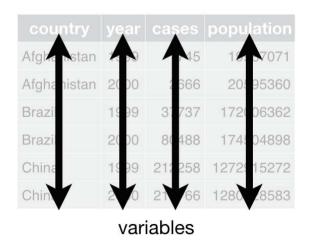
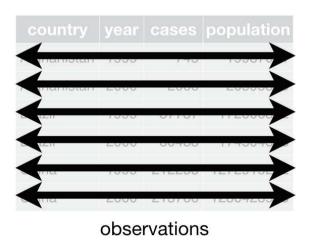
Summarizing and Transforming Data in R

Saving you time and sanity





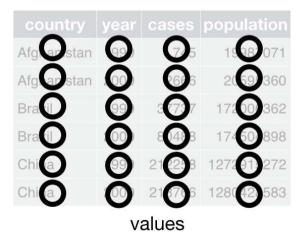


Image from R florp Data (Science Le. ca

Types of Modifications

1. Subset

- Subset by groups (i.e., rows)
- Subset by variables (i.e., columns)

2. Joining data sets

3. Creating new columns

- Creating categories
- Column calculations
- By group

4. Summarize existing columns

Summarizing by group

5. **Transpose**

- Going between wide and long data formats
- Transposing for analysis
- Transposing for visualizations

Getting ready

Using packages:

```
library(tidyverse)
library(skimr)
```

Using data sets:

- grain_size2.csv (download <u>here</u>)
- grain_meta.csv (download here)

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv")
size</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 9
##
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt clay
##
    <chr> <dbl>
                      <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                    <dbl>
                                                                              <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                               8.17 16.3
## 1 CSP01
                       13.0
                                   17.4
                                             19.7
                                                        14.1
                                                                    11.2
                       10.7
                                   16.9
                                             19.2
                                                        14.1
                                                                               9.03 18.4
## 2 CSP01
             12
                                                                    11.7
                                             16.1
## 3 CSP01
                       12.1
                                   17.8
                                                        10.3
                                                                     9.51
                                                                               7.47 26.7
             35
## 4 CSP01
                       17.6
                                   18.2
                                             14.3
                                                                     9.1
                                                                               8.7
             53
                                                         9.4
                                                                                     22.7
## 5 CSP01
             83
                       21.0
                                   18.4
                                             14.3
                                                         9.79
                                                                     8.79
                                                                               7.29 20.4
## 6 CSP01
            105
                       19.0
                                   18.4
                                          14.4
                                                        10.8
                                                                     9.4
                                                                               8.22 19.7
                       11.6
                                             20.8
                                                        16.3
                                                                     9.55
## 7 CSP08
             10
                                   17.1
                                                                               6.23 18.4
## 8 CSP08
             27
                       15.4
                                   16.2
                                             17.8
                                                        14.3
                                                                    10.4
                                                                               6.1
                                                                                    19.6
## # ... with 106 more rows
```

skim() our data

```
## -- Data Summary ----
                         Values
##
## Name
                         size
## Number of rows
                        114
## Number of columns
## Column type frequency:
   character
                         1
   numeric
## Group variables
                         None
##
## -- Variable type: character ----
## skim variable n_missing complete_rate min max empty n_unique whitespace
## 1 plot
                                    5
                        1
                                                        27
##
## -- Variable type: numeric ----
   skim_variable n_missing complete_rate mean sd p0
                                                    p25 p50 p75 p100 hist
## 1 depth
                        1 45.2 40.5
                                                              68.8 190
                                              2 13 33
## 2 coarse_sand
                                 1 14.0 7.52 1.71 8.05 13.1 18.8 40.0
## 3 medium_sand
                      0 1 12.4 4.83 2.7 8.44 12.7 16.2 22.2
## 4 fine sand
                                1 13.2 3.46 5.52 10.9 13.0 15.5 20.8
## 5 coarse_silt
                                 1 15.7
                                         6.65 6.73 10.7 14.1 18.1 42.8
## 6 medium_silt
                                  1 14.1
                                         4.09 7.85 11.2 13.0 16.4 28.0
```

skim() our data

```
##
## -- Variable type: character ---
    skim_variable n_missing complete_rate
                                      min
                                            max empty n_unique whitespace
## 1 plot
                                          5
                                                     0
                                                             27
                        0
##
## -- Variable type: numeric -
    skim_variable n_missing complete_rate mean
                                                         p25
                                                                    p75
                                                                        p100 hist
                                               sd
                                                    p0
                                                              p50
## 1 depth
                                     1 45.2 40.5
                                                       13
                                                                   68.8 190
                                                  2
                                                            33
## 2 coarse_sand
                                     1 14.0
                                           7.52 1.71 8.05 13.1
                                                                   18.8 40.0 ----
## 3 medium_sand
                                    1 12.4
                                             4.83 2.7 8.44 12.7
                                                                   16.2 22.2 ■
## 4 fine_sand
                                             3.46 5.52 10.9 13.0
                                                                   15.5 20.8 ____
                                    1 13.2
                        0
## 5 coarse_silt
                                    1 15.7
                                             6.65 6.73 10.7 14.1
                                                                   18.1 42.8
## 6 medium_silt
                                                                   16.4 28.0
                                    1 14.1
                                             4.09 7.85 11.2 13.0
## 7 fine_silt
                                    1 9.21 2.47 3.94 7.45 8.70 10.6 15.3 _____
## 8 clay
                                                       18.1 21.2
                                     1 21.3
                                             5.01 4
                                                                   24.8 31.6 ___
```

Subsetting

By rows and column

filter() (tidyverse function, specifically from dplyr package)

```
filter(data, expression1, expression2, etc.)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Column expressions reference actual columns in data
- Here logical statments relating to **column** values

Subset by group (i.e., by categorical value)

```
filter(size, plot %in% c("CSP11", "CSP13"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 9
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt clay
    <chr> <dbl>
                      <dbl>
                                  <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
                                                                   <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 CSP13
                                                                    7.92
                                                                              6.05 16.3
                      22.1
                                  17.5
                                            18.3
                                                        11.9
## 2 CSP13
             10
                      12.1
                                 14.9
                                           18
                                                       13.1
                                                                   10.4
                                                                             7.92 23.6
## 3 CSP13
                      13.7
                                                                              6.31 31.6
                                 12.7
                                           14.3
                                                        11.7
                                                                    9.67
## 4 CSP13
                      27.1
                                                        9.69
                                                                             7.82 24.8
                                   9.74
                                           11.1
                                                                    9.79
## 5 CSP13
                      10.4
                                           16.0
                                                                             10.2
                                                                                    23.5
            140
                                  15.3
                                                        12.4
                                                                   12.4
## 6 CSP11
             20
                       6.67
                                   3.94
                                             5.52
                                                        23.7
                                                                   23
                                                                             14.8 22.3
## 7 CSP11
                       5.27
                                   4.23
                                             6.11
                                                        23.6
                                                                   23.9
                                                                             15.3
                                                                                  21.6
                                             6.62
                                                        24.5
                                                                   25.5
                                                                                    21.3
## 8 CSP11
             47
                       4.34
                                   4.03
                                                                             13.8
## 9 CSP11
                       5.28
                                             7.07
                                                        22.8
                                                                   28.0
                                                                                    20.2
                                   4.26
                                                                             12.4
            143
```

Subset by group (i.e., by categorical value)

```
filter(size, plot %in% c("CSP11", "CSP13"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 9
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium silt fine silt clay
    <chr> <dbl>
                    <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
                                                  <dbl>
                                                             <dbl>
                                                                      <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 CSP13
                                                                      6.05 16.3
                    22.1
                              17.5
                                      18.3
                                                  11.9
                                                            7.92
## 2 CSP13
                    12.1
                              14.9
                                       18
                                                  13.1
                                                            10.4 7.92 23.6
                    13.7
## 3 CSP13
                         12.7
                                      14.3
                                                  11.7
                                                        9.67
                                                                      6.31 31.6
                    27.1
                                                  9.69
                                                                  7.82 24.8
## 4 CSP13
                         9.74
                                      11.1
                                                        9.79
## 5 CSP13
                    10.4
                                      16.0
                                                                      10.2 23.5
           140
                              15.3
                                                  12.4
                                                            12.4
## 6 CSP11
                   6.67
                               3.94
                                      5.52
                                                  23.7
                                                             23
                                                                      14.8 22.3
## 7 CSP11
                    5.27
                               4.23
                                      6.11
                                                  23.6
                                                             23.9
                                                                     15.3 21.6
                                        6.62
## 8 CSP11
            47
                    4.34
                               4.03
                                                  24.5
                                                             25.5
                                                                     13.8
                                                                           21.3
## 9 CSP11
                                                             28.0
                     5.28
                               4.26
                                        7.07
                                                  22.8
                                                                      12.4
                                                                            20.2
           143
```

Note: To save this as a separate object, don't forget assignments:

```
size_sub <- filter(size, plot %in% c("CSP11", "CSP13"))</pre>
```

Subset by measures (i.e., by numerical value)

```
filter(size, depth > 140 | depth < 4)
```

```
## # A tibble: 9 x 9
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt clay
##
    <chr> <dbl>
##
                     <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                     <dbl>
                                                                <dbl>
                                                                         <dbl> <dbl>
## 1 CSP13
                     22.1
                                17.5
                                         18.3
                                                     11.9
                                                               7.92
                                                                          6.05 16.3
## 2 CSP19 190
                     3.33
                                 4.28
                                        14.2
                                                     42.8
                                                                21.5
                                                                          9.92
                                                                               4
## 3 CSP11
          143
                      5.28
                                 4.26
                                        7.07
                                                     22.8
                                                                28.0
                                                                         12.4
                                                                               20.2
                                                                          9.88 17.3
## 4 CSP14
                     16.1
                                15.0
                                         17.5
                                                     12.2
                                                                12
## 5 CSP15
          146
                     13.6
                                12.3
                                         12.5
                                                     12.0
                                                                18.1
                                                                         10.4
                                                                              21.1
## 6 CSP20
                      5.12
                                 5.09
                                         17.9
                                                     25.9
                                                                14.3
                                                                         11.8
                                                                              19.9
## 7 CSP20
                     22.7
                                12.9
                                         12.7
                                                     17.7
                                                                14.9
                                                                         7.59 11.5
           150
                                         11.9
                                                                15.5
                                                                         10.4
                                                                              22.4
## 8 CSP21
                     14.1
                                11.6
                                                     14.1
## 9 CSP22
                     17.9
                                13.6
                                         13.1
                                                     13.5
                                                                12.6
                                                                          8.39 20.9
           182
```

Tangent: Logical Operators

Possible options

Operator	Code
OR	1
AND	&
EQUAL	==
NOT EQUAL	!=
NOT	!
Greater than	>
Less than	<
Greater than or equal to	>=
Less than or equal to	<=
In	%in%

Tangent: Logical Operators

Possible options

Operator	Code
OR	
AND	&
EQUAL	==
NOT EQUAL	!=
NOT	!
Greater than	>
Less than	<
Greater than or equal to	>=
Less than or equal to	<=
In	%in%

Single comparisons

```
1 < 2
1 == 2
1 != 2
```

Multiple comparisons

```
1 == c(1, 2, 1, "apple")
"apple" %in% c(1, 2, 1, "apple")
c(1, 2, 1, "apple") %in% "apple"

fruit <- c("apple", "pear", "orange")
fruit %in% c("apple", "pear")
fruit == "apple" | fruit == "pear"</pre>
```

Your turn! Give it a try

Which values are greater than 100 OR less than 4?

```
## [1] FALSE FALSE
```

Return only rows with TRUE

```
filter(size, depth > 140 | depth < 4)
```

Subset by combination

```
filter(size,
      depth > 100,
      plot %in% c("CSP11", "CSP13"))
## # A tibble: 2 x 9
   plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt clay
##
   <chr> <dbl>
                  <dbl>
                                                                 <dbl> <dbl>
                            <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                        <dbl>
## 1 CSP13 140
                  10.4
                            15.3 16.0 12.4
                                                         12.4 10.2 23.5
                                                         28.0
## 2 CSP11 143
                   5.28
                             4.26
                                   7.07
                                               22.8
                                                                 12.4 20.2
```

Subset by combination

Equivalent

Separate arguments in **filter** act like **AND** (&)

select() (tidyverse function, specifically from dplyr package)

```
select(data, selection1, selection2, etc.)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Specify **columns** to keep or remove
- Column selections reference actual columns in data

Subset by variable (i.e., column)

```
select(size, coarse_sand, medium_sand, fine_sand)
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
   coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
##
        <dbl>
             <dbl>
                        <dbl>
##
## 1
       13.0
             17.4
                     19.7
## 2
   10.7 16.9 19.2
             17.8 16.1
## 3 12.1
## 4
   17.6
                 18.2
                     14.3
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Subset by variable (i.e., column)

```
select(size, coarse_sand, medium_sand, fine_sand)
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
   coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
##
         <dbl>
                           <dbl>
                   <dbl>
##
## 1
        13.0
                   17.4
                       19.7
## 2
    10.7
              16.9 19.2
   12.1
                   17.8
                       16.1
## 3
## 4
    17.6
                   18.2
                           14.3
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Using helper functions

```
select(size, ends_with("sand"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
   coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
                 <dbl>
        <dbl>
                         <dbl>
##
## 1
        13.0
                  17.4
                          19.7
## 2 10.7
                  16.9
                          19.2
   12.1
                  17.8
                          16.1
## 3
## 4
    17.6
                  18.2
                          14.3
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Subset by variable (i.e., column)

```
select(size, coarse_sand, medium_sand, fine_sand)
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
    coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
##
          <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                      <dbl>
##
## 1
           13.0
                                19.7
                      17.4
## 2
          10.7
                      16.9
                           19.2
    12.1
                      17.8
                                16.1
## 3
## 4
           17.6
                      18.2
                                14.3
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Using helper functions

```
select(size, ends_with("sand"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
    coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
                   <dbl>
         <dbl>
                           <dbl>
##
## 1
         13.0
                   17.4
                            19.7
## 2
        10.7
                   16.9
                            19.2
    12.1
                   17.8
                            16.1
## 3
## 4
    17.6
                   18.2
                            14.3
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Some other helper functions (?select_helpers):

Function	Usage
starts_with()	starts_with("fine")
<pre>contains()</pre>	<pre>contains("sand")</pre>
<pre>everything()</pre>	Useful for rearranging
<pre>matches()</pre>	Uses regular expressions

Put it all together

```
size %>%
  filter(depth > 100,
        plot %in% c("CSP13", "CSP25")) %>%
  select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand"))
## # A tibble: 2 x 5
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand
    <chr> <dbl>
                                        <dbl>
                    <dbl>
                               <dbl>
## 1 CSP13 140
                10.4
                          15.3 16.0
                                      13.8
## 2 CSP25 130
                 18.6
                                21.3
```

Put it all together

To save as a separate object

```
size_sub_sand <- size %>%
filter(depth > 100,
    plot %in% c("CSP13", "CSP25")) %>%
select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand"))
```

Your turn: Subsetting

- Subset the data to variables **plot**, **depth** and all measures of **sand**
- Keep only values where there is **at least 30% clay**

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
filter(???) %>%
select(???)
```

All particle values are percentages (depth is cm)

Extra Challenge What happens if you select() before you filter()?

Your turn: Subsetting

- Subset the data to variables plot, depth and all measures of sand
- Keep only values where there is **at least 30% clay**

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  filter(clay >= 30) %>%
  select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand"))
head(size)
```

Your turn: Subsetting

- Subset the data to variables **plot**, **depth** and all measures of **sand**
- Keep only values where there is <u>at least</u> 30% clay

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  filter(clay >= 30) %>%
  select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand"))
head(size)
```

Select equivalents:

```
select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand"))
select(plot, depth, contains("sand"))
select(plot, depth, coarse_sand, medium_sand, fine_sand)
select(-coarse_silt, -medium_silt, -fine_silt, -clay)
```

Your turn: Subsetting (Extra Challenge)

What happens if you select() before you filter()?

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  select(plot, depth, ends_with("sand")) %>%
  filter(clay >= 30)

## Error: Problem with `filter()` input `..1`.
## x object 'clay' not found
## i Input `..1` is `clay >= 30`.
```

- Lines are sequential
- First **select()** removes column **clay**
- Then **filter()** cannot find **clay**

Joining/Merging

Two data sets

- Measurements
- Metadata

Plot	Date	# birds
А	2018-05-01	1
А	2018-06-01	1
А	2018-07-01	2
В	2018-05-01	3
В	2018-06-01	4
В	2018-07-01	9

Plot	Vegetation Density
А	50
В	76

Two data sets

- Measurements
- Metadata

Plot	Date	# birds
А	2018-05-01	1
Α	2018-06-01	1
А	2018-07-01	2
В	2018-05-01	3
В	2018-06-01	4
В	2018-07-01	9

Joining them together

• Duplicate metadata to line up with measurements

Plot	Date	# birds	Vegetation Density
Α	2018-05-01	1	50
Α	2018-06-01	1	50
Α	2018-07-01	2	50
В	2018-05-01	3	76
В	2018-06-01	4	76
В	2018-07-01	9	76

Plot	Vegetation Density
А	50
В	76

Index or Metadata

```
meta <- read_csv("./data/grain_meta.csv")
head(meta)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## plot habitat technician date
## <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <date>
## 1 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
## 2 CSP02 clearcut Catharine 2008-07-13
## 3 CSP03 forest Jason 2008-09-29
## 4 CSP04 forest Catharine 2008-07-01
## 5 CSP05 grassland Catharine 2009-04-23
## 6 CSP06 grassland Jason 2008-12-28
```

Measurements

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv")
head(size)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
    plot depth coarse sand medium sand fine sand coarse silt
    <chr> <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                   <dbl>
                                             <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
              4
                        13.0
                                    17.4
                                              19.7
                                                         14.1
## 2 CSP01
                        10.7
                                    16.9
                                              19.2
                                                         14.1
              12
                                              16.1
## 3 CSP01
              35
                        12.1
                                    17.8
                                                         10.3
## 4 CSP01
              53
                        17.6
                                    18.2
                                              14.3
                                                          9.4
                                    18.4
                                              14.3
## 5 CSP01
              83
                        21.0
                                                          9.79
## 6 CSP01
             105
                        19.0
                                    18.4
                                              14.4
                                                         10.8
## # ... with 3 more variables: medium_silt <dbl>, fine_silt <dbl>,
## #
       clay <dbl>
```

Index or Metadata

```
meta <- read_csv("./data/grain_meta.csv")
head(meta)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 4
## plot habitat technician date
## <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> <chr> Catharine 2009-02-17
## 2 CSP02 clearcut Catharine 2008-07-13
## 3 CSP03 forest Jason 2008-09-29
## 4 CSP04 forest Catharine 2008-07-01
## 5 CSP05 grassland Catharine 2009-04-23
## 6 CSP06 grassland Jason 2008-12-28
```

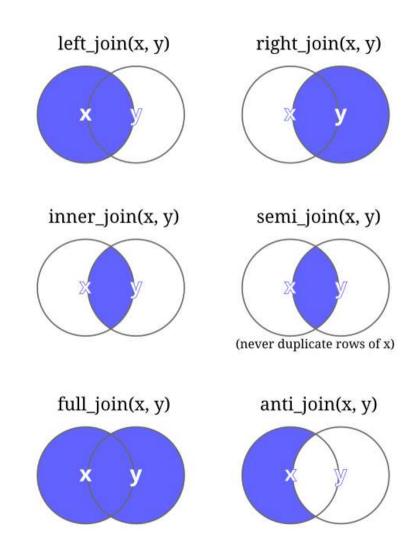
Measurements

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv")
head(size)</pre>
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 9
    plot depth coarse sand medium sand fine sand coarse silt
    <chr> <dbl>
                       <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                          <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
               4
                        13.0
                                    17.4
                                               19.7
                                                          14.1
## 2 CSP01
                        10.7
                                    16.9
                                               19.2
                                                          14.1
              12
                                               16.1
## 3 CSP01
              35
                        12.1
                                    17.8
                                                          10.3
## 4 CSP01
              53
                        17.6
                                    18.2
                                               14.3
                                                           9.4
                                    18.4
                                               14.3
## 5 CSP01
              83
                        21.0
                                                           9.79
## 6 CSP01
             105
                        19.0
                                    18.4
                                               14.4
                                                          10.8
## # ... with 3 more variables: medium_silt <dbl>, fine_silt <dbl>,
## #
       clay <dbl>
```

left_join(x, y)

- Keep all rows in x
- Keep rows in y only if they're also in x

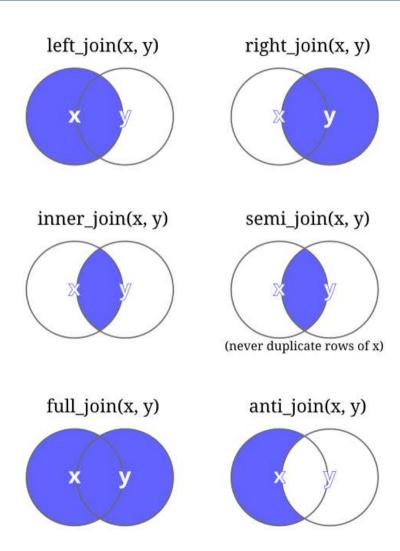


left_join(x, y)

- Keep all rows in x
- Keep rows in y only if they're also in x

right_join(x, y)

- Keep all rows in y
- Keep rows in x only if they're also in y



left_join(x, y)

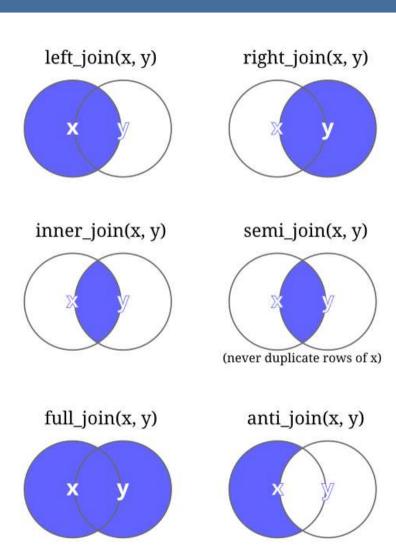
- Keep all rows in x
- Keep rows in y only if they're also in x

right_join(x, y)

- Keep all rows in y
- Keep rows in x only if they're also in y

inner_join(x, y)

Keep only rows that exist in both data frames



left_join(x, y)

- Keep all rows in x
- Keep rows in y only if they're also in x

right_join(x, y)

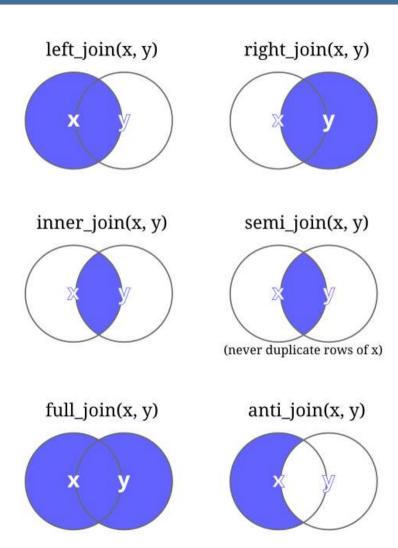
- Keep all rows in y
- Keep rows in x only if they're also in y

inner_join(x, y)

• Keep **only** rows that exist in **both** data frames

full_join(x, y)

Keep all rows that exist in either x or y



left_join() (tidyverse function, specifically from dplyr package)

(applies to other joins as well)

```
left_join(x = data, y = data_to_join, by = c("column1", "column2"), ...)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Here, also reference second data_to_join
- by refers columns in data and data_to_join used to join

Keep all measurements, only keep meta if we have a measurement

```
size <- left_join(x = size, y = meta, by = "plot")</pre>
```

Joining data sets

Keep all measurements, only keep meta if we have a measurement

```
size <- left_join(x = size, y = meta, by = "plot")</pre>
```

OR

```
size <- right_join(x = meta, y = size, by = "plot")
```

Joining data sets

Keep all measurements, only keep meta if we have a measurement

```
size <- left_join(x = size, y = meta, by = "plot")</pre>
```

OR

```
size <- right_join(x = meta, y = size, by = "plot")
```

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 12
                                    depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt
    plot habitat technician date
    <chr> <chr> <chr>
                          <date>
                                    <dbl>
                                               <dbl>
                                                         <dbl>
                                                                  <dbl>
                                                                             <dbl>
                                                                                        <dbl>
## 1 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               13.0
                                                          17.4
                                                                 19.7
                                                                             14.1
                                                                                        11.2
## 2 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               10.7
                                                          16.9 19.2
                                                                            14.1
                                                                                       11.7
                                      12
## 3 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               12.1
                                                          17.8 16.1 10.3
                                                                                        9.51
## 4 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               17.6
                                                          18.2
                                                                 14.3
                                                                              9.4
                                                                                        9.1
## 5 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               21.0
                                                                                        8.79
                                                          18.4
                                                                 14.3
                                                                              9.79
## 6 CSP01 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                               19.0
                                                          18.4
                                                                   14.4
                                                                             10.8
                                                                                         9.4
                                      105
## # ... with 2 more variables: fine_silt <dbl>, clay <dbl>
```

For more information see R for Data Science Chapter 13.4 Mutating joins

Creating columns with mutate()



Artwork by @allison horst 27 / 81

Creating new columns

mutate() (tidyverse function, specifically from dplyr package)

```
mutate(data, column1 = expression1, column2 = expression2)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Create new or modify existing columns in the data
- Columns filled according to expression

Creating new columns

R base

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv")
size$total_sand <- size$coarse_sand +
   size$medium_sand +
   size$fine_sand</pre>
```

tidyverse

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  mutate(total_sand = coarse_sand + medium_sand + fine_sand)
```

Creating new columns

R base

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv")
size$total_sand <- size$coarse_sand +
   size$medium_sand +
   size$fine_sand</pre>
```

tidyverse

```
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  mutate(total_sand = coarse_sand + medium_sand + fine_sand)
```

Either way

```
## # A tibble: 6 x 10
    plot depth coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt clay total_sand
    <chr> <dbl>
                     <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                         <dbl>
                                                    <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl> <dbl>
                                                                                        <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
                                                    14.1
                                                               11.2
                                                                                         50.1
                     13.0
                                17.4
                                       19.7
                                                                         8.17 16.3
## 2 CSP01
           12
                     10.7
                                16.9 19.2
                                                    14.1
                                                         11.7
                                                                         9.03 18.4
                                                                                         46.8
## 3 CSP01
                     12.1
                                17.8
                                       16.1
                                                    10.3
                                                          9.51
                                                                         7.47 26.7
                                                                                         46
                                        14.3
                                                    9.4
## 4 CSP01
            53
                     17.6
                                18.2
                                                                9.1
                                                                         8.7
                                                                              22.7
                                                                                         50.1
                     21.0
                                18.4
                                         14.3
                                                     9.79
## 5 CSP01
                                                                8.79
                                                                         7.29 20.4
                                                                                         53.8
## 6 CSP01
           105
                     19.0
                                18.4
                                          14.4
                                                    10.8
                                                                9.4
                                                                         8.22 19.7
                                                                                         51.9
```

Note: Column math is *vectorized* (i.e., row by row)

Tangent: Vectorized

Vectorized functions run in parallel across vectors

- Many functions in R are vectorized
- Makes them faster, and easier

For example, try the following:

```
a <- c(1, 2, 3)
a + a

size$coarse_sand[1:5]
size$medium_sand[1:5]

size$coarse_sand[1:5] + size$medium_sand[1:5]</pre>
```

Tangent: Vectorized

Vectorized functions run in parallel across vectors

- Many functions in R are vectorized
- Makes them faster, and easier

But not all functions are vectorized

For example, try the following:

```
a <- c(1, 2, 3)
a + a

size$coarse_sand[1:5]
size$medium_sand[1:5]

size$coarse_sand[1:5] + size$medium_sand[1:5]</pre>
```

For example

```
sum(a, a)
sum(size$coarse_sand[1:5],
    size$medium_sand[1:5])
mean(c(a, a))
mean(c(size$coarse_sand[1:5],
    size$medium_sand[1:5]))
```

- Add a calculation for **total silt**
- Check your work

Extra Challenge

What happens if you add total_sand and total_silt together in the same mutate() function?

- Add a calculation for total silt
- Check your work

- Add a calculation for total silt
- Check your work

```
select(size, contains("silt"))
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 4
##
     coarse_silt medium_silt fine_silt total_silt
##
          <dbl>
                     <dbl>
                              <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
          14.1
                    11.2
##
                              8.17
                                        33.5
      14.1 11.7
                              9.03
                                        34.8
       10.3
                9.51
                              7.47
                                        27.3
        9.4
                 9.1
                              8.7
                                        27.2
## 5
        9.79
                   8.79
                              7.29
                                        25.9
          10.8
                     9.4
                              8.22
                                        28.4
          16.3
                     9.55
                              6.23
                                        32.1
          14.3
                     10.4
                              6.1
                                        30.8
##
          15.1
                     11.5
                              7.56
                                        34.2
          12.0
                     18.3
                              15.2
                                        45.4
  10
## # ... with 104 more rows
```

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- Add a calculation for **total silt**
- Check your work

```
select(size, contains("silt")) %>%
as.data.frame()
```

##		coarse_silt	medium_silt	fine_silt	total_silt
##	1	14.12	11.25	8.17	33.54
##	2	14.13	11.68	9.03	34.84
##	3	10.33	9.51	7.47	27.31
##	4	9.40	9.10	8.70	27.20
##	5	9.79	8.79	7.29	25.87
##	6	10.79	9.40	8.22	28.41
##	7	16.30	9.55	6.23	32.08
##	8	14.27	10.44	6.10	30.81
##	9	15.13	11.54	7.56	34.23
##	10	11.96	18.27	15.22	45.45
##	11	10.70	18.33	14.30	43.33
##	12	10.68	18.96	14.45	44.09
##	13	11.08	17.95	13.74	42.77

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Your turn: Creating new columns (Extra Challenge)

What happens if you add total_sand and total_silt together in the same mutate()?

- You get the sum!
- Lines within mutate() run sequentially
- You can create total_sand and total_silt in the first two lines then use them in the 3rd
- But you could not create **total_sand** and **total_silt** *after* using them

group_by() and ungroup() (tidyverse functions, specifically from dplyr package)

```
group_by(data, column1, column2)
ungroup(data)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- group_by() applies grouping according to specified data columns
- ungroup() removes grouping

mutate() without grouping:

```
size <- size %>%
  mutate(mean_sand_all = mean(total_sand))
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
##
     plot total_sand mean_sand_all
    <chr>
                 <dbl>
                               <dbl>
##
                                39.6
   1 CSP01
                 50.1
   2 CSP01
             46.8
                                39.6
   3 CSP01
                 46
                                39.6
                 50.1
   4 CSP01
                                39.6
   5 CSP01
                 53.8
                                39.6
   6 CSP01
                  51.9
                                39.6
   7 CSP08
                 49.6
                                39.6
   8 CSP08
                 49.5
                                39.6
   9 CSP08
                 49.2
                                39.6
## 10 CSP02
                  26.0
                                39.6
## # ... with 104 more rows
```

... with 104 more rows

mutate() without grouping:

```
size <- size %>%
  mutate(mean sand all = mean(total sand))
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
##
      plot total sand mean sand all
##
     <chr>
                 <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                39.6
   1 CSP01
                  50.1
   2 CSP01
                  46.8
                                39.6
   3 CSP01
                  46
                                39.6
   4 CSP01
                  50.1
                                39.6
    5 CSP01
                  53.8
                                39.6
   6 CSP01
                  51.9
                                39.6
   7 CSP08
                  49.6
                                39.6
   8 CSP08
                  49.5
                                39.6
   9 CSP08
                  49.2
                                39.6
  10 CSP02
                  26.0
                                39.6
```

Grouping via group_by():

```
size <- size %>%
  group_by(plot) %>%
  mutate(mean_sand_plot = mean(total_sand)) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
    plot total sand mean sand plot
    <chr>
                <dbl>
                               <dbl>
##
## 1 CSP01
                 50.1
                                49.8
## 2 CSP01
                 46.8
                                49.8
## 3 CSP01
                 46
                                49.8
## 4 CSP01
                 50.1
                                49.8
## 5 CSP01
                 53.8
                                49.8
## 6 CSP01
                 51.9
                                49.8
## 7 CSP08
                 49.6
                                49.4
## 8 CSP08
                                49.4
                 49.5
## # ... with 106 more rows
```

10 CSP02

... with 104 more rows

mutate() without grouping:

```
size <- size %>%
  mutate(mean sand all = mean(total sand))
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
##
      plot total sand mean sand all
##
     <chr>
                 <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                39.6
   1 CSP01
                  50.1
   2 CSP01
                  46.8
                                39.6
   3 CSP01
                  46
                                39.6
   4 CSP01
                  50.1
                                 39.6
    5 CSP01
                  53.8
                                39.6
    6 CSP01
                  51.9
                                 39.6
   7 CSP08
                  49.6
                                 39.6
   8 CSP08
                  49.5
                                 39.6
   9 CSP08
                  49.2
                                 39.6
```

26.0

39.6

Grouping via group_by():

```
size <- size %>%
  group_by(plot) %>%
  mutate(mean_sand_plot = mean(total_sand)) %>%
  ungroup()
```

```
## # A tibb
                  Always remember to
     plot
##
                 ungroup() your data
     <chr>
##
## 1 CSP01
                  30.I
                                  43.0
## 2 CSP01
                  46.8
                                  49.8
## 3 CSP01
                  46
                                  49.8
## 4 CSP01
                  50.1
                                  49.8
## 5 CSP01
                  53.8
                                  49.8
## 6 CSP01
                  51.9
                                  49.8
## 7 CSP08
                  49.6
                                  49.4
## 8 CSP08
                  49.5
                                  49.4
## # ... with 106 more rows
```



Your turn: Mutating by group

Add a column containing the **mean amount of total silt** *per* **plot**

Your turn: Mutating by group

Add a column containing the **mean amount of total silt** *per* **plot**

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 6
   plot coarse silt medium silt fine silt total silt mean silt
##
   <chr>
            <dbl>
                     <dbl>
                             <dbl>
                                     <dbl>
                                            <dbl>
## 1 CSP01 14.1
                     11.2 8.17
                                     33.5
                                             29.5
## 2 CSP01 14.1
                     11.7 9.03
                                 34.8
                                             29.5
         10.3 9.51 7.47
                                 27.3
                                             29.5
## 3 CSP01
## 4 CSP01
        9.4
                  9.1
                             8.7 27.2
                                             29.5
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Put it all together

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 6
##
   plot depth total_sand total_silt mean_sand mean_silt
##
  <chr> <dbl> <dbl>
                        <dbl>
                                <dbl>
                                       <dbl>
## 1 CSP01 4 50.1 33.5 49.8 29.5
## 2 CSP01 12
                46.8 34.8 49.8 29.5
## 3 CSP01 35
                 46 27.3
                                49.8 29.5
## 4 CSP01
          53
                 50.1 27.2
                                49.8 29.5
                         25.9
                                49.8
                                        29.5
## 5 CSP01
          83
                 53.8
```

Summarizing

SUMMarize() (tidyverse functions, specifically from dplyr package)

```
summarize(data, column1 = expression1, column2 = expression2)
```

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Collapse data
- Create new columns
- Columns filled according to expression

Similar to mutate(), but collapses rows whereas mutate() repeats data

mutate()

```
size <- size %>%
  group_by(plot) %>%
  mutate(mean sand = mean(total sand))
select(size, plot, contains("sand"))
## # A tibble: 114 x 6
## # Groups: plot [27]
    plot coarse sand medium sand fine sand total sand mean sand
    <chr>
               <dbl>
                          <dbl>
                                    <dbl>
                                              <dbl>
                                                       <dbl>
                                                       49.8
## 1 CSP01
          13.0
                                 19.7
                                               50.1
                           17.4
## 2 CSP01
          10.7
                           16.9
                                 19.2
                                          46.8
                                                       49.8
## 3 CSP01
          12.1
                           17.8
                                    16.1
                                              46
                                                        49.8
           17.6
                           18.2
## 4 CSP01
                                    14.3
                                               50.1
                                                        49.8
## # ... with 110 more rows
```

Similar to mutate(), but collapses rows whereas mutate() repeats data

summarize()

```
size <- size %>%
  group_by(plot) %>%
  summarize(mean_sand = mean(total_sand), .groups = "drop") #Ungroup data
size
## # A tibble: 27 x 2
    plot mean_sand
    <chr>
              <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
           49.8
## 2 CSP02
           34.7
## 3 CSP03
           29.9
## 4 CSP04
             30.3
## 5 CSP05
            44.6
## # ... with 22 more rows
```

- Keep other id columns by adding them to group_by()
- Beware: think carefully about grouping factors!

```
size %>%
  group_by(plot, depth) %>%
  summarize(mean_sand = mean(total_sand), .groups = "drop")
## # A tibble: 114 x 3
    plot depth mean_sand
    <chr> <dbl>
                 <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
                 50.1
## 2 CSP01
                 46.8
## 3 CSP01
                 46
                 50.1
## 4 CSP01
## 5 CSP01
                 53.8
## 6 CSP01
                    51.9
## # ... with 108 more rows
```

depth is not a category, therefore not an appropriate grouping factor

- Use true groups of interest (e.g., Sex, Age)
- Or use factors which are on the same level (e.g., ID columns)

```
size %>%
  group_by(plot, habitat) %>%
  summarize(mean_sand = mean(total_sand), .groups = "drop")
## # A tibble: 27 x 3
    plot habitat
                   mean_sand
    <chr> <chr>
                       <dbl>
## 1 CSP01 forest 49.8
## 2 CSP02 clearcut 34.7
## 3 CSP03 forest
                        29.9
## 4 CSP04 forest
                 30.3
## 5 CSP05 grassland
                     44.6
## 6 CSP06 grassland
                        37.8
## # ... with 21 more rows
```

Better: habitat varies with plot (alternatively could have Joined later)

Summarizing is an excellent way to calculate statistics to describe your data

sample sizes (n())
means (mean())
standard deviations (sd())
standard errors (sd() / sqrt(n()))
total values (sum())
total counts (n())

n() (tidyverse functions, specifically from dplyr package)

```
n()
```

- Internal tidyverse function which does NOT start with data
- Returns row counts of a data frame according to groups (if present)
- Special function, can only be used *inside* mutate() or summarize()

For example...

Your Turn: Calculate summary statistics

For each plot and habitat, calculate

- sample sizes with n()
- means (mean()) for total_sand and total_silt
- standard deviations (sd()) for total_sand and total_silt
- standard errors (sd()/sqrt(n())) for total_sand and total_silt

Extra Challenge

Calculate summary statistics for your own data

Your Turn: Calculate summary statistics

For each plot and habitat, calculate

- sample sizes with n()
- means (mean()) for total_sand and total_silt
- standard deviations (sd()) for total_sand and total_silt
- standard errors (sd()/sqrt(n())) for total_sand and total_silt

```
meta <- read_csv("./data/grain_meta.csv")</pre>
size <- read_csv("./data/grain_size2.csv") %>%
  left_join(meta, by = "plot") %>%
  mutate(total sand = coarse sand + medium sand + fine sand,
         total silt = coarse silt + medium silt + fine silt)
size sum <- size %>%
  group_by(plot, habitat) %>%
  summarize(sample_size = n(),
            mean sand = mean(total sand),
            sd sand = sd(total sand),
            se_sand = sd_sand / sqrt(sample_size),
            mean silt = mean(total silt),
            sd silt = sd(total silt),
            se_silt = sd_silt / sqrt(sample_size))
```

Your Turn: Calculate summary statistics

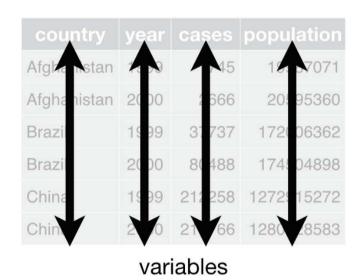
size_sum

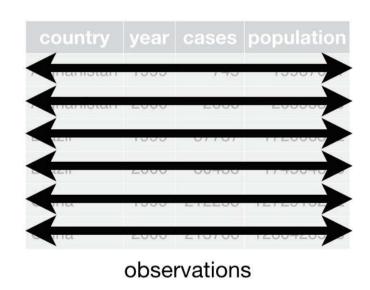
A tibble: 27 x 9

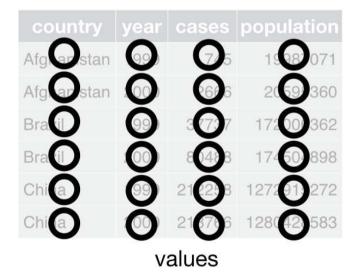
## # A tib	ble: 27 x 9								
## # Group	s: plot [2	.7]							
## plot	habitat	sample_size mea	n_sand	sd_sand	se_sand	mean_silt	sd_silt	se_silt	
## <chr< td=""><td>> <chr></chr></td><td><int></int></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td><dbl></dbl></td><td></td></chr<>	> <chr></chr>	<int></int>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	
## 1 CSP0	1 forest	6	49.8	2.96	1.21	29.5	3.72	1.52	
## 2 CSP0	2 clearcut	7	34.7	10.8	4.06	40.9	4.29	1.62	
## 3 CSP0	3 forest	4	29.9	4.89	2.45	43.6	3.25	1.63	
## 4 CSP0	4 forest	5	30.3	2.18	0.973	43.0	0.544	0.243	
## 5 CSP0	5 grassland	5	44.6	5.52	2.47	31.8	1.81	0.811	
## 6 CSP0	6 grassland	5	37.8	4.10	1.83	48.1	3.32	1.49	
## 7 CSP0	7 clearcut	3	36.6	7.30	4.21	39.8	1.05	0.609	
## 8 CSP0	8 grassland	3	49.4	0.176	0.102	32.4	1.73	0.998	
## 9 CSP0	9 grassland	5	37.9	2.98	1.33	38.4	1.17	0.524	
## 10 CSP1	0 grassland	3	34.6	9.71	5.61	44.1	5.41	3.13	
## # wit	h 17 more ro	ws							

Transposing

Tidy Data







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Tidy Data

Not Tidy								
country	1999	2000						
Afghanistan	745	2666						
Brazil	37737	80488						
China	212258	213766						

(wide data)

Tidy Data

Not Tidy					
country	1999	2000			
Afghanistan	745	2666			
Brazil	37737	80488			
China	212258	213766			

(wide data)

Tidy					
country	year	cases			
Afghanistan	1999	745			
Afghanistan	2000	2666			
Brazil	1999	37737			
Brazil	2000	80488			
China	1999	212258			
China	2000	213766			

(long data)

How would you plot the untidy data?

(No. of cases by country for each year)

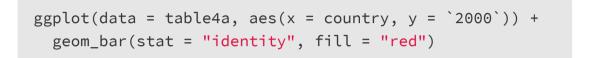
```
ggplot(data = table4a, aes(x = ???, y = ???)) +
     ???
```

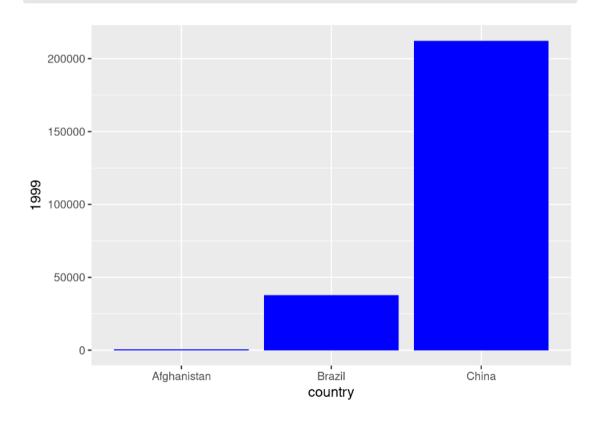
Note

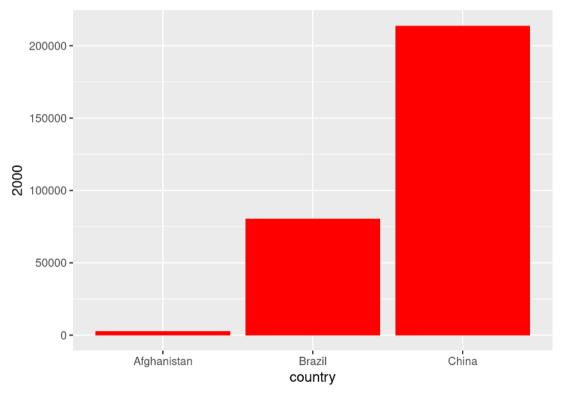
- table4a is a built-in data frame
- Type **table4a** in the console to take a look
- Type ?table4a to pull up the help file with information

With un-tidy data

```
ggplot(data = table4a, aes(x = country, y = `1999`)) +
geom_bar(stat = "identity", fill = "blue")
```

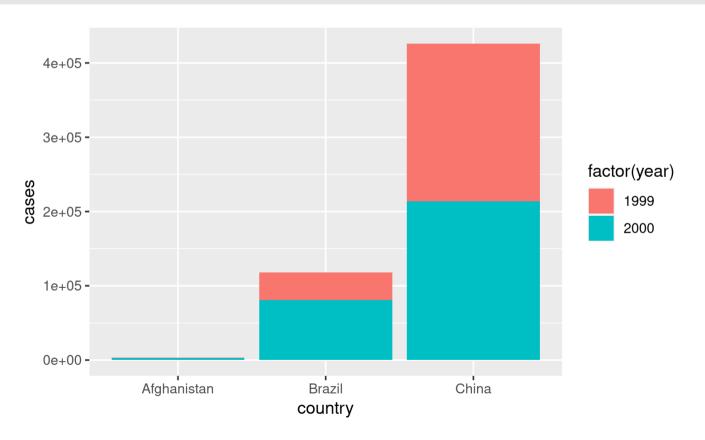






With tidy data

```
ggplot(data = table1, aes(x = country, y = cases, fill = factor(year))) +
  geom_bar(stat = "identity")
```

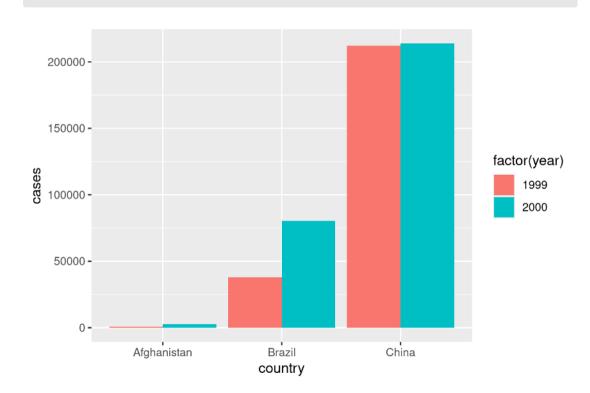


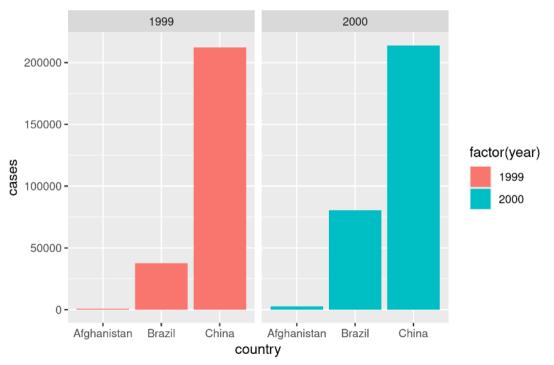
With tidy data

```
g <- ggplot(data = table1, aes(x = country, y = cases, fill = factor(year)))
```

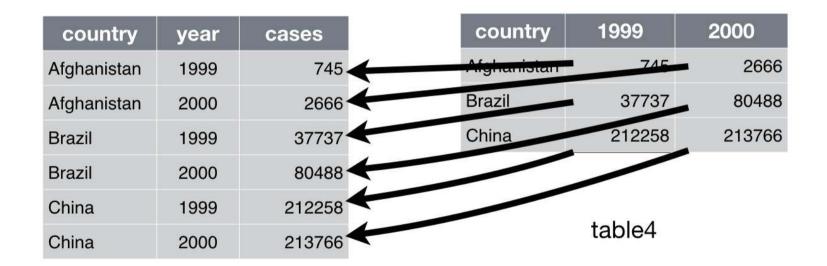
```
g + geom_bar(stat = "identity", position = "dodge")
```







pivot_longer()



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Wide

##	# /	\ tibb]	le: 15	x 6				
##		plot	depth	coarse_silt	medium_silt	fine_silt	total_silt	
##		<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	
##	1	CSP01	4	14.1	11.2	8.17	33.5	
##	2	CSP01	12	14.1	11.7	9.03	34.8	
##	3	CSP01	35	10.3	9.51	7.47	27.3	
##	4	CSP01	53	9.4	9.1	8.7	27.2	
##	5	CSP01	83	9.79	8.79	7.29	25.9	
##	6	CSP01	105	10.8	9.4	8.22	28.4	
##	7	CSP08	10	16.3	9.55	6.23	32.1	
##	8	CSP08	27	14.3	10.4	6.1	30.8	
##	9	CSP08	90	15.1	11.5	7.56	34.2	
##	10	CSP02	5	12.0	18.3	15.2	45.4	
##	11	CSP02	11	10.7	18.3	14.3	43.3	
##	12	CSP02	36	10.7	19.0	14.4	44.1	
##	13	CSP02	56	11.1	18.0	13.7	42.8	
##	14	CSP02	70	11.2	16.8	13.0	41	
##	15	CSP02	78	9.97	13.8	11.0	34.7	

Wide

##	# /	A tibb	le: 15	x 6				
##		plot	depth	coarse_silt	medium_silt	fine_silt	total_silt	
##		<chr></chr>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	<dbl></dbl>	
##	1	CSP01	4	14.1	11.2	8.17	33.5	
##	2	CSP01	12	14.1	11.7	9.03	34.8	
##	3	CSP01	35	10.3	9.51	7.47	27.3	
##	4	CSP01	53	9.4	9.1	8.7	27.2	
##	5	CSP01	83	9.79	8.79	7.29	25.9	
##	6	CSP01	105	10.8	9.4	8.22	28.4	
##	7	CSP08	10	16.3	9.55	6.23	32.1	
##	8	CSP08	27	14.3	10.4	6.1	30.8	
##	9	CSP08	90	15.1	11.5	7.56	34.2	
##	10	CSP02	5	12.0	18.3	15.2	45.4	
##	11	CSP02	11	10.7	18.3	14.3	43.3	
##	12	CSP02	36	10.7	19.0	14.4	44.1	
##	13	CSP02	56	11.1	18.0	13.7	42.8	
##	14	CSP02	70	11.2	16.8	13.0	41	
##	15	CSP02	78	9.97	13.8	11.0	34.7	

Long

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 4
     plot depth type
                              amount
     <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                               <dbl>
   1 CSP01
               4 coarse_silt 14.1
   2 CSP01
               4 medium_silt 11.2
   3 CSP01
               4 fine silt
                                8.17
   4 CSP01
               4 total_silt
                               33.5
   5 CSP01
              12 coarse_silt 14.1
   6 CSP01
              12 medium silt 11.7
   7 CSP01
              12 fine_silt
                                9.03
   8 CSP01
              12 total_silt
                               34.8
   9 CSP01
               35 coarse_silt
                               10.3
## 10 CSP01
               35 medium_silt
                                9.51
## 11 CSP01
               35 fine silt
                                7.47
               35 total_silt
## 12 CSP01
                               27.3
## 13 CSP01
               53 coarse_silt
                                9.4
               53 medium_silt
## 14 CSP01
                                9.1
               53 fine_silt
## 15 CSP01
                                8.7
```

pivot_longer() (tidyverse function, specifically from tidyr package)

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Takes columns and converts to long data
- Column names ('column1' and 'column2') go into "categorical_column"
- Column values (values of column1 and column2) go into "numerical_column"

pivot_longer() (tidyverse function, specifically from tidyr package)

In our example:

- data = size
- cols = c(-plot, -depth, -habitat, -technician, -date)
 - Here, easiest to exclude columns
- names_to = "type"
- values_to = "amount"

```
## # A tibble: 1,026 x 7
     plot depth habitat technician date
##
                                        type
                                                        amount
                                                       <dbl>
##
   <chr> <dbl> <chr> <dbl> <chr> <date> <chr>
   1 CSP01
            4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 coarse sand
                                                        13.0
   2 CSP01 4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 medium sand
                                                        17.4
            4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 fine_sand
##
   3 CSP01
                                                        19.7
   4 CSP01
            4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 coarse_silt
##
                                                        14.1
            4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 medium silt
##
   5 CSP01
                                                        11.2
   6 CSP01
            4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 fine silt
##
                                                        8.17
            4 forest Catharine
##
   7 CSP01
                                  2009-02-17 clay
                                                        16.3
##
   8 CSP01
            4 forest Catharine
                                  2009-02-17 total sand
                                                        50.1
             4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 total_silt
   9 CSP01
                                                        33.5
             12 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 coarse sand
## 10 CSP01
                                                        10.7
            12 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 medium_sand
## 11 CSP01
                                                        16.9
            12 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 fine_sand
## 12 CSP01
                                                        19.2
## # ... with 1,014 more rows
```

Your turn: Lengthen data

- Practice transforming a summarized sand data
- Gather all variables except plot and sample_size into a long format

Your turn: Lengthen data

- Practice transforming a summarized sand data
- Gather all variables except plot and sample_size into a long format

```
## # A tibble: 81 x 4
    plot sample_size type
                               amount
               <int> <chr>
    <chr>
                              <dbl>
## 1 CSP01
                   6 mean_sand 49.8
## 2 CSP01
                   6 sd_sand
                               2.96
## 3 CSP01
                   6 se_sand
                               1.21
## 4 CSP02
                   7 mean_sand 34.7
```

pivot_wider()

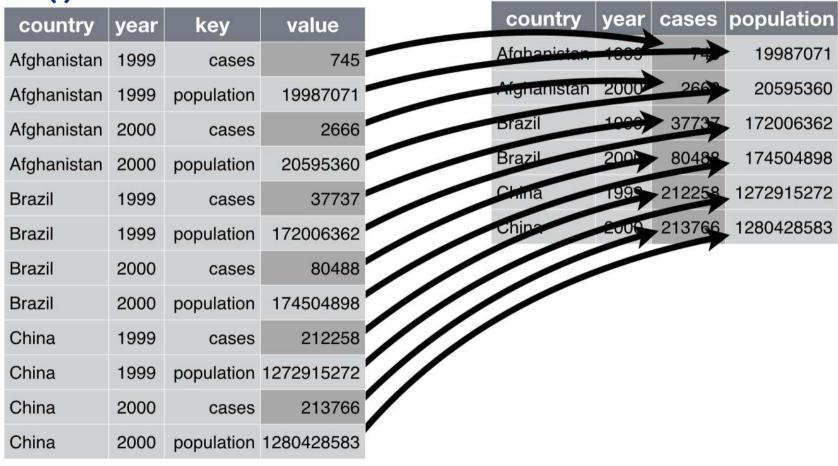


table2

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Long

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 4
##
     plot depth type
                              amount
     <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                               <dbl>
##
   1 CSP01
               4 coarse_silt 14.1
   2 CSP01
               4 medium_silt 11.2
##
               4 fine_silt
   3 CSP01
                               8.17
   4 CSP01
               4 total_silt
                               33.5
   5 CSP01
              12 coarse silt 14.1
   6 CSP01
              12 medium silt 11.7
   7 CSP01
              12 fine_silt
                                9.03
   8 CSP01
              12 total_silt
                               34.8
   9 CSP01
               35 coarse_silt 10.3
## 10 CSP01
              35 medium_silt
                              9.51
## 11 CSP01
               35 fine_silt
                               7.47
## 12 CSP01
               35 total_silt
                               27.3
## 13 CSP01
               53 coarse_silt
                                9.4
## 14 CSP01
               53 medium_silt
                                9.1
## 15 CSP01
               53 fine_silt
                                8.7
```

Long

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 4
##
      plot depth type
                               amount
                                <dbl>
##
      <chr> <dbl> <chr>
##
   1 CSP01
                4 coarse silt
                               14.1
    2 CSP01
                4 medium silt 11.2
##
    3 CSP01
                4 fine silt
                                 8.17
##
    4 CSP01
                4 total silt
                                33.5
##
    5 CSP01
               12 coarse_silt 14.1
    6 CSP01
               12 medium silt 11.7
    7 CSP01
               12 fine silt
                                 9.03
    8 CSP01
               12 total_silt
                                34.8
   9 CSP01
               35 coarse_silt
                               10.3
## 10 CSP01
               35 medium_silt
                                9.51
## 11 CSP01
               35 fine_silt
                                 7.47
## 12 CSP01
               35 total_silt
                                27.3
## 13 CSP01
               53 coarse_silt
                                 9.4
## 14 CSP01
               53 medium_silt
                                 9.1
## 15 CSP01
               53 fine_silt
                                 8.7
```

Wide

```
## # A tibble: 15 x 6
      plot depth coarse silt medium silt fine silt total silt
      <chr> <dbl>
                         <dbl>
                                      <dbl>
                                                 <dbl>
                                                            <dbl>
   1 CSP01
                         14.1
                                      11.2
                                                  8.17
                                                             33.5
                 4
    2 CSP01
                         14.1
                                      11.7
                                                  9.03
                                                             34.8
               12
   3 CSP01
                         10.3
                                       9.51
               35
                                                  7.47
                                                             27.3
    4 CSP01
                          9.4
                                                 8.7
                                                             27.2
               53
                                       9.1
    5 CSP01
               83
                          9.79
                                       8.79
                                                  7.29
                                                             25.9
    6 CSP01
                                                  8.22
                                                             28.4
              105
                         10.8
                                       9.4
   7 CSP08
                         16.3
                                                             32.1
                                       9.55
                                                  6.23
               10
                                                             30.8
    8 CSP08
               27
                         14.3
                                      10.4
                                                  6.1
    9 CSP08
                         15.1
                                      11.5
                                                 7.56
                                                             34.2
                90
## 10 CSP02
                         12.0
                                      18.3
                                                15.2
                                                             45.4
## 11 CSP02
                         10.7
                                      18.3
                                                14.3
                                                             43.3
               11
                         10.7
                                                14.4
## 12 CSP02
               36
                                      19.0
                                                             44.1
## 13 CSP02
               56
                         11.1
                                      18.0
                                                13.7
                                                             42.8
## 14 CSP02
                         11.2
                                      16.8
                                                13.0
                                                             41
               70
## 15 CSP02
                          9.97
                                      13.8
                                                11.0
                                                             34.7
               78
```

pivot_wider() (tidyverse function, specifically from tidyr package)

- tidyverse functions always start with data
- Takes columns and converts to wide data
- Values in **categorical_column** become column names
- Values in numerical_column become column values

pivot_wider() (tidyverse function, specifically from tidyr package)

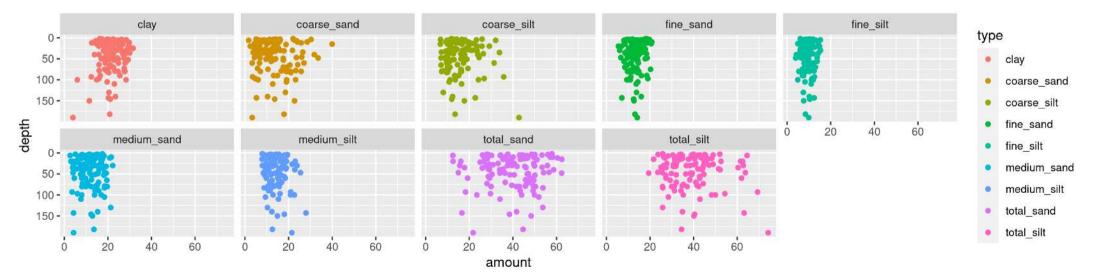
In our example:

- data = size
- names_from = type
- values_from = amount

```
size_wide <- size_long %>%
pivot_wider(names_from = type, values_from = amount)
```

```
## # A tibble: 114 x 14
##
     plot depth habitat technician date
                                        coarse_sand medium_sand fine_sand coarse_silt medium_silt
     <chr> <dbl> <chr>
                        <chr>
                                   <date>
                                                   <dbl>
                                                               <dbl>
                                                                        <dbl>
                                                                                   <dbl>
                                                                                               <dbl>
              4 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                                   13.0
                                                                        19.7
   1 CSP01
                                                              17.4
                                                                                   14.1
                                                                                               11.2
            12 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                                   10.7
                                                                        19.2
   2 CSP01
                                                              16.9
                                                                                   14.1
                                                                                               11.7
   3 CSP01
             35 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                                   12.1
                                                              17.8
                                                                       16.1
                                                                                   10.3
                                                                                                9.51
   4 CSP01
              53 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                                   17.6
                                                              18.2
                                                                        14.3
                                                                                    9.4
                                                                                                9.1
             83 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
   5 CSP01
                                                   21.0
                                                              18.4
                                                                        14.3
                                                                                    9.79
                                                                                                8.79
   6 CSP01
             105 forest Catharine 2009-02-17
                                                   19.0
                                                              18.4
                                                                        14.4
                                                                                                9.4
                                                                                   10.8
   7 CSP08
              10 grassl... Catharine 2009-02-05
                                                   11.6
                                                              17.1
                                                                        20.8
                                                                                   16.3
                                                                                                9.55
             27 grassl... Catharine 2009-02-05
                                                              16.2
   8 CSP08
                                                   15.4
                                                                        17.8
                                                                                   14.3
                                                                                               10.4
   9 CSP08
              90 grassl... Catharine 2009-02-05
                                                   14.9
                                                              15.8
                                                                        18.6
                                                                                   15.1
                                                                                               11.5
## 10 CSP02
               5 clearc... Catharine 2008-07-13
                                                                         8.66
                                                                                   12.0
                                                                                               18.3
                                                    8.75
                                                               8.64
## # ... with 104 more rows, and 4 more variables: fine silt <dbl>, clay <dbl>, total sand <dbl>, total silt <dbl>
```

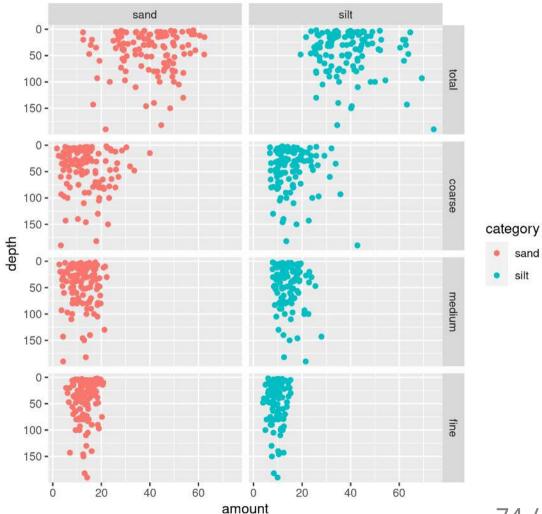
Figures: Long data are great for graphing



Figures: Take it to the next step

```
## # A tibble: 912 x 9
    plot depth clay habitat technician date size category amount
    <chr> <dbl> <dbl> <chr> <date> <fct> <chr>
                                                             <fdb>>
            4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 coarse sand
## 1 CSP01
                                                            13.0
## 2 CSP01 4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 medium sand
                                                          17.4
## 3 CSP01 4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 fine sand
                                                          19.7
         4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 coarse silt
## 4 CSP01
                                                          14.1
## 5 CSP01 4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 medium silt
                                                             11.2
          4 16.3 forest Catharine 2009-02-17 fine silt
## 6 CSP01
                                                             8.17
## # ... with 906 more rows
```

Figures



Analyses

Linear models $lm(y \sim x, data)$

Use pivot_longer() in analysis where grouping variables are important

• i.e., do amounts of different size classes differ with depth? (need size classes in "type" column)

```
lm(amount ~ type + depth, data = size_long)
```

Use pivot_wider() in analyses where each variable must be in it's own column

• i.e., does the amount of sand differ with depth? (need size classes in separate columns)

```
lm(total_sand ~ depth, data = size_wide)
```

Analyses

Linear models $lm(y \sim x, data)$

Use **pivot_longer()** in analysis where grouping variables are important

• i.e., do amounts of different size classes differ with depth? (need size classes in "type" column)

```
lm(amount ~ type + depth, data = size_long)
```

Use pivot_wider() in analyses where each variable must be in it's own column

• i.e., does the amount of sand differ with depth? (need size classes in separate columns)

```
lm(total_sand ~ depth, data = size_wide)
```

If you can't figure out how to plot or analyse your data, they probably need to be transposed

Your Turn: Transpose for plotting

Plot the number of Tuberculosis cases (cases) vs. the population in data frame table2

```
temp <- table2 %>%
  ???(???)

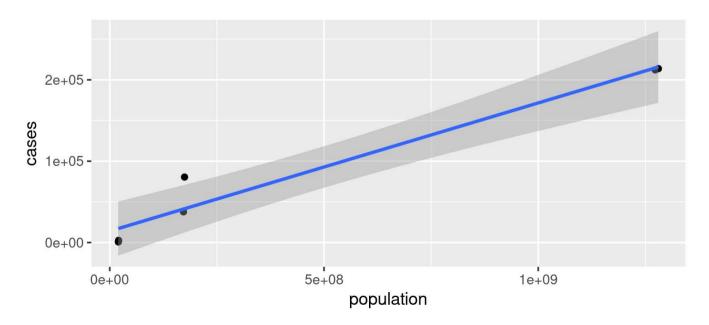
ggplot(data = temp, ???) +
  ???
```

Your Turn: Transpose for plotting

Plot the number of Tuberculosis cases (cases) vs. the population in data frame table2

```
temp <- table2 %>%
  pivot_wider(names_from = "type", values_from = "count")

ggplot(data = temp, aes(x = population, y = cases)) +
  geom_point() +
  stat_smooth(method = "lm")
```



Put it all together

```
meta <- read_csv("./data/grain_meta.csv")</pre>
size <- read csv("./data/grain size2.csv") %>%
 left join(meta, by = "plot") %>%
  mutate(total sand = coarse sand + medium sand + fine sand,
         total silt = coarse silt + medium silt + fine silt)
size sum <- size %>%
  group by(plot, habitat) %>%
  summarize(sample_size = n(),
            total sand = sum(total sand),
            mean_sand = mean(total_sand),
            sd_sand = sd(total_sand),
            se sand = sd sand / sqrt(sample size),
            total_silt = sum(total_silt),
            mean_silt = mean(total_silt),
            sd_silt = sd(total_silt),
            se silt = sd silt / sqrt(sample size))
size long <- size %>%
  pivot longer(cols = c(-plot, -depth, -technician, -habitat, -date, -clay),
               values to = "amount", names to = c("size", "category"), names sep = " ") %>%
  mutate(size = factor(size, levels = c("total", "coarse", "medium", "fine")))
```

Put it all together: Save your data

```
write_csv(size, "./Datasets/size_total.csv")
write_csv(size_sum, "./Datasets/size_summary.csv")
write_csv(size_long, "./Datasets/size_long.csv")
```

Keep yourself organized

- Keep your R-created data in a different folder from your 'raw' data
- If you have a lot going on, split your work into several scripts, and number the data sets produced:
 - 1_cleaned.csv
 - 2_summarized.csv
 - 3_graphing.csv

Wrapping up: Common mistakes

- **select()** doesn't work
 - You may have the MASS package loaded, it also has a select
 - make sure you loaded tidyverse or dplyr packages
 - o try using dplyr::select()
- I can't figure out how to **pivot_wider()** my data in the way I want it
 - Sometimes you need to pivot_longer() your data before you can widen it
- mutate() is giving me weird results
 - Is your data grouped when it shouldn't be?
 - Try using ungroup() first
- I get a warning when I join data sets
 - Often, this refers to mismatched factor levels
 - o This happens if the factor levels in one data frame do not match the factor levels in the other
 - They will be transformed to character
 - If that's a problem, use as.factor() to turn them back

Wrapping up: Further reading

- R for Data Science
 - Chapter 5: Transforming data
 - Chapter 12: Tidy data
 - Chapter 13: Relational data
- RStudio Data Manipulation with dplyr, tidyr
 - Or Help > Cheatsheets > Data Manipulation with dplyr, tidyr