# **Market basket Analysis**

Association Rule Mining

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# **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

This report presents the results of an Association Rule Mining analysis conducted on the dataset "bread\_basket.csv" with using R programming.

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#### **ASSOCIATION RULE MINING**

#### Introduction

### **Purpose**

Association Rule Mining (ARM) is analyzing purchasing patterns and optimizing business strategies. This part shows the application of ARM to a bakery dataset to:

- Identify frequently purchased itemsets
- Generate association rules to uncover relationships between items
- Provide actionable insights for sales optimization

#### **Dataset Description**

The dataset "bread\_basket.csv" contains transaction data from a bakery, including:

- Transaction ID: Unique identifier for each transaction
- Date and Time: The timestamp of when the transaction occurred
- Item: The product purchased

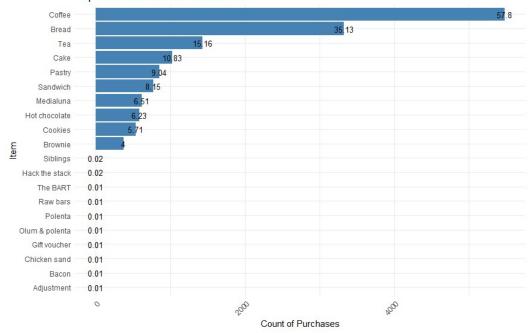
# Methodology

#### **Data Preparation**

The dataset consists of **9,465 transactions** and **94 distinct items**. I transformed the dataset into a matrix format, where each row represents a transaction, and each column indicates whether an item was purchased. This matrix was then used for association rule mining, applying the **Apriori Algorithm**.

# **General Findings**

Top 10 & Last 10 Purchased Items



The **top 10 most purchased items** (visualized in a bar chart along with their frequencies) are: **Coffee, Bread, Tea, Cake, Pastry, Sandwich, Medialuna, Hot Chocolate, Cookies, Brownie.** 

The 10 least purchased items are:

Siblings, Hack the Stack, Chicken Sand, The BART, Adjustment, Bacon, Olum & Polenta, Polenta, Gift Voucher, Raw Bars.

# **Association rule finding**

The **count** in the rules represents the number of transactions supporting a given association, highlighting frequent purchasing patterns.

The dataset was filtered based on:

- Support > 0.04 Association in at least 4% of transactions are considered
- Lift > 1 Indicates a stronger-than-random relationship, removing weak associations

#### R Output

lhs	rhs	support	confidence	coverage	lift	count
{Pastry} =>	{Coffee}	0.04754358	0.55214724	0.08610671	1.154168	450
{Coffee} =	> {Pastry}	0.04754358	0.09938163	0.47839408	1.154168	450
{Cake} =>	{Coffee}	0.05472795	0.52695829	0.10385631	1.101515	518
{Coffee} =	> {Cake}	0.05472795	0.11439929	0.47839408	1.101515	518

#### **Data Visualization**



#### Conclusion

Customers who purchase **Pastry** have a **55.21%** chance of also buying **Coffee**. Similarly, customers who purchase **Cake** have a **52.70%** chance of also buying **Coffee**. These findings suggest that **Coffee is a popular complementary item for both Pastry and Cake**, making it a strong candidate for bundled promotions.

Customers who purchase **Coffee** have a **9.94**% chance of also buying **Pastry**. Similarly, customers who purchase **Coffee** have an **11.44**% chance of also buying **Cake**. While these percentages are lower than the previous direction of association, they still indicate that **Pastry and Cake are frequently bought alongside Coffee.** 

#### Recommendations

Given that coffee is frequently purchased alongside pastries and cakes, the bakery could implement **bundle discounts or combo deals** to encourage customers to purchase these items together. Such promotions can enhance customer satisfaction while increasing the overall sales volume.

Strategic product placement can also optimize sales. Positioning pastries and cakes near the coffee counter can increase visibility and encourage customers to make additional purchases. Targeted promotional strategies may also prove beneficial in boosting sales. For instance, implementing a "Receive 10% off Coffee while purchase Pastry" campaign could incentivize cross-purchasing.

Furthermore, adjustments to the pricing and inventory management strategy could improve overall profitability. Given that the least purchased items exhibit lower demand, their **prices could be slightly increased** to maximize revenue from occasional buyers. Additionally, the bakery may consider **reducing import quantities of underperforming items** and reallocating resources toward **increasing the supply of top-selling products** or investing in targeted advertising campaigns to attract more customers.