[[2]+3]_{5} = 14101$

$$4_5 = u = 14082 - 10242 = 1135 = 14082$$

 $6)4 = 135 + 1 = 133$

6)
$$[\sqrt{n}+1]=129+1=130$$

 $4^2=130^2=16900$
 $4^2=m=16900-16544=353$

$$4^{5} = 14454 - 10244 = 844 \pm 2$$

Numeral 16547 este