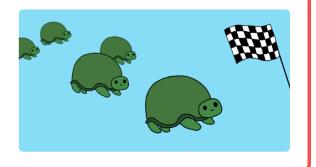
# **Turtle Race!**

Race turtles against eachother!

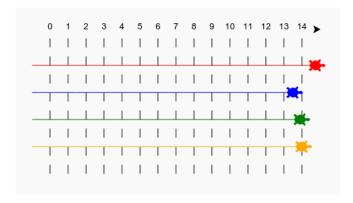


## Step 1 Introduction

Use loops to draw a race track and create a racing turtle game.

## What you will make

This project introduces for loops through a fun turtle race game. Loops are used to draw the race track and to make the turtles move a random number of steps each turn. If you have a group of people to play the game, each person pick a turtle and the one that gets the furthest is the winner.



#### What you will learn

By making your turtle race game, you will learn how to:

- Write for loops in Python
- Use random numbers in Python
- Draw lines in different colours with Python Turtle

This project covers elements from the following strands of the **Raspberry Pi Digital Making Curriculum**(<a href="http://rpf.io/curriculum">http://rpf.io/curriculum</a>):

• Use basic programming constructs to create simple programs.

(https://www.raspberrypi.org/curriculum/programming/creator/)



Completion of this project will earn you points towards your bronze "Digital Maker" iDEA badge. For more information, visit **idea.org.uk** (<a href="https://idea.org.uk">https://idea.org.uk</a>).

#### Additional information for educators

If you need to print this project, please use the **printer-friendly version** (https://projects.raspberrypi.org/en/projects/turtle-race/print).

Use the link in the footer to access the GitHub repository for this project, which contains all resources (including an example finished project) in the 'en/resources' folder.

#### Additional information for club leaders

If you need to print this project, please use the **Printer friendly version** (https://projects.raspberry-pi.org/en/projects/turtle-race/print).

# Step 2 What you will need

#### Hardware

• An internet-connected computer

## **Software**

This project uses Python 3. We recommend using **Trinket** (<a href="https://trinket.io/">https://trinket.io/</a>), which allows you to write Python code online.

You're going to create a game with racing turtles. First they'll need a race track.

- Open the blank Python template Trinket: jumpto.cc/python-new (<a href="http://jumpto.cc/python-new">http://jumpto.cc/python-new</a>).
- Add the following code to draw a line using the 'turtle':



• Now let's use the turtle to draw some track markings for the race.

The turtle write function writes text to the screen.

Try it:



Now you need to fill in the numbers in between to create markings:



• Did you notice that your code is very repetitive? The only thing that changes is the number to write.

There's a better way of doing this in Python. You can use a for loop.

Update your code to use a for loop:



 Hmm, that only prints numbers up to 4. In Python range(5) returns five numbers, from 0 up to 4. To get it to also return 5 you'll need to use range(6):



Now we can draw some track markings. The turtle starts at coordinates (0,0) in

the middle of the screen.

Move the turtle to the top left instead:

```
from turtle import *

goto(-140, 140)

for step in range(6):
    write(step)
    forward(20)
```

• Ah, you'll want to lift the pen up first!

```
penup()
goto(-140, 140)

for step in range(6):
    write(step)
    forward(20)
```

• Instead of drawing a line horizontally, let's draw vertical lines to create a track:

```
for step in range(6):
    write(step)
    right(90)
    forward(10)
    pendown()
    forward(150)
    penup()
    backward(160)
    left(90)
    forward(20)
```

**right(90)** makes the turtle turn right 90 degrees (a right angle.) Moving **forward(10)** before putting the pen down leaves a small gap between the number and the start of the line. After drawing the line you lift up the pen and go **backward(160)** the length of the line plus the gap.

• It looks neater if you centre the numbers:

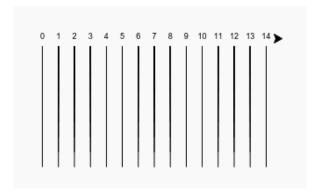
```
for step in range(6):
    write(step, align='center')
    right(90)
    forward(10)
    pendown()
    forward(150)
    penup()
    backward(160)
    left(90)
    forward(20)
```

• And you can speed up the turtle so it draws faster:

```
from turtle import *

speed(10)
penup()
goto(-140, 140)
```

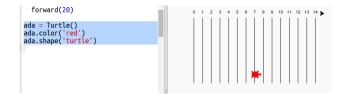
Can you change your code so that the track lines go right across the screen?



If you want to make the turtle go even faster you can use speed(0).

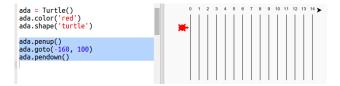
Now for the fun bit. Let's add some racing turtles. It would be really boring if the turtles did the same thing every time so they will move a random number of steps each turn. The winner is the turtle that gets the furthest in 100 turns.

• When you use commands like **forward(20)** you are using a single turtle. But you can create more turtles. Add the following code to the end of your script (but make sure it's not indented):



The first line creates a turtle called 'ada'. The next lines set the colour and shape of the turtle. Now it really looks like a turtle!

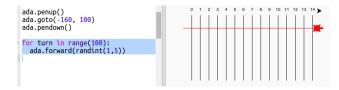
Let's send the turtle to the starting line:



 Now you need to make the turtle race by moving a random number of steps at a time. You'll need the randint function from the Python random library. Add this import line to the top of your script:

```
from turtle import *
from random import randint
```

• The **randint** function returns a random integer (whole number) between the values chosen. The turtle will move forward 1, 2, 3, 4, or 5 steps at each turn.



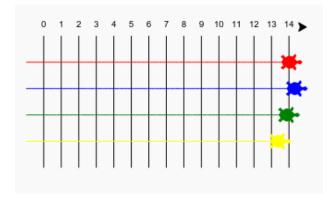
• One turtle isn't much of a race! Let's add another one:



Note that the code for moving the blue turtle needs to be in **the same** for loop as the code for moving the red turtle so that they each make a move every turn.

Now you're ready to race. Pick a turtle and an opponent and see who wins.

Can you add more turtles so you can race with more friends?



Colours include: orange, purple, violet, tomato, turquoise, magenta and brown - or you can go to **jumpto.cc/colours** (http://jumpto.cc/colours) and pick any colour you like!

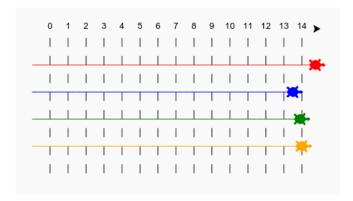
# Step 7 Challenge: Do a twirl

Can you use a **for turn in range():** loop to make each turtle do a 360 degree twirl after they get to the starting line? You'll need to make sure they are facing in the right direction at the start of the race!

ada.right(36) will turn the red turtle right by 36 degrees.

**Hint:** A full turn is 360 degrees. A turtle could turn right 10 degrees 36 times, or left 5 degrees 72 times, or any other numbers make 360!

Can you use a loop to make the track lines dashed instead of solid?



**Hint:** Find the code that draws a straight line. Try using: for, forward(), penup() and pendown()

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View project & license on GitHub (https://github.com/RaspberryPiLearning/turtle-race)