Problem Set 3

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/raggedright

Part (a)

```
library(stringr)
library(XML)
## Loading required package: methods
library(bitops)
library(RCurl)
## get the source code of the URL
html<-getURL("http://www.presidency.ucsb.edu/sou.php")</pre>
## this command gets rid of unnecessary spaces
clean<-htmlParse(html)</pre>
\#\# grep the parts that starts with  and that the class is doclist
vector<-xpathSApply(clean,"//td[@class='doclist']//a")</pre>
## grep the parts that come after href
url<-sapply(vector, xmlGetAttr, "href")</pre>
## get rid of duplicate elements
url<-unique(url)</pre>
## get rid of the first element since the it is not a url
url<-url[2:length(url)]
```

Part(b)~(f)

```
speechinfo<-function(u) {

## (b)

## returns the body and title of the speech

htmlspeech<-getURL(u)
    cleanspeech<-htmlParse(str_replace_all(htmlspeech,"<p>", "\n\n"))
```

```
speechbody<-xpathSApply(cleanspeech,"//span[@class='displaytext']",xmlValue)</pre>
        speechtitle<-xpathSApply(cleanspeech, "//meta[@name='title']")</pre>
        speechtitle<-sapply(speechtitle,xmlGetAttr,"content")</pre>
## (c)
## this function returns the count of laughter and applause
## it also returns the body of the speech with laughter and applause eliminated
        laughter <- str_count(speechbody,ignore.case("\\[Laughter\\]"))</pre>
        applause <- str_count(speechbody,ignore.case("\\[Applause\\]"))</pre>
        stripout <- str_replace_all(speechbody,ignore.case("\\[Laughter\\][[:space:]]"),"\\1")</pre>
        stripout <- str_replace_all(speechbody,ignore.case("\\[Applause\\][[:space:]]"),"\\1")</pre>
## (d)
## this function returns a vector of which each element is the words of the speech
## it also returns the number of words
        extractwords <- unlist(strsplit(speechbody," "))</pre>
        countwords <- length(extractwords)</pre>
## (e)
## this function returns a vector of which each element is the sentences of the speech
## extractsentence <- unlist(strsplit(speechbody,"\\."))</pre>
## (f) i, ii
## this function returns the number of words and sentences
## it also returns the average length of sentences and words
        extractwords <- unlist(strsplit(speechbody," "))</pre>
        extractsentence <- unlist(strsplit(speechbody,"\\."))</pre>
        countwords <- length(extractwords)</pre>
        countsentence <- length(extractsentence)</pre>
        averagesentences <- countwords/countsentence
        averagewords <- sum(nchar(extractwords))/countwords</pre>
## this function returns the number of the word stems we are looking for
        I <- str_count(speechbody,ignore.case("[^[:alpha:]]I[^[:alpha:]]"))</pre>
        we <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Ww]e[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        america <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Aa]merica[n]?[s]?[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        democra <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Dd]emocracy[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]][Dd]emocratic</pre>
        republic <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Rr]epublic[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        democrat <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Dd]emocrat[s]?[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]][Dd]emocrat</pre>
        republican <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Rr]epublican[s]?[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        free <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Ff]ree[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]][Ff]reedom[^[:alpha:]]</pre>
        war <- str_count(speechbody, "[^[:alpha:]][Ww]ar?[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        god <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Gg]od[^[:alpha:]][^bless]")</pre>
        godbless <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Gg]od[^[:alpha:]]bless")</pre>
        jcc <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]]|[^[:alpha:]]|</pre>
        income <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Ii]ncome[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
        labor <- str_count(speechbody,"[^[:alpha:]][Ll]abor[^[:alpha:]]")</pre>
```

Part (h)

```
## make a list of every information of the speech
summary<-lapply(url,speechinfo)

## now we want to line up the years by orders so that this becomes x-axis
## first we get the vector of titles

titles<-sapply(1:length(url),function(x){summary[[x]]$Title})

## then extract the years from the titles and order them

years<-str_extract(titles,"[[:digit:]]{4}")
yearsindex<-order(years)
range<-(144:236)
len<-length(range)

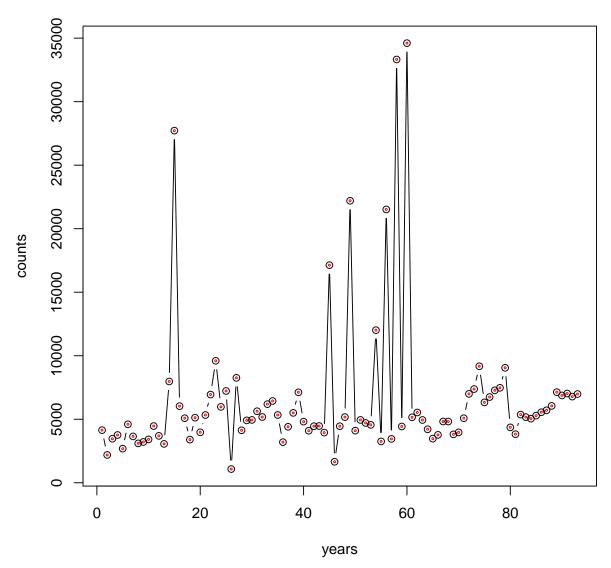
## then summarize the speeches again by order of years

speechsummary<-lapply(yearsindex,function(x){summary[[x]]})
speechsummary<-lapply(range,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]})</pre>
```

Part(h) plotting

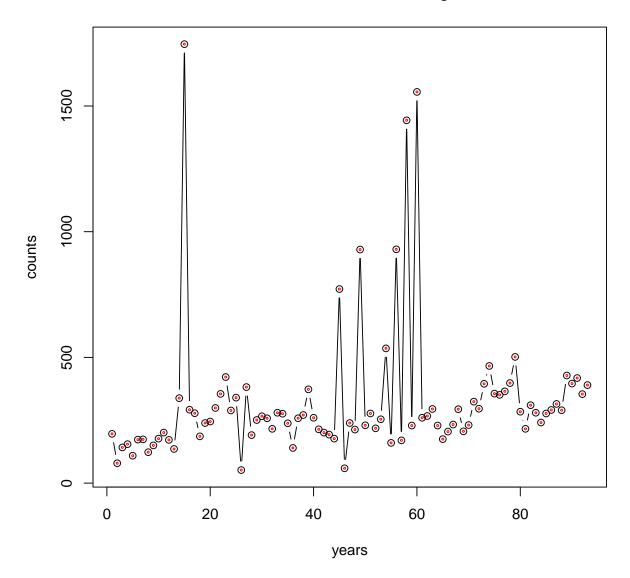
```
## Number of words
numberofwords<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$CW})
plot(numberofwords,type="b",main="Number of words change",font.main=1,xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(numberofwords, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Number of words change



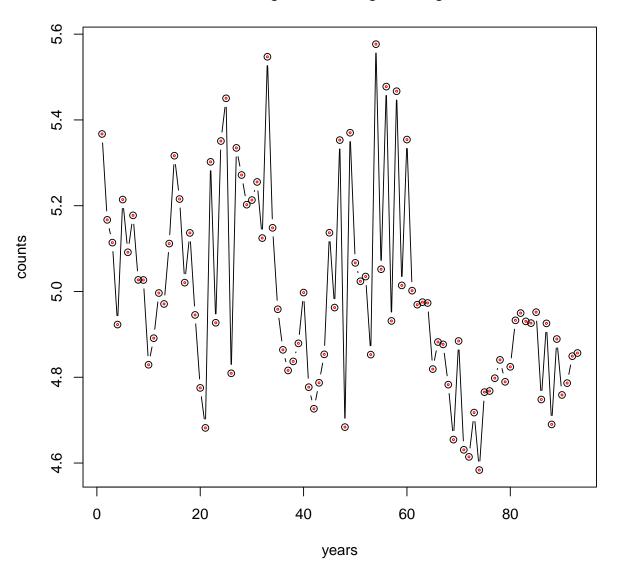
```
## Number of sentences
numberofsentences<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$CS})
plot(numberofsentences,type="b",main="Number of sentence change",font.main=1,xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(numberofsentences, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Number of sentence change



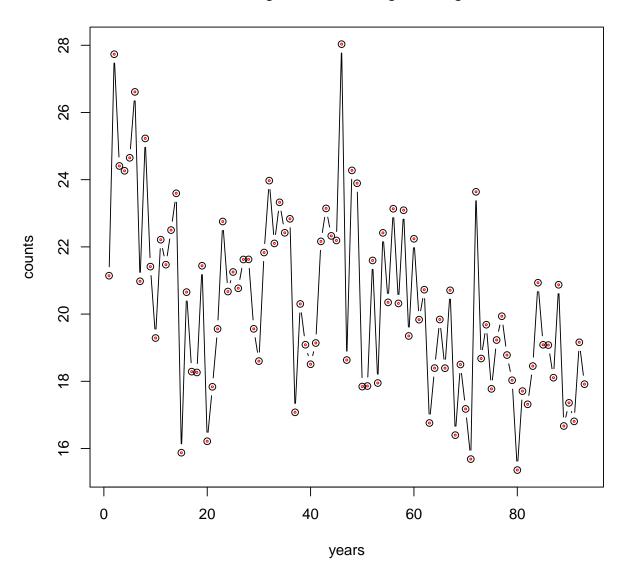
```
## Average words length
averagewords<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$Averagew})
plot(averagewords,type="b",main="Average words length change",font.main=1,xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(averagewords, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Average words length change



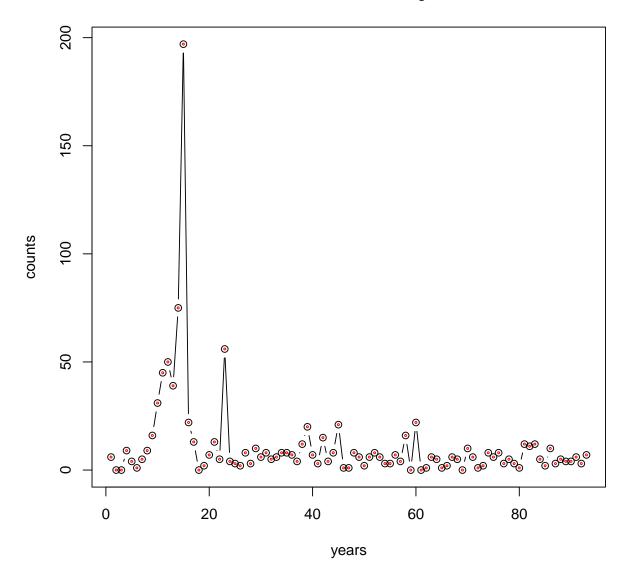
```
## Average sentence length
averagesentence<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$Averages})
plot(averagesentence,type="b",main="Average sentence length change",font.main=1,
xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(averagesentence, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Average sentence length change



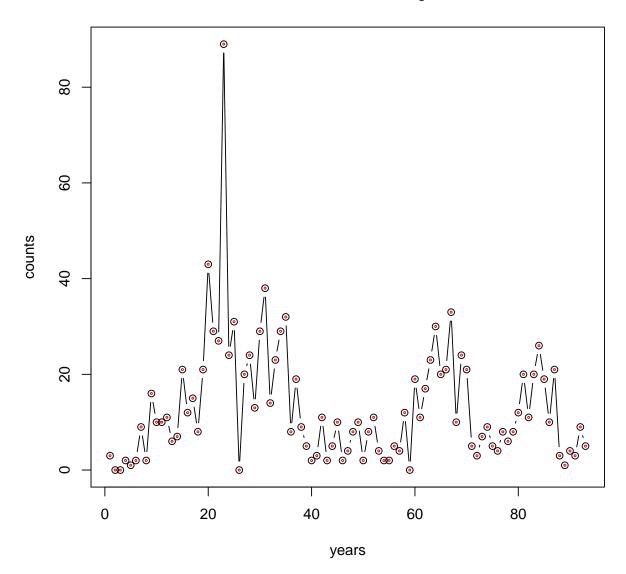
```
## Number of "war"
numberofwar<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$Wa})
plot(numberofwar,type="b",main="Number of war change",font.main=1,xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(numberofwar, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Number of war change



```
## Number of "free"
numberoffree<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$Fr})
plot(numberoffree,type="b",main="Number of free change",font.main=1,xlab="years",ylab="counts")
points(numberoffree, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Number of free change



Part (h) Dem vs. Rep

```
## We are comparing the average figures of variables of democratics and republican.

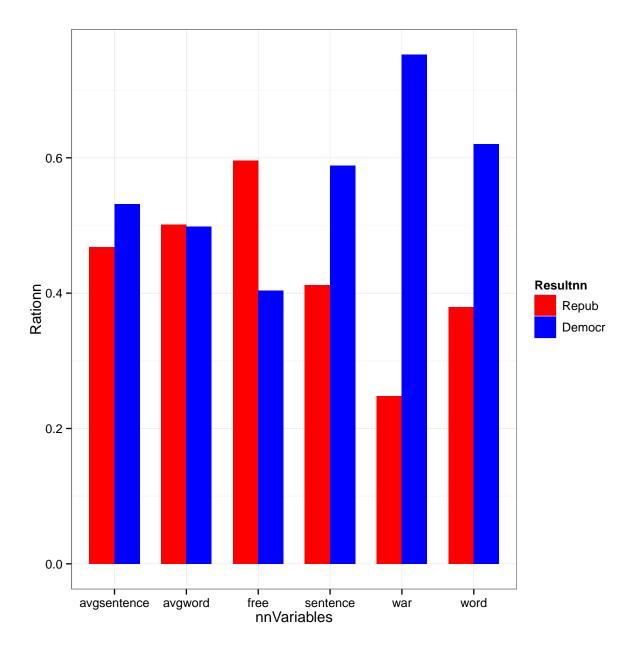
## First, we make a list of democratic speeches.

democratics<-grep("Roosevelt|Truman|Kennedy|Johnson|Carter|Clinton|Obama",titles)
lengthdemocratics<-length(democratics)
democraticspeech<-lapply(democratics,function(x){summary[[x]]})

## Then we calculate the mean of # of variables.</pre>
```

```
word1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$CW}))</pre>
sentence1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$CS}))</pre>
avgword1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$Averagew}))</pre>
avgsentence1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$Averages}))
war1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$Wa}))</pre>
free1<-mean(sapply(1:lengthdemocratics,function(x){democraticspeech[[x]]$Fr}))</pre>
## To make it easy to see, we make a vector consisted of the means we calculated above.
dem<-c(word1, sentence1, avgword1, avgsentence1, war1, free1)</pre>
dem
## [1] 9045.000 395.127 4.977 22.645 17.270 10.841
## We do the same thing for republican.
republican <- grep ("Eisenhower | Nixon | Ford | Reagan | George W. Bush | George Bush", titles)
lengthrepublican<-length(republican)</pre>
republicanspeech<-lapply(republican,function(x){summary[[x]]})</pre>
word2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$CW}))</pre>
sentence2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$CS}))</pre>
avgword2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$Averagew}))</pre>
avgsentence2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$Averages}))
war2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$Wa}))</pre>
free2<-mean(sapply(1:lengthrepublican,function(x){republicanspeech[[x]]$Fr}))</pre>
rep<-c(word2, sentence2, avgword2, avgsentence2, war2, free2)</pre>
## [1] 5533.512 276.439 5.010 19.936 5.683 16.000
## When comparing the values, we use the ratio since the real value is too huge.
republican <- rep/(rep+dem)
republican
## [1] 0.3796 0.4116 0.5017 0.4682 0.2476 0.5961
democratic < -dem/(rep+dem)
democratic
## [1] 0.6204 0.5884 0.4983 0.5318 0.7524 0.4039
## Plot a graph: The two parties differed greatly in usage of "war".
## Democrats use the word more often.
## Also, it seems that democrats make longer speech with more sentences and words.
library(ggplot2)
library(reshape2)
compare<-c("word", "sentence", "avgword", "avgsentence", "war", "free")</pre>
dataframe<-data.frame(compare,republican,democratic)</pre>
melt.var<-melt(dataframe,id=c("compare"))</pre>
ggplot(melt.var) +
```

```
geom_bar(aes(x=compare, y=value, fill=variable),
stat="identity",position="dodge",width=0.7) +
scale_fill_manual("Resultnn", values = c("red","blue"),
labels = c(" Repub", " Democr")) +
labs(x="nnVariables",y="Rationn") +
theme_bw()
```

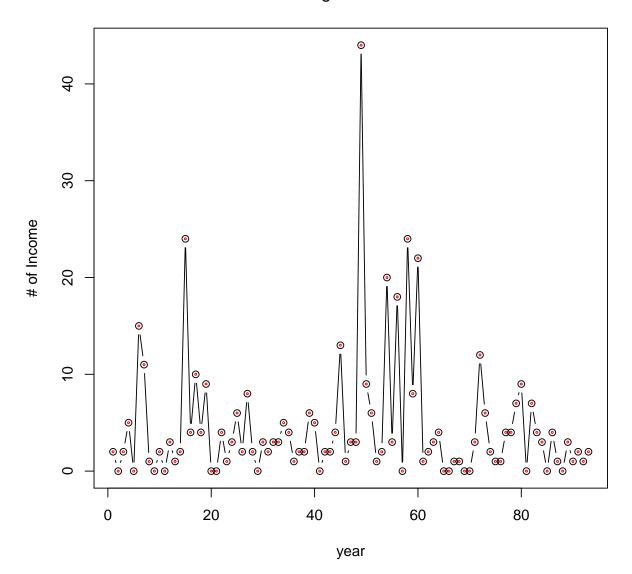


Part(i)

```
## I observed how the number of "income" and "labor" has changed over time. ## The counting function is included in the speechinfo function.
```

```
## Number of "income": the word "income" was used especially a lot in 1970s.
incomechange<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$IC})
plot(incomechange,type="b",main="Change of Income",font.main=1,xlab="year",ylab="# of Income")
points(incomechange, cex = .3, col = "red")</pre>
```

Change of Income



```
## Number of "labor": the word "labor" was used especially a lot in 1950s which is the post-war period
laborchange<-sapply(1:len,function(x){speechsummary[[x]]$LB})
plot(laborchange,type="b",main="Change of Labor",font.main=1,xlab="year",ylab="# of Labor")
points(laborchange, cex = .3, col = "blue")</pre>
```

Change of Labor

