| Class: | | | | | \sim | Student | Name: | | | |
|--------|-----------|---------|----------|-------|--------------|------------------|---------------|--------|----------|----------|
| G | 0 | S | F | R | (D) | | Alexanter (av | | | |
| Part | A /16 | | | | | | | | Λ | |
| Part | B / 27 | | | | | | | | | |
| TOTA | AL | | | /43 | | | | | | <u>~</u> |
| MSWI | ER SHEE | T for N | MULTIPLE | CHOIC | E -Clearl | y ma <u>rk 1</u> | answer for ea | ch que | stion | |
| QUEST | | А | | | В | | С | | D | |
| 1 | | | | | | | - 1 | | | |
| 2 | | | | | | | | | ٧ | |
| 3 | | | | | V | • | | | | |
| 4 | | | | | | | • | | ③ | W |
| 5 | | | | ø | ę | / | | | | |
| 6 | | | | | | | ✓ | | | |
| 7 | | | 1 | | | | | | | |
| 8 | | | | | , | | | · | V | |
| 9 | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| 10 | | | | | | V | | | | |
| 11 | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| 12 | | | | | V | | | | | |
| 13 | | | ✓ | | | | | | | |
| 14 | | | | | | | | | | 1 |
| 15 | | | | | ν | | | 1 | | |
| 16 | | | | | | | | | V | |

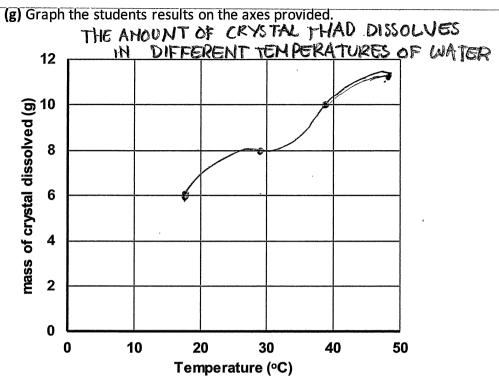
| Part II | - |
|---|--|
| 27 marks Attempt Questions 16-19. Allow about 35 minutes for this section | |
| Question 16 (15 marks) | Marks |
| The paragraph below is a student's write-up of a | an experiment. |
| 1. I put 100 mL of water in a test tube and meassome of the crystals in it and stirred the mixture some remained on the bottom of the tube no m 2. I filtered the mixture and then evaporated all amount of solid left behind and found that 6.0 g 3. Then I did it again but this time I heated the w tripod while the thermometer was suspended for that 8.0 g dissolved. 4. I repeated it at 40°C and at 47°C and got 10.00 | e to dissolve the crystals. I kept stirring until atter how much longer I stirred. I the water from the solution. I weighed the I had been dissolved. Water using a Bunsen burner, gauze mat and form a retort stand using water at 29°C. I found |
| (a) Write an aim appropriate for the experi | ment. |
| | uperature of the water affects how much |
| (b) \ Complete the table for the student's res | ults. Amount of crystal disolved (9) |
| 18.00 | 6109 |
| 290 C | 8,09 |
| 4000 | 10.09 |
| 4700 | 11,29 |
| | |

(c) Identify the independent and dependent variable for this experiment.

Dependant: the temperature of the water

Independant: the crystals in the water

| | (e) Draw a labelled scientific diagram showing the equipment set up required to carry out start as described above. | ер 3 |
|------------------|---|----------------|
| | Clowb | |
| | Boss head Thermometer - Goode Goode | max (250m |
| | Test tobe | V/N 609 |
| | | The pripar |
| , | Canorio Canorio | |
| ુમ ^{ું} | | rack bur |
| fort star | nd | YOUR BUT |
| | | |
| | crystals liquid | |
| | (f) Identify two safety issues the student will have to be concerned with through this experiment. | 2 |
| | They would have to turn the burner off when the are not using it. | • |
| | They would have to wear safety glasses when using bursen Burner | |



| (h) | Write a conclusion | on for the experiment. | | 1 |
|-------|--------------------|---------------------------|--------------------------------|------|
| ••••• | the higher the | temperative was, the more | orystal that gets dissolved in | .Hne |
| | test tube | | | |

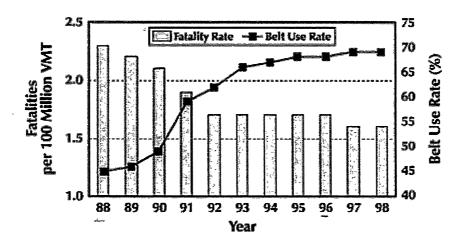
Question 17 (4 marks)

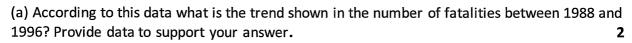
The following scientists are working in different branches or disciplines of science. Identify which branch each is working in:

| Activity | Branch of Science |
|---|----------------------------------|
| Paris is studying the crystals embedded in a rock. | Geology |
| Beau is developing a new type of plastic | -cinemat ry Chemistry |
| Shaun is investigating the eating habits of insects | entendogy Entemology |
| Angus is monitoring the movement of an asteroid | astronomy. |

Question 18. (4 marks).

The graph shows information about road fatalities and the use of seat belts in cars.





from # 1988-1996 the Galattes have massively reduced as the use of seatbelts go up almost by 500%.

(b) Analyse the data presented and provide reasons for the conclusion you made.

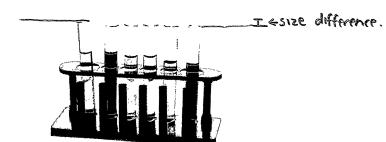
on you made. 2

I gave a conclusion like this because from 1988 to 1996, the crashes veduced by 600,000 (approx) and the use of seatbelts during

the same period of time ovent up by 25%.

Question 19. (4 marks).

The drawing made by a scientist was twice as big as the real size of the object. Determine the actual length of the whole piece of equipment. *Show your working.* **2**



| total length of rack= 4.3 actual size= 4.3 = 2=2.15cm = rack | |
|--|------|
| test tube = 0,4 cm. actual size = 0,4x 0,4 = 2 = 0,2 cm = tu | lbe. |
| b) There are some problems with the equipment diagram above. Identify two things that the scientist needs to change to accurate represent the equipment above. | 2 |
| - same size test tubes -20 drawring | |
| -no colours : | |

END OF EXAM