

Lab 9

COEN 175 Compilers



Overview For Lab 9

Goal

- Finish the compiler (generate code for expressions and statements)

Submission

- Submit a tarball of your cpps and make files in folder called phase6
- Due Date: **Friday**, March 11

Phase 6 Outline

1. Registers
2. Assignment
3. Add/Sub/Mul
4. Divide/Remainder
5. Relational and Equality Operators
6. Unary Operators
7. Labels and Strings

1. Registers

- Register.h/Register.cpp given!
- Write Helper Functions:
 - Assign - Lecture
 - Most functions end with `assign(this, resultReg);`
 - Load - Lecture
 - getReg - Lecture
- Modify Ostream Operator

```
static ostream &operator <<(ostream &o
{
    if (expr-> register != nullptr)
        return ostr << expr->_register;

    expr->operand(ostr);
```

2. Assignment

- Generate right
 - If right is not an immediate then load right
- If left is a dereference
 - Generate and load pointer
 - move (byte or long) right value to dereferenced pointer location
- If not a dereference
 - move (byte or long) right value to left location
- Unassign everything

3. Add/Sub/Mul

- Create general compute() function

```
static void compute(Expression *result, Expression *left, Expression *right, const string &opcode)
```

- Generate left and right
 - Load left
 - Run the operation
 - Unassign right register `assign(right, nullptr);`
 - Assign left register to result expression
- No special case for pointers since amounts already scaled in checker.cpp

4. Divide/Remainder

- Create general divide() function

```
static void divide(Expression *result, Expression *left, Expression *right, Register *reg)
```

- Generate left and right
- Load left
- Unload edx `load(nullptr, edx);`
- If right is a number load into ecx
- Sign extend %eax into %edx (use cld)
- `idivl right`
- Unassign left and right register
- Assign result to correct register
- Division result in eax, remainder result in edx

5. Relational and Equality Operators

- Create general compare() function

```
static void compare(Expression *result, Expression *left, Expression *right, const string &opcode)
```

- Generate left and right
 - Load left
 - Compare left and right
 - Unassign left and right
 - Assign result to a register
 - store result of condition code in byte register
 - Zero-extend byte to long (movzbl)
- Condition opcodes in lecture

6. Unary Operators - Cast/Not/Negate

- **Cast**
 - Strangely easier in assembly
 - Sign extend (movsbl) if going from 1 byte to 4 bytes
- **Not**
 - `cmpl $0, expr`
 - `sete byteReg`
 - zero extend (movzbl)
- **Negate**
 - `Negl`
- **All**
 - Start with generate and load expression
 - End with assign result expression to register

6. Unary Operators - Dereference

- Algorithm
 - Generate and load contained expression
 - Assign resulting expression to register
 - Move value at dereferenced pointer location to result register
- Use size of `_type` to decide between `movb` or `movl`
- Dereference only handles rvalue dereferences (lvalues handled by parent)

6. Unary Operators - Address

- If base is a dereference
 - Generate and load pointer
 - Assign resulting expression to pointer's register
- If not a dereference
 - Assign resulting expression to a register
 - Get address (leal) of operand and store in result's register

7. Labels and Strings

- Label.h/Label.cpp (add to makefile) - Lecture
- Strings
 - Add string to label map to top of generator.cpp
 - `static map<string, Label> strings;`
 - String::operand
 - Check if string already in map (use _value to get string value)
 - If not then create a new label and add an entry for that string
 - Cout the label of that string

7. Labels and Strings (cont.)

- Modify generateGlobals()
- Add .data section for strings
- Loop through string map and output:
 - label: .asciz "string"
- Use escapeString() function in string.cpp for the string literal

Example output:

```
.data
.L23:  .asciz  "%d\012"
.L8:   .asciz  "syntax error at %d\012"
```

Tips

- Recompile your code frequently to make sure it still works
- Since you are overriding functions, you don't need to have the others completed to *compile*
- `_type` will give the resulting type of the expression
- Don't forget to assign resulting expression "this" at end
- NO changes in parser
- Check the lectures!
- Check your output with the gcc using the -S flag
 - This will generate more optimal code than yours most likely, worry about correctness

Checking your code

- `$./scc < file.c > file.s 2> /dev/null`
- `$ gcc -m32 file.s [additional-source-files]`
- `$./a.out`

- Make -lib files if you want to use operations you haven't implemented yet
- You don't need to change any report() since those go to stderr
- Make sure you are sending your generated code to stdout (>>)
- Run with CHECKSUB before submission