# Decompiler User Survey 3

October, 2021

## 1 User Survey 3

### 1.1 Self Assessment

The questions of this group are dedicated to self assessment to allow us to better understand trends in the answers of the users.

Did you take part in one of the previous decompiler surveys?

	Yes	INO
Decompiler Survey 1 - October 2020	0	0
Decompiler Survey 2 - April 2021	0	0
How much time (approx.) did you spend working with C code?		
O None		
O A few hours		
O Several days		
O More than a year		
O On a regular basis		
How much time did you spend reversing executables before?		
O None		
O A few hours		
O Several days		
O More than a year		
O On a regular basis		

### 1.2 Decompiler Comparison

In this part, we will show you code snippets that are decompiled with different decompilers.

Clove (Hex-Rays):

```
1 _int64 sub_401C3D()
2 {
        char s[8]; // [rsp+0h] [rbp-60h] BYREF
3
        __int64 v2; // [rsp+8h] [rbp-58h]
        __int64 v3; // [rsp+10h] [rbp-50h]
5
        __int64 v4; // [rsp+18h] [rbp-48h]
 6
        __int64 v5; // [rsp+20h] [rbp-40h]
       __int64 v6; // [rsp+28h] [rbp-38h]
__int64 v7; // [rsp+30h] [rbp-30h]
__int64 v8; // [rsp+38h] [rbp-28h]
8
9
10
       char v9; // [rsp+40h] [rbp-20h]
11
        __int64 v10; // [rsp+50h] [rbp-10h] BYREF int v11; // [rsp+58h] [rbp-8h]
12
13
14
        unsigned int v12; // [rsp+5Ch] [rbp-4h]
15
        *(_QWORD *)s = 0LL;
16
17
        v2 = 0LL;
        v3 = 0LL;
18
        v4 = 0LL;
19
        v5 = 0LL;
        v6 = 0LL;
21
        v7 = 0LL;
22
        v8 = OLL;
        v9 = 0;
24
        printf("Enter any binary number: ");
25
        __isoc99_scanf("%lld", &v10);
26
        v12 = v10;
27
        while ( v10 > 0 )
28
29
        v11 = v10 \% 10000;
30
31
        if ( v11 == 1111 )
32
            *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 70;
33
34
        else if ( v11 <= 1111 )
35
            if ( v11 == 1110 )
37
38
             *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 69;
40
            else if ( v11 == 1101 )
41
42
             *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 68;
43
44
            else if ( v11 <= 1101 )
45
46
             if ( v11 == 1100 )
48
                 *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 67;
49
50
            else if ( v11 == 1011 )
51
                 *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 66;
53
54
            else if ( v11 <= 1011 )
55
56
                 if ( v11 == 1010 )
57
58
                 *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 65;
59
60
                 else if ( v11 == 1001 )
61
```

```
62
                  {
*(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 57;
63
                  else if ( v11 <= 1001 )
65
66
                  if ( v11 == 1000 )
68
                      *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 56;
69
70
                  else if ( v11 == 111 )
71
72
                      *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 55;
73
                  }
74
                  else if ( v11 <= 111 )
75
                  {
76
                      if ( v11 == 110 )
77
78
                      *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 54;
79
                      else if ( v11 == 101 )
81
82
                      *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 53;
84
                      else if ( v11 <= 101 )
85
86
                      if ( v11 == 100 )
87
88
                      {
                           *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 52;
89
90
                      else if ( v11 == 11 )
91
92
                           *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 51;
93
94
                      else if ( v11 <= 11 )
95
96
97
                           if ( v11 == 10 )
98
                           *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 50;
99
                           }
100
                           else if ( v11 )
101
102
                           if ( v11 == 1 )
103
                                *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 49;
104
                           }
105
                           else
106
107
                           *(_WORD *)&s[strlen(s)] = 48;
108
109
110
                      }
111
                  }
}
112
113
             }
114
116
         v10 /= 10000LL;
117
118
         printf("Binary number: %lld\\n", v12);
printf("Hexadecimal number: %s", s);
119
120
         return OLL;
121
122 }
```

### Cumin (Ghidra):

```
undefined8 FUN_00401c3d(void)

{
```

```
size_t sVar1;
 4
     undefined8 local_68;
     undefined8 local_60;
     undefined8 local_58;
     undefined8 local_50;
     undefined8 local_48;
     undefined8 local_40;
10
     undefined8 local_38;
11
     undefined8 local_30;
     undefined local_28;
13
14
     long local_18;
     int local_10;
15
     uint local_c;
16
17
     local_68 = 0;
18
     local_60 = 0;
19
20
      local_58 = 0;
     local_50 = 0;
21
     local_48 = 0;
     local_40 = 0;
23
     local_38 = 0;
24
     local_30 = 0;
     local_28 = 0;
26
     printf("Enter any binary number: ");
27
      __isoc99_scanf(&DAT_00403259,&local_18);
     local_c = (uint)local_18;
for (; 0 < local_18; local_18 = local_18 / 10000) {
29
30
        local_10 = (int)local_18 + (int)(local_18 / 10000) * -10000;
31
        if (local_10 == 0x457) {
32
          sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
33
          *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x46;
34
35
        else {
36
          if (local_10 < 0x458) {</pre>
37
            if (local_10 == 0x456) {
              sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
39
               *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x45;
40
41
            else {
42
               if (local_10 < 0x457) {</pre>
43
                 if (local_10 == 0x44d) {
                   sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
*(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x44;
45
46
47
                 else {
  if (local_10 < 0x44e) {</pre>
48
49
                     if (local_10 == 0x44c) {
50
                       sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
51
52
                        *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x43;
53
                     else {
54
                       if (local_10 < 0x44d) {</pre>
55
                          if (local_10 == 0 \times 3 f 3) {
56
                            sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
57
                            *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x42;
58
59
                          else {
60
                            if (local_10 < 0x3f4) {</pre>
61
                              if (local_10 == 0x3f2) {
62
                                 sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
63
                                 *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x41;
64
65
                              else {
66
                                 if (local_10 < 0x3f3) {</pre>
67
                                   if (local_10 == 0x3e9) {
68
                                     sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
69
                                     *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x39;
70
71
                                   else {
72
```

```
if (local_10 < 0x3ea) {</pre>
73
                                       if (local_10 == 1000) {
74
                                          sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
75
                                          *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x38;
76
77
                                       else {
78
                                         if (local_10 < 0x3e9) {</pre>
79
                                            if (local_10 == 0x6f) {
80
                                              sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
81
                                              *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x37;
82
83
                                            else {
84
                                              if (local_10 < 0x70) {</pre>
85
86
                                                if (local_10 == 0x6e) {
                                                  sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
87
                                                  *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x36;
88
89
                                                else {
90
91
                                                  if (local_10 < 0x6f) {
                                                    if (local_10 == 0x65) {
   sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
92
93
94
                                                       *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x35;
95
                                                    else {
96
                                                       if (local_10 < 0x66) {</pre>
97
                                                         if (local_10 == 100) {
98
                                                           sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
99
                                                           *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x34;
100
101
                                                         else {
102
                                                           if (local_10 < 0x65) {</pre>
103
                                                             if (local_10 == 0xb) {
104
                                                               sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
105
                                                                *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) =
106
107
                                                                     0x33;
108
                                                             else {
109
110
                                                               if (local_10 < 0xc) {</pre>
                                                                  if (local_10 == 10) {
111
                                                                   sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
112
113
                                                                  *(undefined2 *)((long)&local_68 + sVar1) =
                                                                         0x32;
114
115
                                                                  else {
116
                                                                    if (local_10 < 0xb) {</pre>
117
118
                                                                      if (local_10 == 0) {
                                                                        sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
119
                                                                         *(undefined2 *)
120
121
                                                                         ((long)\&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x30;
122
                                                                      else {
  if (local_10 == 1) {
123
124
                                                                           sVar1 = strlen((char *)&local_68);
125
                                                                           *(undefined2 *)
126
                                          ((long)\&local_68 + sVar1) = 0x31;
127
128
                                                                        }
129
130
131
132
133
134
135
136
137
138
139
140
141
```

```
}
}

}

}

in the state of the state o
142
143
145
146
147
148
149
150
151
  152
153
154
  155
156
157
  158
                                                                              printf("Binary number: %lld\\n",(ulong)local_c);
printf("Hexadecimal number: %s",&local_68);
159
161
                                                                                   return 0;
162 }
```

#### Chilli (dewolf):

```
1 long sub_401c3d() {
       size_t var_5;
       long i;
       long var_0;
4
       long var_2;
 5
       long var_4;
       long * var_3;
7
       printf(/* format */ "Enter any binary number: ");
       var_3 = &var_0;
       __isoc99_scanf(/* format */ "%lld", var_3);
10
11
       var_2 = 0L;
       for (i = var_0; i > 0L; i /= 0x2710) {
12
           var_4 = i \% 0x2710;
13
           switch(var_4) {
14
           case 0:
15
                var_3 = &var_2;
17
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x30;
18
                break;
19
           case 1:
20
                var_3 = &var_2;
^{21}
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x31;
23
^{24}
                break;
           case 10:
25
               var_3 = &var_2;
26
27
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x32;
28
               break;
29
30
           case 11:
               var_3 = &var_2;
31
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x33;
33
               break;
34
           case 100:
               var_3 = &var_2;
36
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
37
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x34;
38
               break;
39
40
           case 101:
                var_3 = &var_2;
41
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
42
43
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x35;
                break;
44
           case 110:
45
                var_3 = &var_2;
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
47
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x36;
48
49
               break;
           case 111:
50
                var_3 = &var_2;
51
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
52
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x37;
53
                break;
           case 0x3e8:
55
               var_3 = &var_2;
56
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
57
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x38;
58
59
                break;
           case 0x3e9:
60
                var_3 = &var_2;
61
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
62
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x39;
63
                break;
64
           case 0x3f2:
65
               var_3 = &var_2;
66
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
```

```
*(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x41;
68
                break;
69
70
            case 0x3f3:
                var_3 = &var_2;
71
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
72
73
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x42;
                break;
74
            case 0x44c:
75
                var_3 = &var_2;
76
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
77
78
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x43;
                break;
79
            case 0x44d:
80
81
                var_3 = &var_2;
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
82
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x44;
83
84
                break;
            case 0x456:
85
                var_3 = &var_2;
86
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
87
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x45;
88
                break;
            case 0x457:
90
                var_3 = &var_2;
91
                var_5 = strlen(var_3);
92
                *(\&var_2 + var_5) = 0x46;
93
94
                break;
            }
95
96
        printf(/* format */ "Binary number: %lld\\n", var_0 & 0xffffffff);
97
        var_3 = &var_2;
98
        printf(/* format */ "Hexadecimal number: %s", var_3);
99
100
        return 0L;
101 }
```

#### Please rank the decompiled code presented.

/hich aspects in the decompile	iled codes above is especially favorable to you?
Chilli	
Cumin	

Γ

#### 1.3 **Measurement Part**

In this part, we will show you short code snippets that represent the same code but are restructured differently. The goal is to find a way to establish a baseline on user preference between the presented approaches.

#### 1.3.1 Copy Instructions If-Else

Please consider the following two code snippets, which both represent the same semantics with a different structure. In Snippet 1, /\* Block #10 \*/ is copied to achieve a simplified structure, while in Snippet 2 it occurs only once.

Snippet 1:

```
1 /* Block #1 */
while(var_1 > 0){
    if(var_2 == 2){
     /* Block #4 */
     if(var_4 == 4){
       /* Block #8 */
        continue;
     }
      /* Block #9 */
9
    }else{
10
     /* Block #5 */
11
12
13
    /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs two times
14 }
15 if(var_3 > 3){
   /* Block #6 */
17 }else{
   /* Block #7 */
18
19 }
20 /* Block #11 */
21 /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs two times
```

### Snippet 2:

```
1 /* Block #0 */
while(true){
    if(var_1 <= 0){
      if(var_2 != 2){
4
        /* Block #5 */
5
        break;
6
7
      /* Block #4 */
8
      if(var_4 == 4){
9
       /* Block #8 */
10
        continue;
11
12
       /* Block #9 */
13
     break;
14
    }else{
15
      if(var_3 > 3){
16
        /* Block #6 */
17
      }else{
18
        /* Block #7 */
19
20
       /* Block #11 */
22
      break;
   }
23
24 }
25 /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs only once
```

## Which structure do you prefer in general? O Snippet 1 (Copying /\* Block #10 \*/) O Snippet 2 (Not copying /\* Block #10 \*/) O No preference Now, please consider the following possible instruction sequences as replacement for /\* Block #10 \*/: Option 1: return var; Option 2: y = x + 5;z = bar(y);g printf("Some text to print"); y += z;5 return y; Option 3: y = x + 5;z = bar(y);3 printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", z); 4 scanf("%d", &numb1); 5 printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", z); 6 scanf("%d", &numb2); y += z;8 printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", y); 9 scanf("%d", &numb3); printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", y); scanf("%d", &numb4); 12 diff\_1 = numb1 - numb2; $13 \text{ diff}_2 = \text{numb3} - \text{numb4};$ printf("The two differences are %d and %d: \\n", diff\_1, diff\_2); return diff\_1 + diff\_2; Snippet 1 Snippet 2 (Not No preference (Copying /\* copying /\* Block #10 \*/) Block #10 \*/) 0 O 0 Option 1 (1 Instruction)

Please explain your choices. Which criteria guide your decision?

Option 2 (5 Instructions)

Option 3 (15 Instructions)

Now, please assume that /\* Block #10 \*/ contains a more complex structure, for example the following:

```
1 while(var > 1){
       printf("Enter a number \\n");
2
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
3
       if(var % numb == 0){
        var /= numb;
5
       }else{
6
        var -= numb;
      }
      printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
9
    }
10
    return var;
11
```

Snippet 1 and Snippet 2 are structured as before. In Snippet 3, /\* Block #10 \*/ is extracted as a function.

```
1 /* Block #0 */
while(var_1 > 0){
    if(var_2 == 2){
      /* Block #4 */
      if(var_4 == 4){
5
        /* Block #8 */
6
        continue;
7
      }
8
      /* Block #9 */
9
    }else{
10
     /* Block #5 */
11
12
    while(var > 1){
13
     printf("Enter a number \\n");
14
      scanf("%d", &numb1);
15
      if(var % numb == 0){
16
       var /= numb;
17
      }else{
18
        var -= numb;
19
20
       printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
21
22
    return var;
23
24 }
25 if(var_3 > 3){
   /* Block #6 */
26
27 }else{
    /* Block #7 */
^{28}
29 }
30 /* Block #11 */
31 while(var > 1){
    printf("Enter a number \\n");
32
    scanf("%d", &numb1);
33
   if(var % numb == 0){
     var /= numb;
36
   }else{
     var -= numb;
37
38
```

```
printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);

return var;
```

```
1 /* Block #0 */
while(true){
     if(var_1 < 0){
       if(var_2 != 2){
4
         /* Block #5 */
         break;
6
      /* Block #4 */
       if(var_4 == 4){
9
        /* Block #8 */
10
         continue;
11
12
       /* Block #9 */
13
       break;
14
    }else{
15
16
       if(var_3 > 3){
17
        /* Block #6 */
18
       }else{
        /* Block #7 */
19
20
       /* Block #11 */
^{21}
       break;
^{22}
23
24 }
25 while(var > 1){
    printf("Enter a number \\n");
26
     scanf("%d", &numb1);
27
    if(var % numb == 0){
     var /= numb;
30
     }else{
31
      var -= numb;
^{32}
    printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
33
34 }
35 return var;
```

```
return call_sub(var);
13
14 }
15 if(var_3 > 3){
16 /* Block #6 */
17 }else{
   /* Block #7 */
18
19 }
20 /* Block #11 */
return call_sub(var);
22
23
int call_sub(int var){
   while(var > 1){
25
     printf("Enter a number \\n");
26
     scanf("%d", &numb1);
27
     if(var % numb == 0){
       var /= numb;
     }else{
       var -= numb;
31
32
      printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
33
34
    return var;
35
36 }
```

#### Which Snippets do you like? (Multiple choices are possible)

• • •	•	` .	•	,		
☐ Snippet 1 (C	Copying /*	Block #10 :	*/) (Sample 1)			
☐ Snippet 2 (N	lot copying	/* Block #1	0 */) (Sample	∋ 2)		
☐ Snippet 3 (E	extracting /	* Block #10	*/ as a functi	on and calling	it twice)	
Please explain y	our choice	) <u>.</u>				

#### 1.3.2 Copy Instructions Multiple Exit for Loops

Please consider the following two code snippets, which both represent the same semantics with a different structure. In Snippet 1, /\* Block #10 \*/ is copied to achieve a simplified structure, while in Snippet 2 it occurs only once.

```
}else{
11
        /* Block #5 */
12
13
       /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs two times
14
15
16 }
17 /* Block #3 */
18 if(var_3 > 3){
19 /* Block #6 */
20 }else{
   /* Block #7 */
21
22 }
23 /* Block #11 */
_{24} /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs two times
```

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
     while(true){
       if(var_1 > 0){
        exit_1 = 0;
6
        break;
7
       if(var_2 == 2){
8
        /* Block #4 */
9
         if(var_4 == 4){
10
             /* Block #8 */
11
             continue;
12
13
         /* Block #9 */
14
15
       }else{
         /* Block #5 */
16
17
         exit = 1;
18
         break;
19
20
21 }
22 if(var_0 <= 10 || exit_1 == 0){</pre>
    if(var_3 > 3){
23
      /* Block #6 */
24
    }else{
      /* Block #7 */
27
     /* Block #11 */
28
29 }
30 /* Block #10 */ // <---- occurs only once
```

#### Which structure do you prefer in general?

- O Snippet 1 (Copying /\* Block #10 \*/)
- O Snippet 2 (Not copying /\* Block #10 \*/)
- O No preference

Now, please consider the following possible instruction sequences as replacement	nt for
/* Block #10 */:	

### Option 1:

```
1 return var;
```

### Option 2:

```
1  y = x + 5;
2  z = bar(y);
3  printf("Some text to print");
4  y += z;
5  return y;
```

### Option 3:

```
1  y = x + 5;
2  z = bar(y);
3  printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", z);
4  scanf("%d", &numb1);
5  printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", z);
6  scanf("%d", &numb2);
7  y += z;
8  printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", y);
9  scanf("%d", &numb3);
10  printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", y);
11  scanf("%d", &numb4);
12  diff_1 = numb1 - numb2;
13  diff_2 = numb3 - numb4;
14  printf("The two differences are %d and %d: \\n", diff_1, diff_2);
15  return diff_1 + diff_2;
```

	Snippet 1 (Copying /* Block #10 */)	Snippet 2 (Not copying /* Block #10 */)	No preference
Option 1 (1 Instruction)	0	0	0
Option 2 (5 Instructions)	0	0	0
Option 3 (15 Instructions)	0	0	0

Please explain your choices. Which criteria guide your decision?

Now, please assume that /\* Block #10 \*/ contains a more complex structure, like e.g. the following:

```
1 while(var > 1){
       printf("Enter a number \\n");
2
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
3
       if(var % numb == 0){
4
        var /= numb;
5
       }else{
6
        var -= numb;
       }
      printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
9
    }
10
    return var;
11
```

Snippet 1 and Snippet 2 are structured as before. In Snippet 3, /\* Block #10 \*/ is extracted as a function.

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
    while(var_1 > 0){
      if(var_2 == 2){
4
        /* Block #4 */
5
        if(var_4 == 4){
6
         /* Block #8 */
7
          continue;
8
        }
9
        /* Block #9 */
10
      }else{
11
        /* Block #5 */
12
13
      while(var > 1){
        printf("Enter a number \\n");
        scanf("%d", &numb1);
16
        if(var % numb == 0){
17
          var /= numb;
18
        }else{
19
          var -= numb;
20
21
        printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
22
23
24
       return var;
25
26 }
27 /* Block #3 */
28 if(var_3 > 3){
   /* Block #6 */
29
30 }else{
   /* Block #7 */
31
32 }
33 /* Block #11 */
34 while(var > 1){
    printf("Enter a number \\n");
    scanf("%d", &numb1);
   if(var % numb == 0){
37
var /= numb;
```

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
     while(true){
       if(var_1 > 0){
         exit_1 = 0;
         break;
6
7
       if(var_2 == 2){
8
        /* Block #4 */
9
         if(var_4 == 4){
10
           /* Block #8 */
11
           continue;
12
13
         }
         /* Block #9 */
14
15
       }else{
        /* Block #5 */
16
17
       exit = 1;
18
       break;
19
20
21 }
22 if(var_0 <= 10 || exit_1 == 0){</pre>
     if(var_3 > 3){
23
      /* Block #6 */
^{24}
     }else{
26
      /* Block #7 */
27
     /* Block #11 */
28
29 }
30 while(var > 1){
     printf("Enter a number \\n");
31
     scanf("%d", &numb1);
32
     if(var % numb == 0){
33
         var /= numb;
34
     }else{
35
36
         var -= numb;
37
     printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
38
39 }
40 return var;
```

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
3 while(var_1 > 0){
4 if(var_2 == 2){
```

```
/* Block #4 */
5
         if(var_4 == 4){
6
          /* Block #8 */
7
           continue;
8
9
         /* Block #9 */
10
11
       }else{
       /* Block #5 */
12
13
      return call_sub(var);
14
    }
15
16 }
17 /* Block #3 */
18 if(var_3 > 3){
19 /* Block #6 */
20 }else{
   /* Block #7 */
22 }
23 /* Block #11 */
return call_sub(var);
25
26
int call_sub(int var){
28
    while(var > 1){
        printf("Enter a number \\n");
29
         scanf("%d", &numb1);
30
        if(var % numb == 0){
31
          var /= numb;
32
        }else{
33
          var -= numb;
34
35
         printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
36
    }
37
    return var;
38
39 }
```

#### Which Snippets do you like? (Multiple choices are possible)

#### 1.3.3 Copy Instructions Multiple Entry for Loops

Please consider the following two code snippets, which both represent the same semantics with a different structure. In Snippet 1, /\* Block #4 \*/ is copied to achieve a simplified structure, while in Snippet 2 it is not.

```
1  /* Block #0 */
2  if(var_0 > 10){
3    /* Block #1 */
4    /* Block #4 */ // <---- occurs two times
5  }else{
6    /* Block #2 */
7  }
8  while(var_3 > 0){
9    /* Block #4 */ // <---- occurs two times
10  }
11  /* Block #5 */</pre>
```

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
3 /* Block #1 */
   entry_1 = 1;
5 }else{
6 /* Block #2 */
7 entry_1 = 0;
9 while(true){
if(entry_1 == 0 && var_3 > 0){
     break;
11
12
   /* Block #4 */ // <---- occurs only once
13
   entry_1 = 0;
14
15 }
16 /* Block #5 */
```

#### Which structure do you prefer in general?

- O Snippet 1 (Copying /\* Block #4 \*/)
- O Snippet 2 (Not copying /\* Block #4 \*/)
- O No preference

Now, please consider the following possible instruction sequences as replacement for /\* Block #4 \*/:

#### Option 1:

```
return var;
```

#### Option 2:

```
1  y = x + 5;
2  z = bar(y);
3  printf("Some text to print");
4  y += z;
5  return y;
```

#### Option 3:

```
1  y = x + 5;
2  z = bar(y);
3  printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", z);
4  scanf("%d", &numb1);
5  printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", z);
6  scanf("%d", &numb2);
7  y += z;
8  printf("Enter a number larger than %d: \\n", y);
9  scanf("%d", &numb3);
10  printf("Enter a number smaller than %d: \\n", y);
11  scanf("%d", &numb4);
12  diff_1 = numb1 - numb2;
13  diff_2 = numb3 - numb4;
14  printf("The two differences are %d and %d: \\n", diff_1, diff_2);
15  return diff_1 + diff_2;
```

	Snippet 1 (Copying /* Block #4 */)	Snippet 2 (Not copying /* Block #4 */)	No preference
Option 1 (1 Instruction)	0	0	0
Option 2 (5 Instructions)	0	0	0
Option 3 (15 Instructions)	0	0	0

Please explain your choices. Which criteria guide your decision?

Now, please assume that /\* Block #4 \*/ contains a more complex structure, like e.g. the following:

```
1 while(var > 1){
       printf("Enter a number \\n");
2
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
3
       if(var % numb == 0){
4
        var /= numb;
5
      }else{
6
        var -= numb;
       }
      printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
9
    }
10
    return var;
11
```

Snippet 1 and Snippet 2 are structured as before. In Snippet 3, /\* Block #4 \*/ is extracted as a function.

Snippet 1:

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
    /* Block #1 */
3
4
    while(var > 1){
       printf("Enter a number \\n");
5
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
6
       if(var % numb == 0){
        var /= numb;
8
9
      }else{
        var -= numb;
10
11
       printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
12
13
14 }else{
   /* Block #2 */
15
16 }
17 while(var_3 > 0){
    while(var > 1){
18
19
     printf("Enter a number \\n");
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
20
      if(var % numb == 0){
21
       var /= numb;
22
       }else{
23
        var -= numb;
24
25
       printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
26
27
28 }
29 /* Block #5 */
```

#### Snippet 2:

```
1 /* Block #0 */
2 if(var_0 > 10){
3  /* Block #1 */
4 entry_1 = 1;
```

```
5 }else{
6 /* Block #2 */
    entry_1 = 0;
7
8 }
9 while(true){
    if(entry_1 == 0 && var_3 > 0){
10
       break;
11
12
    while(var > 1){
13
       printf("Enter a number \\n");
14
       scanf("%d", &numb1);
15
      if(var % numb == 0){
16
        var /= numb;
17
      }else{
18
        var -= numb;
19
      printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
21
22
    entry_1 = 0;
23
24 }
25 /* Block #5 */
```

#### Snippet 3:

```
1 /* Block #0 */
1 if(var_0 > 10){
   /* Block #1 */
    var = call_sub(var);
5 }else{
   /* Block #2 */
6
7 }
8 while(var_3 > 0){
   var = call_sub(var);
9
10 }
11 /* Block #5 */
int call_sub(int var){
    while(var > 1){
     printf("Enter a number \\n");
15
      scanf("%d", &numb1);
16
      if(var % numb == 0){
17
        var /= numb;
18
      }else{
19
        var -= numb;
20
21
       printf("The new number is %d, \\n", var);
22
23
24
    return var;
25 }
```

#### Which Snippets do you like? (Multiple choices are possible)

- ☐ Snippet 1 (Copying /\* Block #4 \*/) (Sample 1)
  ☐ Snippet 2 (Not copying /\* Block #4 \*/) (Sample 2)
- ☐ Snippet 3 (Extracting /\* Block #4 \*/ as a function and calling it twice)

Please explain your choice.

#### 1.3.4 Switch

Please consider the following two code snippets.

Snippet 1:

### Snippet 2:

```
1 /* ... */
2 if(var == 1){
3    /* Block #1 */
4 }
5 if(var == 2){
6    /* Block #2 */
7 }
8 /* ... */
```

	Snippet 1	Snippet 2	No preference
Which snippet do you prefer?	0	0	0

### Please explain your choice.

Please consider the following two code snippets.

```
break;
case 3:
    /* Block #3 */
break:
8
9
10
         break;
11
    case 4:
12
     /* Block #4 */
break;
13
14
    case 5:
15
       /* Block #5 */
16
          break;
17
18 }
19 /* ... */
```

```
1 /* ... */
2 if(var == 1){
3 /* Block #1 */
4 }
5 if(var == 2){
6 /* Block #2 */
7 }
8 if(var == 3){
9 /* Block #3 */
10 }
if(var == 4){
/* Block #4 */
if(var == 5){
/* Block #5 */
16 }
17 /* ... */
```

	Snippet 1	Snippet 2	No preference
Which snippet do you prefer?	0	0	0

### Please explain your choice.

### Please consider the following three code snippets.

```
1 /* ... */
2 if(var == 1){
3    /* Block #1 */
4 }
5 if(var == 2){
6    /* Block #2 */
7 }
8 if(var != 1 && var !=2 ){
9    /* Block #3 */
10 }
11 /* ... */
```

### Snippet 3:

	Snippet 1	Snippet 2	Snippet 3	Both if- Snippets	No prefer- ence
Which snippet do you prefer?	0	0	0	0	0

### Please explain your choice.

### Please consider the following three code snippets.

```
1 /* ... */
2 switch(var){
3    case 1:
4    /* Block #1 */
5    break;
```

```
6
      case 2:
          /* Block #2 */
7
          break;
8
9
      case 3:
          /* Block #3 */
10
          break;
11
      case 4:
12
         /* Block #4 */
13
         break;
14
     case 5:
15
         /* Block #5 */
16
         break;
17
     default:
18
         /* Block #6 */
19
          break;
20
21 }
22 /* ... */
```

```
1 /* ... */
2 if(var == 1){
3 /* Block #1 */
4 }
5 if(var == 2){
6 /* Block #2 */
7 }
8 if(var == 3){
9 /* Block #3 */
10 }
if(var == 4){
/* Block #4 */
13 }
14 if(var == 5){
/* Block #5 */
if(var != 1 && var !=2 && var != 3 && var != 4 && var != 5){
18 /* Block #6 */
19 }
20 /* ... */
```

```
1 /* ... */
2 if(var == 1){
3 /* Block #1 */
4 }else{
     if(var == 2){
5
       /* Block #2 */
6
      }else{
7
          if(var == 3){
8
             /* Block #3 */
10
          }else{
             if(var == 4){
11
               /* Block #4 */
12
              }else{
13
```

```
if(var == 5){
14
                         /* Block #5 */
15
                     }else{
16
                         /* Block #6 */
17
18
                }
19
           }
20
       }
^{21}
22 }
23 /* ... */
```

	Snippet 1	Snippet 2	Snippet 3	Both if- Snippets	No prefer- ence
Which snippet do you prefer?	0	0	0	0	0

### Please explain your choice.

#### 1.3.5 Conditions

Please consider the following code snippets which all represent the same semantics and rank them from your favourite to least favourite.

### Snippet 1:

### Snippet 2:

```
1  /* ... */
2  bool cond1 = a == 5;
3  bool cond2 = c <= 3d-4;
4  bool cond3 = ((x+y) < (z <<2)) || (u > 20);
5  if( cond1 && cond2 && cond3 ){
6     // do something
7  }
8  /* ... */
```

O :		- 1	4
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Snippet 2

Snippet 3

Please explain your choice.

## 1.3.6 For-loops

Please consider the following code snippets which all represent the same code and rank them from your favourite to least favourite.

### Snippet 1:

```
1 /* ... */
2 for(i = var_0; i > 10; i = (i * 3257 >> 5 >> 2) - (i >> 32)){
3    /* Block #1 */
4 }
5 /* ... */
```

### Snippet 2:

```
1  /* ... */
2  c = car_0;
3  while(c > 10){
4     /* Block #1 */
5     c = (c * 3257 >> 5 >> 2) - (c >> 32);
6  }
7  /* ... */
```

```
Snippet 4:

/* ... */

Snippet 4:

/* ... */
for(i = var_0; i > 10; i = x - (i >> 32)){
    /* Block #1 */
    x = i * 3257 >> 5 >> 2;
}
/* ... */

Snippet 1 (Sample 1)

Snippet 2 (Sample 2)

Snippet 3 (Sample 3)

Snippet 4 (Sample 4)

Please explain your choice.
```

### 1.4 Feedback

Thank you very much for getting this far and also for participating in any previous surveys! This is very likely to be our last decompiler survey for now.

If you would like to leave us any feedback about the survey, please use the lines below to help us improve ourselves.