

Corpus and Computational Tools for Generative Metrics

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*Symposium: A comparison of models for meter:
Corpora and other sources of evidence for metrical theory
and method*

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The Metrical Corpus

- Shakespeare = 118, 406 lines
- Construction of a metrically-parsed corpus of poetic texts
 - Quantitative data for evaluation of metrical hypotheses
- Building and designing an automatic metrical annotator/parser
- Preliminary results, problems, future questions

Goal:

The Metrical Corpus

- Generative/Parametric Theory (Jespersen 1933, Hanson & Kiparsky 1996, a.o.):
 - Metrical Template
(w s)(w s)(w s)(w s)(w s) [=iambic pentameter]
 - Correspondence constraints:
 - Matches input to metrical template
 - Polysyllabic main stressed syllables must be in metrical 's'
 - Music to hear, why hear'st thou music sadly?
(w s) (w s) (w s) (w s)(w s) <>
- Metrical corpus = scanned lines of poetic text
(akin to a syntactically parsed corpus, e.g., Treebank)

Why?

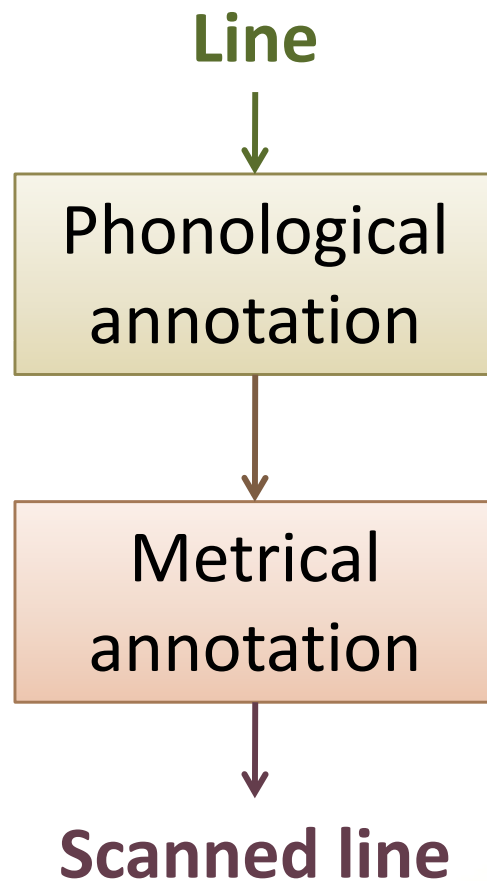
The Metrical Corpus

- Gold-standard corpus
- Standardization within the theory
- Handling and analysis of quantitative data
- Inter-coder reliability
- (Convenience)

Getting there:

Automatic Annotation

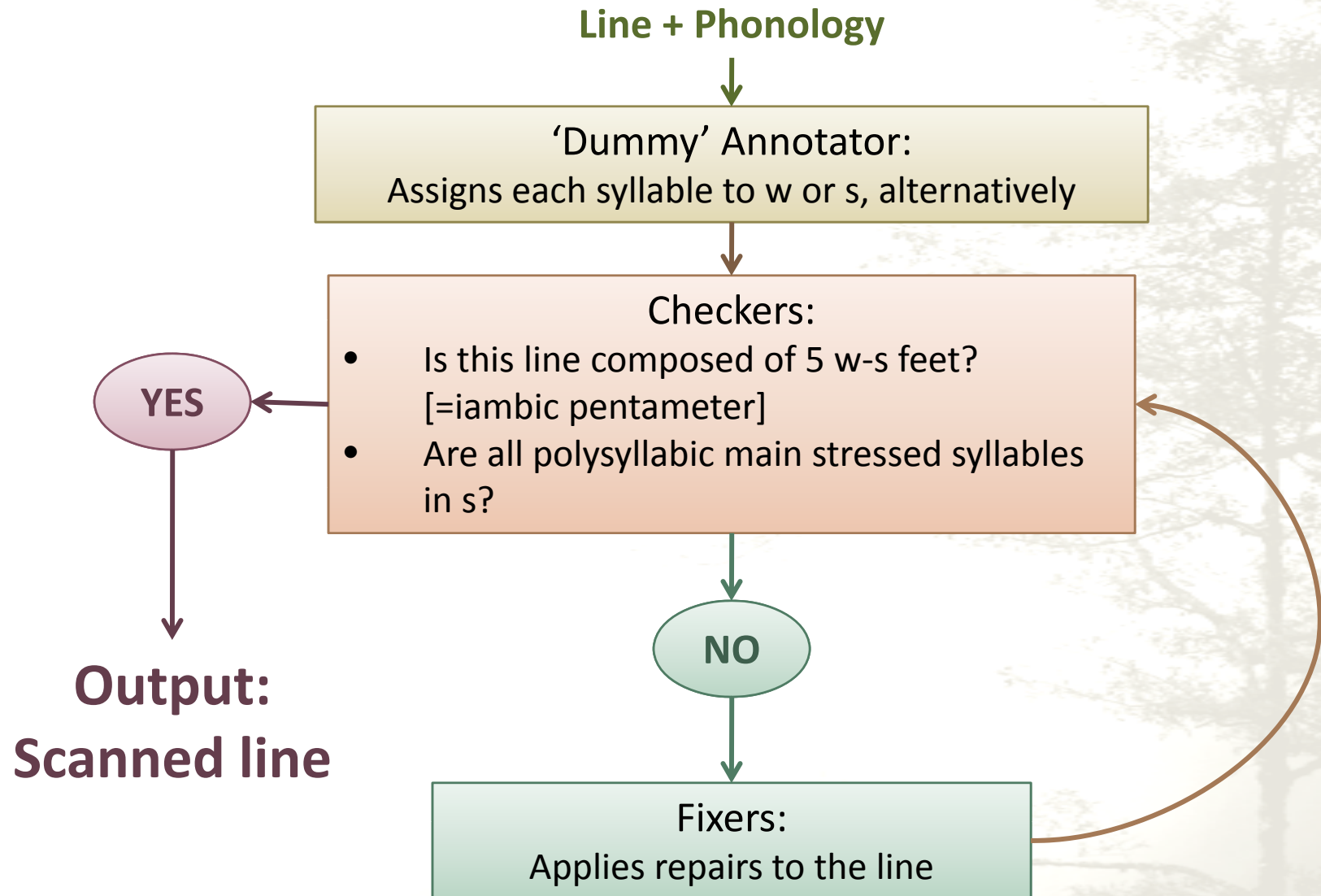
- Python code
- Two-step annotation process:



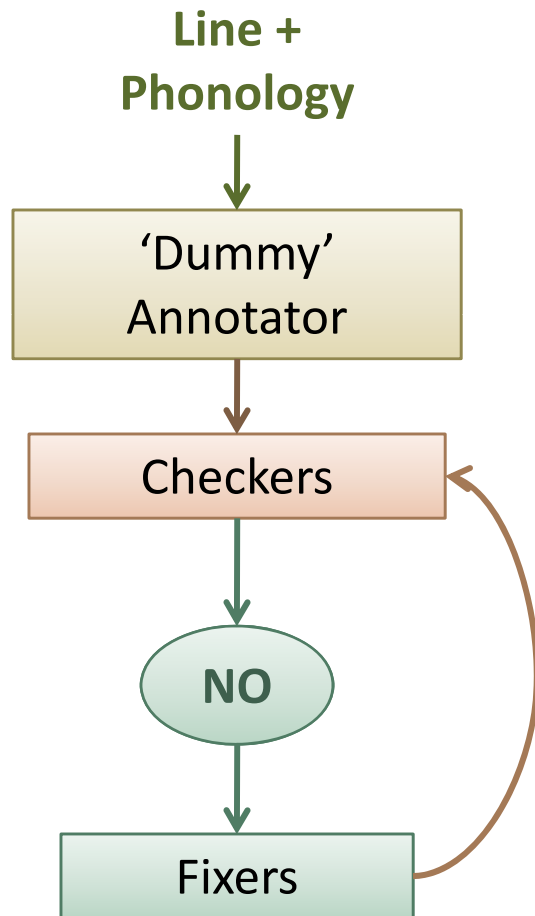
Stress, weight, segments:

1. Automatic annotation from Carnegie Mellon University online dictionary and Speriosu 2007
2. ~700 hand-annotated words for stress and weight
3. Override dictionary (pronouns, e.g., 'me', 'ye')

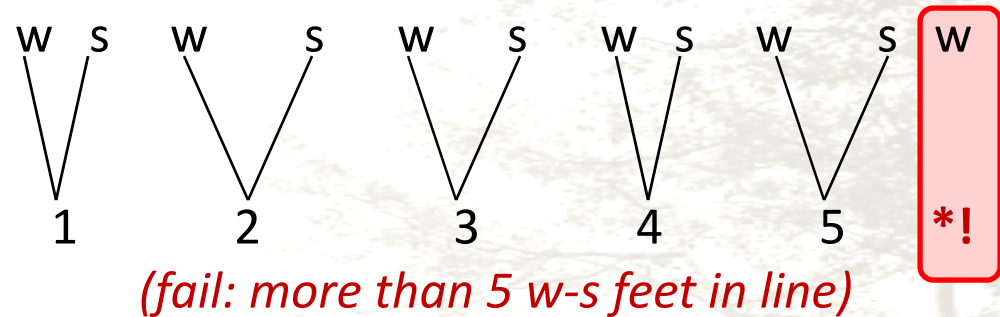
Automatic Metrical Annotation



Example: Automatic Metrical Annotator



P U P P U P U P U P U
And in fresh numbers number all your graces



W S W S W S W S W S <>
(extrametricality fixer: extra line-final syllable allowed if it is U.)

Automatic Metrical Annotator: Output

| 1 | line_num | line | meter | stress | weight | comment |
|----|--|---|----------------------|---------------------|---|----------------------|
| 2 | 1:01 | From fairest creatures we desire increase, | w sw sw s ws ws | P PU PU P UP UP | H LH HH H LH HH | CLEAR |
| 3 | 1:02 | That thereby beauty's rose might never die, | w sw sw s w sw s | P PP PU P P PU P | H HH HH H H LH H | CLEAR |
| 4 | 1:03 | But as the ripper should by time decease, | w s w sw s w s ws | P P U PU P P P UP | H H L HH H H H LH | CLEAR |
| 5 | 1:04 | His tender heir might bear his memory: | w sw s w s w sws | P PU P P P P PUU | H HH H H H H LHH | CLEAR |
| 6 | 1:05 | But thou, contracted to thine own bright eyes, | w s Wsw s w s w s | P P PUU P P P P P | H H HHH H H H H H | Internal Inversion |
| 7 | 1:06 | Feed'st thy light's flame with self-substantial fuel, | w s w s w swsw s<> | P P P P P SUPU PU | H H H H H HHHH HH | Extrametrical ending |
| 8 | 1:07 | Making a famine where abundance lies, | Ws w sw s wsw s | PU U PU P UPU P | HH L LH H LHH H | Initial Inversion |
| 9 | 1:08 | Thyself thy foe, to thy sweet self too cruel. | ws w s w s w s w s<> | UP P P P P P P P PU | HH H H H H H H H H | Extrametrical ending |
| 10 | 1:09 | Thou that art now the world's fresh ornament, | w s w s w s w sws | P P P P U P P PUU | H H H H L H H HLH | CLEAR |
| 11 | 1:10 | And only herald to the gaudy spring, | w sw sw s w sw s | P PU PU P U PU P | H HH LH H L HH H | CLEAR |
| 12 | 1:11 | Within thine own bud buriest thy content, | ws w s w sws w s<> | UP P P P PUU P PU | LH H H H LHH H HH | Extrametrical ending |
| 13 | 1:12 | And, tender chorl, mak'st waste in niggarding: | w sw s w s w sws | P PU P P P U PUU | H HH H H H H LHH | CLEAR |
| 14 | 1:13 | Pity the world, or else this glutton be, | Ws w s w s w sw s | PU U P P P P PU P | LH L H H H H HH H | Initial Inversion |
| 15 | 1:14 | To eat the world's due, by the grave and thee. | w s w s w s w s w s | P P U P P P U P P P | H H L H H H L H H H | CLEAR |
| 96 | The eyes ('fore duteous) now converted are | | w s w sws w sws w | U P P PUU P UPU P | Main stress in strong: FAIL Foottype or num problem: FAIL | |
| 97 | From his low tract and look another way: | | w s w s w s wsw s | P P P P P UPU P | CLEAR | |
| 98 | So thou, thyself outgoing in thy noon, | | w s ws wsw s w s | P P UP PSU U P P | Main stress in strong: FAIL | |
| 99 | Unlook'd on diest unless thou get a son. | | ws w sw sw s w s w | UP P PU UP P P U P | Main stress in strong: FAIL Foottype or num problem: FAIL | |

Automatic Metrical Annotator: Fixer Module

1. Line-final extrametricality
2. Line-internal extrametricality
3. Line-initial inversion
4. Line-internal inversion
5. Resolution
6. Elision
7. Sesquipsyllabic contraction
8. Trisyllabic substitution
9. Squeezing of unstressed function words

Automatic Metrical Annotator: Fixer Module Problems

Overlapping repair strategies

- E.g.,
 - *Resolution*: $\overset{\circ}{V} C \overset{x}{V}$ allowed in a single metrical S
 - e.g., prodigal
 - *Elision*: adjacent vowels may share a metrical pos
 - e.g., being

Injúrious dístance should not stop my way,
w s w s w s w s w s

→ How much information is necessary to identify and distinguish iambic pentameter?

Automatic Metrical Annotator: Fixer Module Problems

Interaction of repairs:

- What order do the repairs occur in? How does the annotator apply repairs to achieve an optimal line?
- Potential solution = Optimality-theoretic model (?)
- GEN: generating all possible repaired outputs of a problematic line

Automatic Metrical Annotator: Baseline and Improvements

| (Total # of lines = 2155) | # annotated lines | # total annotated lines | % of total lines |
|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|-----------------------------|
| 'Dummy' annotation | 1544 | 1544 | 71.65 |
| + Line-final extrametricality | + 162 | 1706 | 79.16 |
| + Line-initial inversion | + 102 | 1808 | 83.9 |

- Random sample of 'dummy' annotated lines hand-checked for accuracy:

| | # of checked lines | # of errors | Error % |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| 'Dummy' annotation | 402 | 9 | 2.21 |

- Extrametricality, inversion hand-checked for accuracy:

| | Total # of lines | # of errors | Error % |
|------------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|----------------|
| Line-final extrametricality | 167 | 4 | 2.4 |
| Line-initial inversion | 102 | 1 | < 1 |

Metrical Corpus | Preliminary Results: Syllable Weight in Inversion

- Initial inversion:
- **M**úsic to hear, why hear'st thou music sadly?
(w s) (w s) (w s) (w s)(w s) <>
*(s w)(w ...
- Kiparsky 2005: **inverted iambs** ≠ trochees
 - Inverted iambs prefer L σ; Trochees prefer H σ

(w s)
|
L

(s w)
|
H

Metrical Corpus | Preliminary Results: Syllable Weight in Inversion

| | Line-initial Inversion | All initially-stressed words |
|------------------------|------------------------|------------------------------|
| Heavy initial syllable | 73 (=71.57%) | 928 (=65.26%) |
| Light initial syllable | 29 (=28.43%) | 494 (=34.74%) |
| | 102 | 1422 |

- Shakespeare's sonnets: more heavy syllables than light ones in polysyllabic initial inversion, counter to Kiparsky (2005)'s Finnish findings
- Inverted iambs \neq trochees ?
- Hanson 2009: Inversions "[serve] to signal strong the beginning of a new line" (281) in English and Romance meter.

Conclusion

- Goal: Metrically-parsed corpus with scanned lines of poetic text
- Automatic metrical annotator: given phonology and verse, metrically parses the input
- Eventually: annotator applicable cross-linguistically to (metrical) verse forms

Conclusion:

Automatic Metrical Annotator

- Automatic metrical annotator
 - ~84% of lines annotated
 - Baseline from ‘dummy’ annotation ~72%
 - Low error rate ~2%
- Implementation of metrical ‘repairs,’ most likely using an Optimality-based approach
- Further annotations:
 - Phonological segments
 - Syntactic information
 - Phrasal stress
 - Optional/alternative pronunciations

Conclusion:

Metrical Corpus

- Preliminary quantitative data with line-initial inversions shows differences in weight distribution in English and Finnish.
- Ultimately:
 - Distribution of irregularities in the meter
 - What and how much does an automatic annotator need to know to produce ‘correct’ or ‘optimal’ scansion of poetry?
=> How much do we know to intuitively perceive meter?

Thank you!

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