The ORM Magic

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Introduction

In this lab, we are going to learn the object-relational mapper (ORM) provided by SQLAlchemy.

With ORM, we can map a class to a database table, and map an object of that class to a row in

the database table. With SQLAlchemy's ORM, we can avoid directly using any raw SQL statements.

More important, we will be able to follow the principle of dependency inversion – let ORM depend

on the domain model, but not the other way around.

We will create 3 files:

- model.py
- · orm.py
- · app.py

Here app.py imports the above two python modules and generates an SQLite database exactly like EnglishPalDatabase.db

Materials and Methods

Work Flow

- 1. Review and analyze the requirements in lab2.pdf.
- 2. Learn about the relative knowledges in Chapter 2 of the course text book.
- 3. Start with the code.
- 4. Search for the coding techniques required online.
- 5. Finish the coding process.
- 6. Summarize and Write the document.

Source Codes

For this part, We implemented the incomplete function, class and used property to achieve the requirements. See the source codes and comments for detail.

1. orm.py

```
1
     from sqlalchemy import Table, MetaData, Column, Integer, String, Date,
 2
    ForeignKey
 3
    from sqlalchemy.orm import mapper, relationship
 4
 5
    import model
 6
 7
    metadata = MetaData()
 8
 9 articles = Table(
10
         'articles',
11
         metadata.
         Column('article_id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
12
13
         Column('text', String(10000)),
14
         Column('source', String(100)),
         Column('date', String(10)),
15
         Column('level', Integer, nullable=False),
16
         Column('question', String(1000)),
17
18
    )
19
20 users = Table(
21
         'users',
22
         metadata,
23
         Column('username', String(100), primary_key=True),
24
         Column('password', String(64)),
25
         Column('start_date', String(10), nullable=False),
26
         Column('expiry_date', String(10), nullable=False),
27
    )
28
29
    newwords = Table(
30
        'newwords',
31
         metadata.
         Column('word_id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
32
         Column('username', String(100), ForeignKey('users.username')),
33
34
         Column('word', String(20)),
35
         Column('date', String(10)),
36
37
38
    # ADDITION: add the reading part
39
    readings = Table(
         'readings',
40
41
         metadata,
42
         Column('id', Integer, primary_key=True, autoincrement=True),
43
         Column('username', String(100), ForeignKey('users.username')),
44
         Column('article_id', Integer, ForeignKey('articles.article_id')),
45
    def start_mappers():
46
47
         # ADDITION: implement the start_mapper()
48
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.User, users)
49
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.NewWord, newwords)
50
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.Article, articles)
51
         lines_mapper = mapper(model.Reading, readings)
         # pass
```

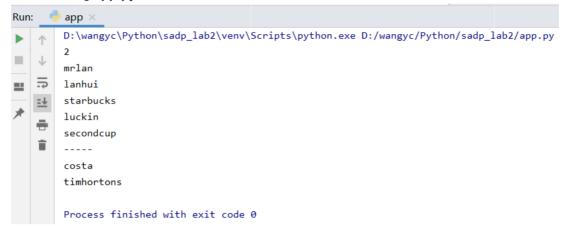
```
from dataclasses import dataclass
2
    from sqlalchemy import create_engine
3
    from sqlalchemy.orm import sessionmaker
 4
 5
 6
    # ADDITION: just for convenience
7
    engine = create_engine(
8
        r'sglite:///D:\newDesktop\大三下
9
    courses\SADP\lab2\test\EnglishPalDatabase.db')
10
    get_session = sessionmaker(bind=engine)
11
    session = get_session()
12
13 @dataclass
14 class Article:
15
        article id: int
16
        text: str
17
        source: str
18
        date: str
19
        level: int
20
        question: str
21
22
23 class NewWord:
        def __init__(self, username, word='', date='yyyy-mm-dd'):
24
25
            self.username = username
26
            self.word = word
27
            self.date = date
28
29
30 class User:
31
        def __init__(self, username, password='12345',
32 start_date='2021-05-19', expiry_date='2031-05-19'):
33
            self.username = username
            self.password = password
34
35
            self.start_date = start_date
            self.expiry_date = expiry_date
36
37
            self._read = []
38
39
       def read_article(self, article):
            # ADDITION: implement the action
40
            session.add(article)
41
42
            reading = Reading(self.username, article.article_id)
43
            session.add(reading)
44
            session.commit()
45
46
47
         # ADDITION: use property to achieve list(user.newwords)
48
        @property
49
        def newwords(self):
50
            words = session.query(NewWord).filter(NewWord.username ==
51
    self.username).all()
52
            # test code
53
            # for w in words:
54
                 print(w.word)
55
             return words
56
57
```

```
from sqlalchemy import create_engine
1
2
    from sqlalchemy.orm import sessionmaker
3
    import model
 4
 5
    import orm
 6
 7
    orm.start_mappers()
 8 engine = create_engine(
9
         r'sqlite:///D:\newDesktop\大三下
10 courses\SADP\lab2\test\EnglishPalDatabase.db') # modify the path
11
    orm.metadata.drop_all(engine)
12
    orm.metadata.create_all(engine)
    get_session = sessionmaker(bind=engine)
13
14
    # add two users
15
16
17
    session = get_session()
18
19 try:
        session.add(model.User(username='mrlan', password='12345',
20
21 start_date='2021-05-14'))
        session.add(model.User(username='lanhui', password='Hard2Guess!',
22
23
    start_date='2021-05-15'))
24
        session.commit()
25
    except:
26
        print('Duplicate insertions.')
27
   print(session.query(model.User).count())
28
29
    for u in session.guery(model.User).all():
30
31
        print(u.username)
32
33 session.close()
34
35
    # add a few new words
36
37
   session = get_session()
38 session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='starbucks',
39 date='2021-05-15'))
40 session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='luckin',
41
    date='2021-05-15'))
    session.add(model.NewWord(username='lanhui', word='secondcup',
43 date='2021-05-15'))
44 session.add(model.NewWord(username='mrlan', word='costa',
45 date='2021-05-15'))
46 session.add(model.NewWord(username='mrlan', word='timhortons',
47
    date='2021-05-15'))
48
    session.commit()
49
    session.close()
50
51
    # add a few articles
52
53
   session = get_session()
    article = model.Article(article_id=1,
                            text='THE ORIGIN OF SPECIES BY MEANS OF NATURAL
55
    SELECTION, OR THE PRESERVATION OF FAVOURED RACES IN THE STRUGGLE FOR
56
```

Results

For this part we make **screenshots** to illustrate the results.

1. After running app.py:



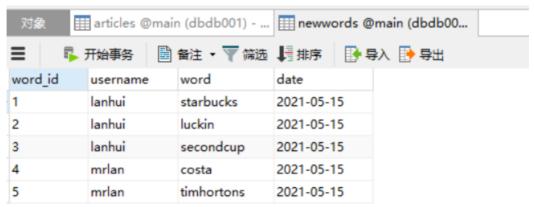
2. Inside EnglishPalDatabase.db(Open with Navicat Premium):



b. articles:



c. newwords:



d. readings:



e. users:

