# LAB2 - The ORM Magic

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## Introduction

In this lab, we are going to learn the object-relational mapper (ORM) provided by SQLAlchemy. With ORM, we can map a class to a database table, and map an object of that class to a row in the database table. With SQLAlchemy's ORM, we can avoid directly using any raw SQL statements. More important, we will be able to follow the principle of dependency inversion – let ORM depend on the domain model, but not the other way around.

#### We will create 3 files:

- model.py
- · orm.py
- · app.py

Here app.py imports the above two python modules and generates an SQLite database exactly like EnglishPalDatabase.db.

# Materials and Methods

## Work Flow

- 1. Review and analyze the requirements in lab2.pdf.
- 2. Learn about the relative knowledges in Chapter 2 of the course text book.
- 3. Start with the code.
- 4. Search for the coding techniques required online.
- 5. Finish the coding process.
- 6. Summarize and Write the document.

#### Source Codes

For this part, We implemented the incomplete function, class and used property to achieve the requirements. See the source codes and comments for detail.

#### 1. orm.py

```
from sqlalchemy import Table, MetaData, Column, Integer, String, Date,
 2
    ForeignKey
 3
    from sglalchemy.orm import mapper, relationship
 4
 5
    import model
 7
    metadata = MetaData()
 8
9
   articles = Table(
10
         'articles',
11
         metadata,
         Column('article_id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
12
13
         Column('text', String(10000)),
14
         Column('source', String(100)),
15
         Column('date', String(10)),
16
         Column('level', Integer, nullable=False),
17
         Column('question', String(1000)),
18
19
20
    users = Table(
21
         'users',
22
         metadata,
23
         Column('username', String(100), primary_key=True),
         Column('password', String(64)),
24
25
         Column('start_date', String(10), nullable=False),
26
         Column('expiry_date', String(10), nullable=False),
27
    )
28
29 newwords = Table(
30
         'newwords',
31
         metadata.
32
         Column('word_id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
33
         Column('username', String(100), ForeignKey('users.username')),
34
         Column('word', String(20)),
35
         Column('date', String(10)),
36
    )
37
    # ADDITION: add the reading part
38
39
    readings = Table(
40
        'readings',
41
         metadata,
         Column('id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
42
43
         Column('username', String(100), ForeignKey('users.username'));
         Column('article_id', Integer, ForeignKey('articles.article_id')),
44
45
46
    def start_mappers():
47
         # ADDITION: implement the start_mapper()
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.User, users)
48
49
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.NewWord, newwords)
50
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.Article, articles)
51
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.Reading, readings)
```

2. model.py

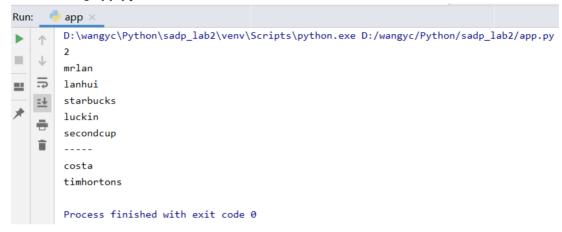
```
from dataclasses import dataclass
2
    from sqlalchemy import create_engine
3
    from sqlalchemy.orm import sessionmaker
 4
 5
 6
    # ADDITION: just for convenience
7
    engine = create_engine(
8
        r'sglite:///D:\newDesktop\大三下
9
    courses\SADP\lab2\test\EnglishPalDatabase.db')
10
    get_session = sessionmaker(bind=engine)
11
    session = get_session()
12
13 @dataclass
14 class Article:
15
        article id: int
16
        text: str
17
        source: str
18
        date: str
19
        level: int
20
        question: str
21
22
23 class NewWord:
        def __init__(self, username, word='', date='yyyy-mm-dd'):
24
25
            self.username = username
26
            self.word = word
27
            self.date = date
28
29
30 class User:
31
        def __init__(self, username, password='12345',
32 start_date='2021-05-19', expiry_date='2031-05-19'):
33
            self.username = username
            self.password = password
34
35
            self.start_date = start_date
            self.expiry_date = expiry_date
36
37
            self._read = []
38
39
       def read_article(self, article):
            # ADDITION: implement the action
40
            session.add(article)
41
42
            reading = Reading(self.username, article.article_id)
43
            session.add(reading)
44
            session.commit()
45
46
47
         # ADDITION: use property to achieve list(user.newwords)
48
        @property
49
        def newwords(self):
50
            words = session.query(NewWord).filter(NewWord.username ==
51
    self.username).all()
52
            # test code
53
            # for w in words:
54
                 print(w.word)
55
             return words
56
57
```

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
1
2
    from sqlalchemy.orm import sessionmaker
3
    import model
 4
 5
    import orm
 6
 7
    orm.start_mappers()
 8 engine = create_engine(
9
         r'sqlite:///D:\newDesktop\大三下
10 courses\SADP\lab2\test\EnglishPalDatabase.db') # modify the path
11
    orm.metadata.drop_all(engine)
12
    orm.metadata.create_all(engine)
    get_session = sessionmaker(bind=engine)
13
14
    # add two users
15
16
17
    session = get_session()
18
19 try:
        session.add(model.User(username='mrlan', password='12345',
20
21 start_date='2021-05-14'))
        session.add(model.User(username='lanhui', password='Hard2Guess!',
22
23
    start_date='2021-05-15'))
24
        session.commit()
25
    except:
26
        print('Duplicate insertions.')
27
   print(session.query(model.User).count())
28
29
    for u in session.guery(model.User).all():
30
31
        print(u.username)
32
33 session.close()
34
35
    # add a few new words
36
37
   session = get_session()
38 session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='starbucks',
39 date='2021-05-15'))
40 session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='luckin',
41
    date='2021-05-15'))
    session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='secondcup',
43 date='2021-05-15'))
44 session.add(model.NewWord(username='mrlan', word='costa',
45 date='2021-05-15'))
46 session.add(model.NewWord(username='mrlan', word='timhortons',
47
    date='2021-05-15'))
48
    session.commit()
49
    session.close()
50
51
    # add a few articles
52
53
   session = get_session()
    article = model.Article(article_id=1,
                            text='THE ORIGIN OF SPECIES BY MEANS OF NATURAL
55
    SELECTION, OR THE PRESERVATION OF FAVOURED RACES IN THE STRUGGLE FOR
56
```

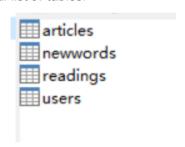
## Results

For this part we make **screenshots** to illustrate the results.

1. After running app.py:



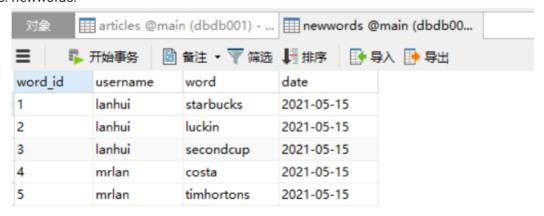
- 2. Inside EnglishPalDatabase.db(Open with Navicat Premium):
  - a. list of tables:



b. articles:



c. newwords:



d. readings:



### e. users:

