```
function sc = dtmfscoreimproved(xx, hh)
          sc = dtmfscoreimproved(xx, hh)
    returns a percentage based on the maximum amplitude of the filtered
output
     xx = input DTMF signal
     hh = impulse response of ONE bandpass filter
% The signal detection is done by filtering xx with a length-L
% BPF, hh, and then finding the maximum amplitude of the output.
% The score is the max amplitude of the scaled output
xx = xx*(2/max(abs(xx))); %---Scale x[n] to the range [-2,+2]
%%%% add your lines below to complete the code
% Stephen's code begins
% note: equation for filter is y[n] = sum of (Bk * x[n-k])
% but convolution works fine for FIR filters
% so y = b conv x
yy = conv(hh, xx);
sc = max(abs(yy));
Not enough input arguments.
Error in dtmfscoreimproved (line 12)
xx = xx*(2/max(abs(xx))); %---Scale x[n] to the range [-2,+2]
```

Published with MATLAB® R2023a