K: noise model (AR(1)): $x_i = \alpha * x_{i-1} + \varepsilon_i$, ε_i from a symmetric TSP(p) distribution

	N = 50, N0 = 20		N = 100, N0 = 40	
alpha	0.7	0.9	0.7^0.5	0.9^0.5
p = 0.5	2.40	2.39	2.41	2.40
p = 1.0	2.40	2.40	2.42	2.41
p = 2.0	2.42	2.40	2.42	2.41
p = 3.0	2.43	2.41	2.43	2.41
p = 10.0	2.46	2.43	2.45	2.42