PSG college of Technology Department of Computer Applications 23MX18 Web Application Development

```
<title>DOM Selection Lab</title>
      <h2 id="heading">Welcome to DOM Lab</h2>
      This is the first paragraph.
      This is the second paragraph with class
intro.
      This is the third paragraph with class intro.
      This paragraph uses a name attribute.
          Apple
          Banana
          Cherry
          Output: <input readonly type="text" id="output">
          Tag Name: <input type="text" id="input">
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 A.js')">Part A</button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 B.js')">Part B</button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 C.js')">Part C</button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 D.js')">Part D</button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 E.js')">Part E/button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 F.js')">Part F</button>
          <button onclick="loadScript('ws 8 fontSize.js')">Font
Size</button>
onclick="loadScript('ws_8_liHightlight.js')">Highlight</button>
```

```
let currentScript = null;
function loadScript(src) {
    if (currentScript) {
        currentScript.remove();
        currentScript = null;
    if (window.runCode) {
        delete window.runCode;
    let script = document.createElement('script');
    script.src = src;
    script.id = 'dynamicScript';
    document.body.appendChild(script);
    currentScript = script;
    script.onload = () => {
            runCode();
```

Part A: Traditional DOM Methods

- 1. Use getElementById to change the text of the <h2> heading to "DOM Lab in Progress".
- 2. Use getElementsByClassName to change the text color of all paragraphs with class **intro** to **blue**.
- 3. Use getElementsByTagName to count all elements and display the total in #output.
- 4. Use getElementsByName to change the background color of the with name="note".

DOM Lab in Progress.

This is the first paragraph.

This is the second paragraph with class intro.

This is the third paragraph with class intro.

- Apple
- Banana
- Cherry

-				Tag Name:			
Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D	Part E	Part F	Font Size	Highlight

```
function runCode() {
    document.getElementById("heading").innerHTML='DOM Lab in
Progress.';
    let intros = document.getElementsByClassName("intro");
    for(let i=0;i<intros.length;i++) {</pre>
        intros[i].style.color = "blue";
    let tagPs = document.getElementsByTagName("p");
    document.querySelector("#output").value=tagPs.length;
```

```
//Use getElementsByName to change the background color of the
with name="note".

let notes = document.getElementsByName("note");

for(let i=0;i<notes.length;i++) {

    notes[i].style.background = "lightpink";
}</pre>
```

Part B: Using querySelector and querySelectorAll

- 5. Use querySelector to select the **first i** in the list and make its text bold.
- 6. Use querySelector to select the paragraph with id para1 and append the text "(Modified)" to it.
- 7. Use querySelectorAll to select all list items and change their text color to green.
- 8. Use querySelectorAll to loop through all paragraphs with class intro and log their text content to the console.

Welcome to DOM Lab This is the first paragraph. Modified This is the second paragraph with class intro. This is the third paragraph with class intro. This paragraph uses a name attribute. Apple Banana Cherry Output: Tag Name: Part A Part B Part C Part D Part E Part F Font Size Highlight

```
make its text bold.
    let lis = document.querySelectorAll("li");
   lis[0].style.fontWeight = 'bold';
   document.querySelector("p#para1").innerHTML += " Modified";
        lis[i].style.background = 'lightgreen';
   let paras = document.getElementsByClassName("intro");
    for(let i=0;i<paras.length;i++) {</pre>
        console.log(paras[i].textContent);
```

Part C: Compare Methods

9. Try to select the same element (the) using:

- o getElementById
- querySelector("#para1")
 Compare the results in the console. Are they the same object?
- 10. Try to select all .intro paragraphs using:
- getElementsByClassName("intro")
- querySelectorAll(".intro")

Notice the difference in **return type** (HTMLCollection vs NodeList).

```
function runCode(){
    let paId = document.getElementById("para1");
    let paQ = document.querySelector("#para1");
getElementsByClassName("intro")
    let intros = document.getElementsByClassName("intro");
   let ints = document.querySelectorAll(".intro");
```

Part D: Practical Styling and Manipulation

- 11. Use querySelector("ul li:last-child") to select the **last list item** and change its text to "Orange".
- 12. Use querySelectorAll(".item") to **add numbers** before each fruit name (1. Apple, 2. Banana, etc.).

- 13. Use getElementsByTagName("p") to hide the **second paragraph** (hint: style.display = "none").
- 14. Use querySelector("p.intro") to underline only the **first** paragraph with class intro.
- 15. Use getElementsByClassName("item") to change the background color of all list items to **lightyellow**.

This is the first paragraph.

This is the second paragraph with class intro.

- 1. Apple
- 2. Banana
- 3. Orange

Output:				Tag Nan	ne:		
Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D	Part E	Part F	Font Size	Highlight

```
function runCode(){
    //Use querySelector("ul li:last-child") to select the last list
item and change its text to "Orange".

    document.querySelector("ul li:last-child").innerHTML = 'Orange';

    //Use querySelectorAll(".item") to add numbers before each fruit
name (1. Apple, 2. Banana, etc.).

let items = document.querySelectorAll(".item");

items.forEach(function(item,i){
    item.textContent = `${i+1}. ${item.textContent}`;
});

//Use getElementsByTagName("p") to hide the second paragraph
(hint: style.display = "none").
```

```
document.getElementsByTagName("p")[2].style.display = 'none';

//Use querySelector("p.intro") to underline only the first
paragraph with class intro.

document.querySelector("p.intro").style.textDecoration =
'underline';

//Use querySelector("p.intro") to underline only the first
paragraph with class intro.

for(let i=0;i<items.length;i++){
   items[i].style.background = 'lightyellow';
}</pre>
```

Part E: Attribute Access

- 16. Use querySelector("#heading") and print its **tag name** in the console.
- 17. Use document.querySelector("[name='note']") to select the paragraph with name "note" and set its text color to **red**.
- 18. Use querySelectorAll("p") and log the **innerHTML** of each paragraph.
- 19. Use getElementById("para1") and change its id to "firstPara".
- 20. Use querySelector("ul") to add a **new list item Grapes**

This is the first paragraph.

This is the second paragraph with class intro.

This is the third paragraph with class intro.

- Apple
- Banana
- Cherry
- Grapes

Output:				Tag Nan	ne:		
Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D	Part E	Part F	Font Size	Highlight

```
function runCode(){
    //Use querySelector("#heading") and print its tag name in the
    console.

let element = document.querySelector('#heading');
    console.log(element.tagName);

//Use document.querySelector("[name='note']") to select the
    paragraph with name "note" and set its text color to red.

    document.querySelector("[name = 'note']").style.color = 'red';

//Use querySelectorAll("p") and log the innerHTML of each
    paragraph.

let paras = document.querySelectorAll("p");
    paras.forEach((para) => {
        console.log(para.innerHTML);
    }
}
```

```
//Use getElementById("paral") and change its id to "firstPara".
document.getElementById("paral").id = 'firstPara';

//Use querySelector("ul") to add a new list item Grapes
at the end of the list.

let ul = document.querySelector('ul');

let li = document.createElement('li');

li.textContent = 'Grapes';

ul.append(li);
}
```

Part F: Interactive Tasks

21. Add a button that, when clicked, uses querySelectorAll("p") to increase the font size of all paragraphs by 2px.

This is the first paragraph.

This is the second paragraph with class intro.

This is the third paragraph with class intro.

- Apple
- Banana
- Cherry

Output:				Tag Nan			
Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D	Part E	Part F	Font Size	Highlight

```
function runCode() {
    let paras = document.querySelectorAll('p');
    paras.forEach((p) => {
        let currentSize = window.getComputedStyle(p).fontSize;
        let newSize = parseInt(currentSize) + 2 + 'px';
        p.style.fontSize = newSize;
    });
}
```

22. Add a button that highlights all list items when clicked (backgroundColor = "lightgreen").

Welcome to DOM Lab
This is the first paragraph.
This is the second paragraph with class intro.
This is the third paragraph with class intro.
This paragraph uses a name attribute.
AppleBananaCherry
Output: Tag Name: Part A Part B Part C Part D Part E Part F Font Size Highlight

```
function runCode() {
    let lis = document.querySelectorAll('p');
    lis.forEach(li => li.style.backgroundColor = 'lightgreen');
}
```

- 23. Use querySelectorAll(".intro") to count how many intro paragraphs exist and display the count in the #output div.
- 24. Add an input box where a user can type a **tag name** (e.g., p or li). On pressing a button, display how many such elements are in the document. (Hint: getElementsByTagName).
- 25. Use querySelector("h2") to toggle the heading's color between red and black every time it's clicked.

This is the first paragraph.

This is the second paragraph with class intro.

This is the third paragraph with class intro.

- Apple
- Banana
- · Cherry

Output:	4			Tag Name: p			
Part A	Part B	Part C	Part D	Part E	Part F	Font Size	Highlight

```
function runCode(){
    //Use querySelectorAll(".intro") to count how many intro
paragraphs exist and display the count in the #output div.

let intros = document.querySelectorAll(".intro");

document.getElementById("output").value = intros.length;

//Add an input box where a user can type a tag name (e.g., p or
li). On pressing a button, display how many such elements are in the
document. (Hint: getElementsByTagName).

let choice = document.getElementById("input").value.trim();

let choices = document.getElementsByTagName(choice);

document.querySelector("#output").value = choices.length;

//Use querySelector("h2") to toggle the heading's color between
red and black every time it's clicked.
```

```
let head = document.querySelector("h2");
head.onclick = function() {
    if (head.style.color === "red") {
        head.style.color = "black";
    } else {
        head.style.color = "red";
    }
}
```