

DTU



Reinforcement Learning Control of Raman Amplifiers

29.11.2025

Simulation model validation

The experiment was performed on Erwan's and Stevan's simulators.

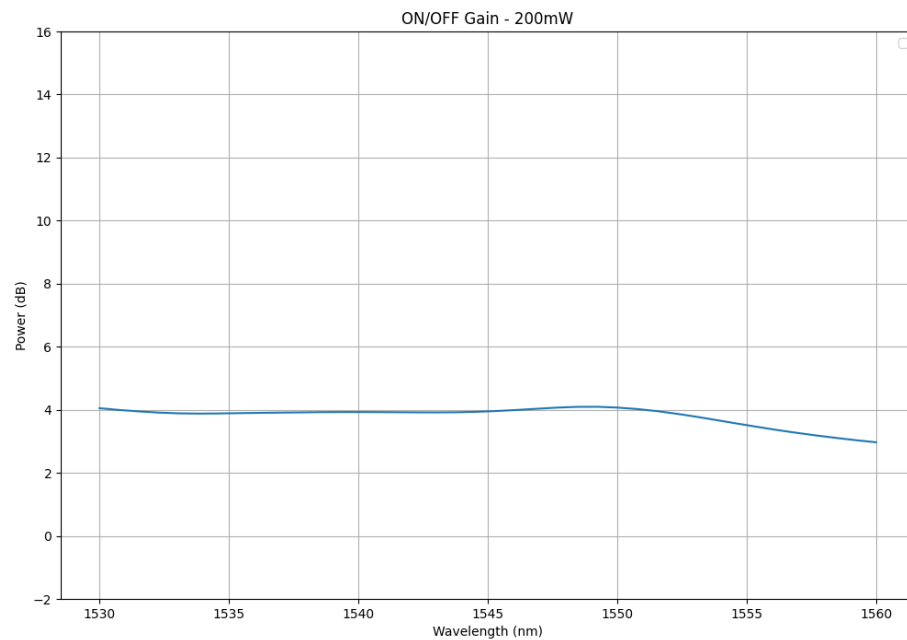
The results are showcasing ON/OFF gain of the Raman system.

The ON/OFF gain is measured by running the simulation with the pump powers set to their values, then set to 0W, which produces two power spectra. The gain spectrum is calculated by dividing the two power spectra.

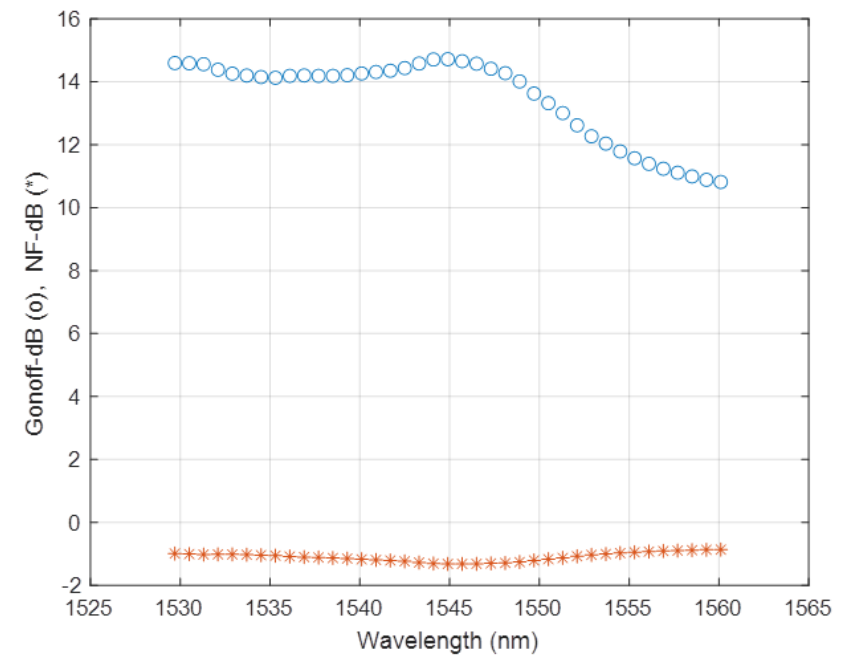
- Fiber
 - Type - Standard Single Mode
 - Length - 100 km
 - Attenuation @ signal – 0.2 dB
 - Attenuation @ pump – 0.25 dB
- Raman Amplifier
 - Powers – 200 mW
 - Wavelengths – 1420, 1440, 1455 nm
 - Only forward pumping
- Input spectrum
 - 40 components, 1530 – 1560 nm
 - Component power - 250 μ W
 - Total input power – 10 mW

Simulation model validation

Stevan's results

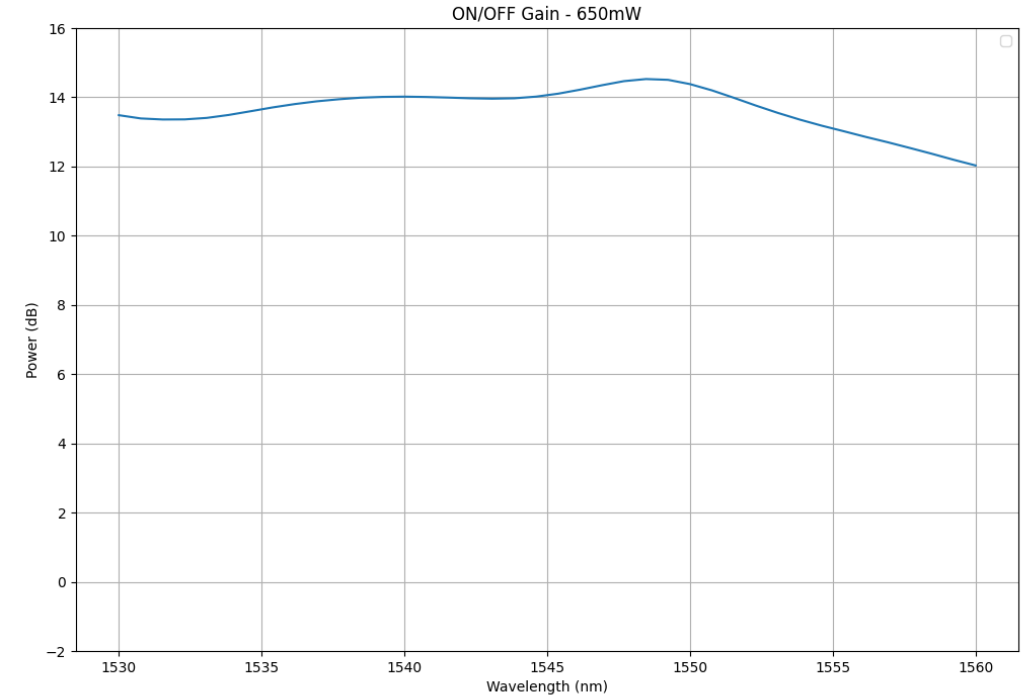
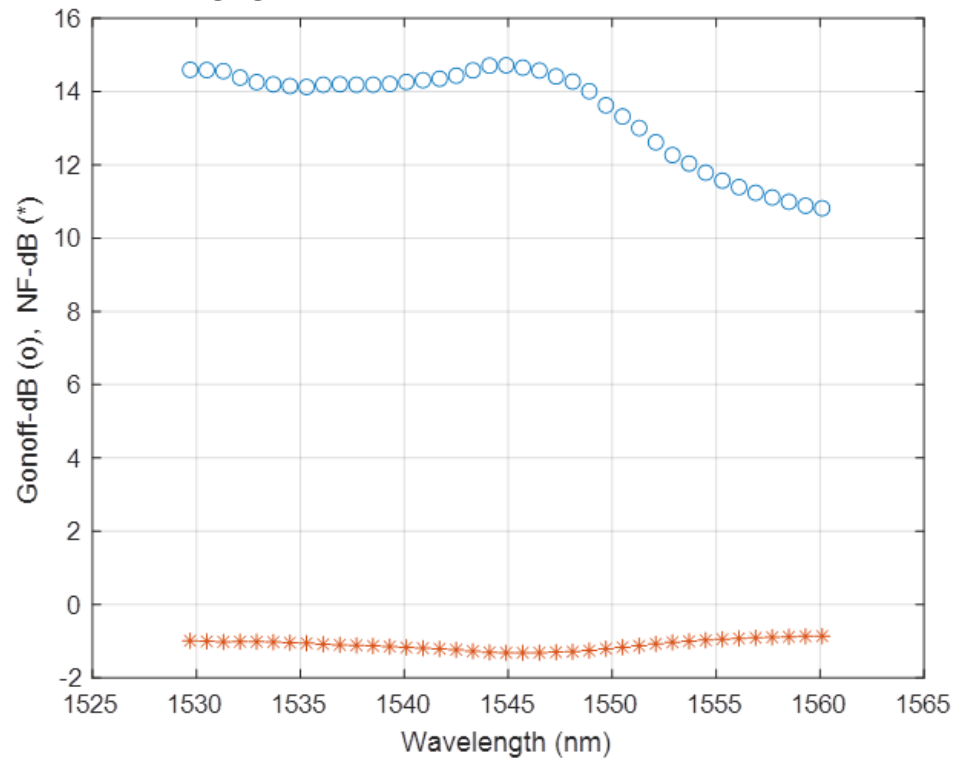


Erwan's results



Simulation model validation

In order to achieve a similar ON/OFF gain, the powers used in Stevan's simulations were 650 mW on each pump, giving the following gain spectrum



Gradient Descent Controller

The gradient descent controller computes the gradient of the loss function using the forward model as an approximation.

The forward model is based on the sampled pairs of Raman input powers and wavelengths, and the corresponding power spectrum at the output.

The dataset for training the forward model will be acquired once the model is validated.

The training of the forward model will be conducted on normalized input and output values.

