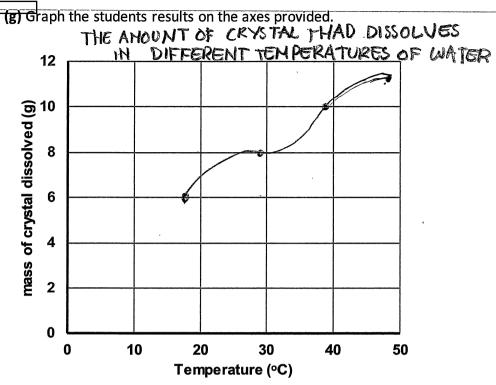
Class: Student Name: F 0 S Alexander (aw Part A /16 Part B / 27 TOTAL /43 ANSWER SHEET for MULTIPLE CHOICE -Clearly mark 1 answer for each question() QUESTION С В 1 2 3 4 5 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 V 16

	ı
	1
Part	h

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27 marks Attempt Questions 16-19. Allow about 35 minutes for this section				
Question 16 (15 marks)	Marks			
The paragraph below is a student's write-up of	an experiment.			
1. I put 100 mL of water in a test tube and meansome of the crystals in it and stirred the mixture some remained on the bottom of the tube no made 2. I filtered the mixture and then evaporated all amount of solid left behind and found that 6.0 g. 3. Then I did it again but this time I heated the water tripod while the thermometer was suspended for that 8.0 g dissolved.  4. I repeated it at 40°C and at 47°C and got 10.00°C.	e to dissolve the crystals. I kept stirring until natter how much longer I stirred. If the water from the solution. I weighed the g had been dissolved. water using a Bunsen burner, gauze mat and orm a retort stand using water at 29ºC. I found			
(a) Write an aim appropriate for the experi	ment.			
at the combine of educations	mperature of the water affects how much			
(b) \ Complete the table for the student's res	sults. 2			
Temperature of water (°C)	Amount of crystal disolved (9)			
18.6	6109			
290 (	8.09			
40°(	10.09			
47°C	11.29			
(c) Identify the independent and dependent var Dependant: the femperature of Independent: the crystals in the crystal crystals in the crystals in the crystal crystals in the crystal crystal crystals in the crystal crystal crystals in the crystal	of the water			

(d) Identify a variable that needs to be controlled during the experiment to make it a f valid test.  The ammount of crystals pot in the liquid needs to be controlled	air or 1
(e) Draw a labelled scientific diagram showing the equipment set up required to carr 3 as described above.	ry out step <b>3</b>
test tobe  Camerol  or re	change mat  250m  1250m  1250m
(f) Identify two safety issues the student will have to be concerned with through this	
experiment.  They would have to turn the bunsen burner off when the ave not us  They would have to wear safety glasses when using bunsen burner	
They would also have to be carefull washing the tripod as it really hot.	-



(h)	Write a conclusion for the experiment.		1
	the higher the temperature was, the more arystal that gets dissolved in	Hae.	
	test tube		

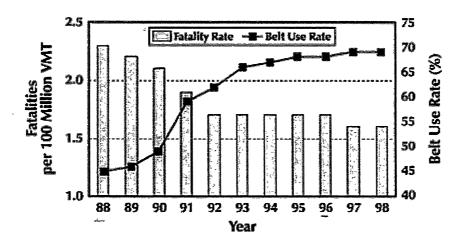
## Question 17 (4 marks)

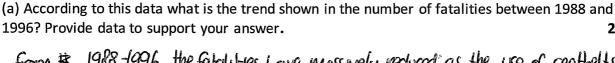
The following scientists are working in different branches or disciplines of science. Identify which branch each is working in:

Activity	Branch of Science
Paris is studying the crystals embedded in a rock.	Geology
Beau is developing a new type of plastic	<del>-cinemat</del> ry Chemistry
Shaun is investigating the eating habits of insects	enternology Enternologi
Angus is monitoring the movement of an asteroid	astronomy.

## Question 18. (4 marks).

The graph shows information about road fatalities and the use of seat belts in cars.





from # 1988-1996 the Glalities have massively reduced as the use of seatbelts go up almost by 500%.

(b) Analyse the data presented and provide reasons for the conclusion you made.

2

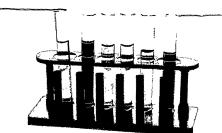
1 gave a conclusion like this because from 1988 to 1996, the

Crashes reduced by 600,000 (appror) and the use of seatbelts during

the same period of time ovent up by 25%.

Question 19. (4 marks).

The drawing made by a scientist was twice as big as the real size of the object. Determine the actual length of the whole piece of equipment. Show your working. **2** 



total length of rack = 9.3 actual size =  $9.3 \div 2 = 2.15$  cm = 9.4 cm. actual size = 9.4 cm. actual size = 9.4 cm. actual size = 9.4 cm = 9.2 cm = tube. b) There are some problems with the equipment diagram above. Identify two things that the scientist needs to change to accurate represent the equipment above.

I < size difference.

- same size test tubes -20 drawring -no colours

**END OF EXAM**