
Coding Challenge Notes

Stefan Webb
University of Oxford

1 Unorganized

2 Useful functions

- `reversed(s)` reverses an iterable and returns an iterator.

3 Converting types

3.1 How do I convert a list of chars/strings to string?

```
1 >>> string = ['a', 'b', 'c']
2 >>> "".join(strings)
```

3.2 How do I convert a number to a string/vice versa?

```
1 >>> a = str(6.24)
2 >>> b = int("8")
3 >>> c = float("1.25")
```

4 String manipulation

4.1 How do I convert from a character to its ASCII/vice versa?

```
1 >>> n = ord('a')
2 >>> a = chr(n)
```

4.2 How to I convert a character/string to lower/upper case?

```
1 >>> 'Abc'.lower()
2 >>> 'Abc'.upper()
```

5 Discriminating between different types of characters

5.1 How do I determine if a char is punctuation?

```
1 >>> import string
2 >>> if c is in string.punctuation:
3 >>> ...
```

5.2 How do I determine if a char is whitespace?

```
1 >>> if c.isspace():
2 >>> ...
```

5.3 How do I determine if a char is alphabetical/alphanumeric?

```
1 >>> if c.isalpha():
2 >>> ...
```

```
1 >>> if c.isalnum():
2 >>> ...
```

6 Common gotchas

- `range(n)` goes from 0 to $n - 1$, *not* up to n .
- There is neither `++` nor `--` operators in Python. Use `+= 1` and `-= 1` instead.