

## UNASSIGNED SHARDS

### PROBLEM BOX

First, we'll poll for

a) cluster nodes themselves are ok

#### [CAT Nodes \(code\)](#)

```
GET _cat/nodes?v&s=name&h=name,id,master,node.role,type,jdk,heap.percent,disk.used_percent,cpu
```

(Alt)

```
$ jq ['nodes|input.master_node as $master|input.nodes as $ns|to_entries[]|{id:.key , ip:.value.ip , host:.value.host , name:.value.name , roles:.value.roles , is_master:(if .key == $master then true else false end) , disk_avail:$ns[.key].fs.total.free , dup: ((100*($ns[.key].fs.total.total_in_bytes-$ns[.key].fs.total.free_in_bytes)/$ns[.key].fs.total.total_in_bytes)|round) , heap_percent:$ns[.key].jvm.mem.heap_used_percent , cpu:$ns[.key].os.cpu.percent , loads:$ns[.key].os.cpu.load_average }'] nodes.json cluster_state.json nodes_stats.json
```

b) overall cluster health:

#### [Cluster Health \(code\)](#)

```
GET _cluster/health
```

This will return `status:[yellow, red]` & `unassigned_shards:>0`. If `initializing_shards:>0`, the cluster is actively recovering and issue may be transient.

### RESOLVE

#### TRANSIENT

If `initializing_shards:0`, we'll investigate root cause, but to eliminate transient errors, I frequently start by running

#### [Cluster ReRoute](#)

```
POST _cluster/reroute
```

or more specifically when fixing allocation issues

```
POST _cluster/reroute?retry_failed=true
```

While `initializing_shards:>0` we can watch recovery via

#### [CAT Recovery \(code\)](#)

```
GET _cat/recovery?v&active_only=true&h=idx,sh,ty,st,time,bp,top,snode,tnode
```

where

- `ty`: [store, snapshot, replica, relocating]
- `st`: [init > index > verify\_index > translog > finalize > done]

(Alt)

```
$ ct recovery.json | jq -r --sort-keys 'to_entries[]|.key as $k|.[.value.shards[]]map_values(.+{index_name:$k})|.[]|{time:.total_time, index_name:.index_name, shard:.shard, primary:.primary, type:.type, stage:.stage, repository:.source.repository?, source_node:.source.node?, target_node:.target.node?, translog_percent:.translog.percent, bytes_percent:.index.percent}'
```

This can help us gauge recovery time.

#### PERSISTENT

To determine if we have non-transient errors, we'll read

#### [CAT Shards, \(code\)](#)

```
GET _cat/shards?v&h=i,s,pr,n,st,dc,ur,ud
```

(Alt)

```
GET _cluster/state/routing_table?filter_path=routing_table.indices.*.shards.*.unassigned_info
```

This returns columns `ur` & `ud` (unassigned reason & description) to explain the shards' allocation issues.

We can use this info to resolve or investigate further via

#### [Cluster Allocation Explain](#)

```
GET _cluster/allocation/explain
```

```
GET _cluster/allocation/explain
```

```
{
  "index": "INDEX_NAME",
  "shard": NUMBER,
  "primary": BOOL
}
```