# Advanced Cybersecurity Topics

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**Heap Exploitation** 

20-21

# Exploit Heap Overflow to gain RCE

- Use after free
- Exploit glibc implementation to get:
  - Arbitrary Write
  - EIP Control

## Memory Allocations

## syscall

- mmap (allocate memory page)
- munmap (deallocate memory page)
- brk/sbrk (change the location of the program break)

#### libc

- malloc allocate a chunk of memory
- calloc allocate and zero-out memory
- realloc change size of an allocation
- free free a chunk of memory

## The HEAP Allocators

- **ptmalloc** (glibc)
- dlmalloc (was in glibc)
- tcmalloc (chromium)
- jemalloc (FreeBSD, Firefox, Android)
- splittings, fits, coalescing, segregations (free list, storage, non determinism)

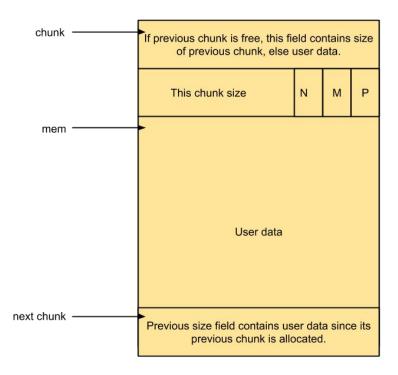
# ptmalloc2 (aka the malloc of glibc)

- splittings (how to divide in chunk)
- **fits** (match requested size with )
- coalescing (how to merge chunks)
- **segregations** free list
- NO segregations storage
- deterministic

### Best documentation is source code.

```
Size of previous chunk, if unallocated (P clear)
  Size of chunk, in bytes
User data starts here...
         (malloc_usable_size() bytes)
         (size of chunk, but used for application data)
  Size of next chunk, in bytes
```

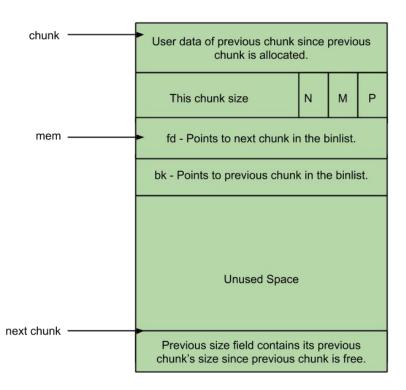
## Chunks



- PREV\_INUSE (P) This bit is set when previous chunk is allocated.
- IS\_MMAPPED (M) This bit is set when chunk is mmap'd.
- NON\_MAIN\_ARENA (N) This bit is set when this chunk belongs to a thread arena.

Allocated Chunk

#### Free Chunks



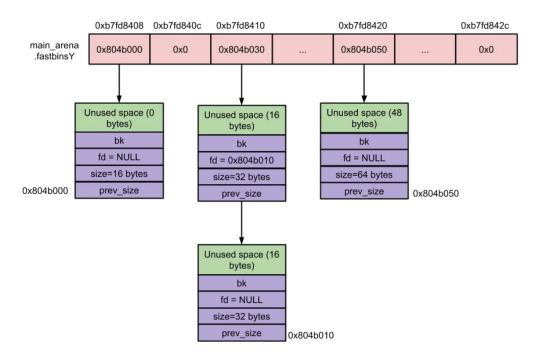
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Free Chunk

## Bins

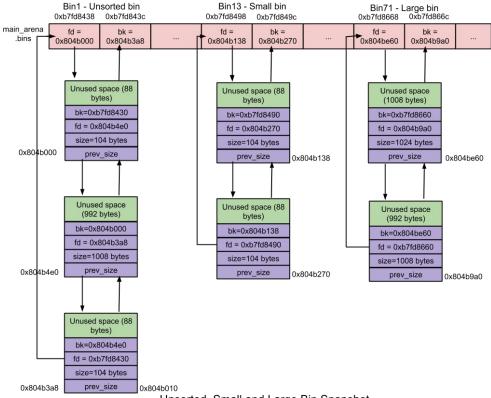
- t-cache
- Fast bin (16 to 80 bytes)
- Unsorted bin
- Small bin (< 512 bytes)</li>
- Large bin (>= 512 bytes)
- top-chunk

## Fast Bins



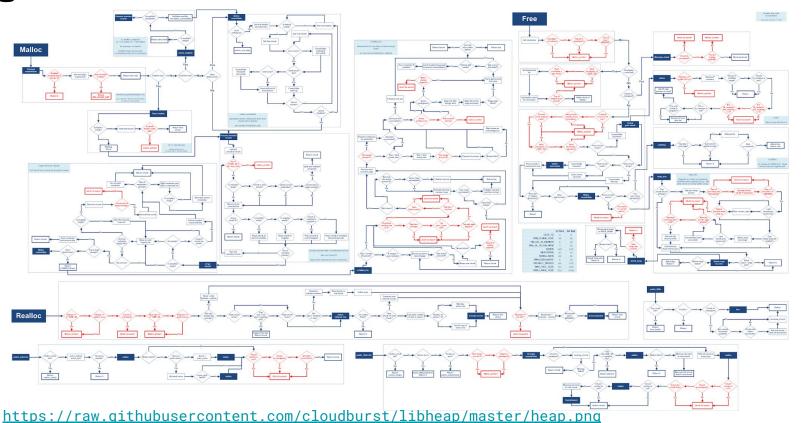
Fast Bin Snapshot

# Bins (Unsorted, Small, Large )



Unsorted, Small and Large Bin Snapshot

# Algorithm



## House of Force

- modify size of top-chunk
- malloc of arbitrary size
- malloc will return an arbitrary address

# Poison Null Byte

```
char *buf = malloc(128);
int read_length = read(0, buf, 128);
buf[read_length] = 0;
```

# Poison Null Byte



B2 is overlapped

B2 :

## Useful Links / Reading Material

- https://github.com/shellphish/how2heap
- https://sploitfun.wordpress.com/2015/02/10/understa nding-glibc-malloc/
- https://heap-exploitation.dhavalkapil.com
- https://www.usenix.org/conference/usenixsecurity18/ presentation/heelan (Automatic Heap Manipulation)