04_analysis

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1 California H-2A visas analysis

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The Los Angeles Times conducted an analysis of temporary visas granted to foreign agricultural workers by the United States Department of Labor via its H-2A program.

The results were reported in a May 25, 2017, Los Angeles Times story titled "Trump promised a 'big beautiful door' in his border wall. California farmers are ready and waiting".

Here are the key findings of the data analysis, which is documented below:

- The total number of certified H2A visas is going up nationwide
- California's total topped 11,000 last year, a fivefold increase from 2011
- If this year's hiring pace holds, that number will soar even higher
- Counties on the Central Coast, from Ventura up to Santa Cruz, are driving the growth
- Strawberries and lettuce crops have accounted for most of the new workers
- The Santa Maria Valley, straddling San Louis Obispo and Santa Barbara counties, leapt from six sheepherders in 2012 to more than 2,000 guest farm workers last year
- Strawberry workers account for most of the growth in that area

1.1 How we did it

1.1.1 Import Python analysis tools

```
[1]: import os
  import pandas as pd
  import geopandas as gp
  from datetime import date
  from shapely.geometry import Point
[2]: import warnings
  warnings.filterwarnings("ignore")
[3]: pd.options.display.max_columns = None
[4]: %matplotlib inline
[5]: input_dir = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), 'input')
  output_dir = os.path.join(os.getcwd(), 'output')
```

1.1.2 Prepare the data for analysis

Download the source data files from the U.S. Department of Labor's Office of Foreign Labor Certification.

```
[40]: %%capture %run 01_download.ipynb
```

Prepare them for analysis by carefully combining annual lists, winnowing out duplicate entries and limiting the result to approved applications.

```
[41]: %%capture %run 02_transform.ipynb
```

Map work site locations

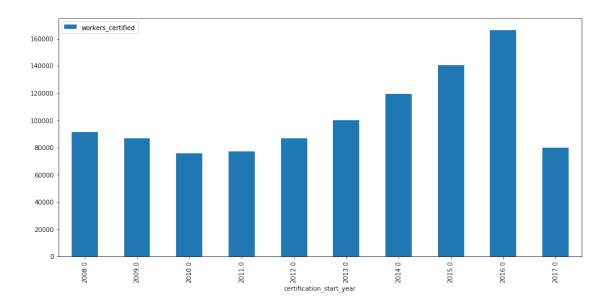
```
[42]: %%capture run 03_geocode.ipynb
```

1.1.3 Finding: The total number of certified H2A visas is going up nationwide

Read in the transformed file for analysis

Group by calendar year and sum the total number of certified workers

[8]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff472aa0f50>



```
[9]:
   annual_usa
[9]:
                                workers_certified
    certification_start_year
    2008.0
                                             91324
    2009.0
                                             86604
    2010.0
                                             75617
    2011.0
                                             77221
    2012.0
                                             86725
    2013.0
                                            100360
    2014.0
                                            119240
    2015.0
                                            140701
    2016.0
                                            166457
    2017.0
                                             79893
```

1.1.4 Finding: California's total topped 11,000 last year, a fivefold increase from 2011

Group the applications by state and year

Create a crosstab for a graphic and comparison

```
[11]: state_crosstab = state_totals.unstack(1).fillna(0)
```

Output it for a graphic

```
[12]: state_crosstab.to_csv("./output/state_crosstab.csv")
```

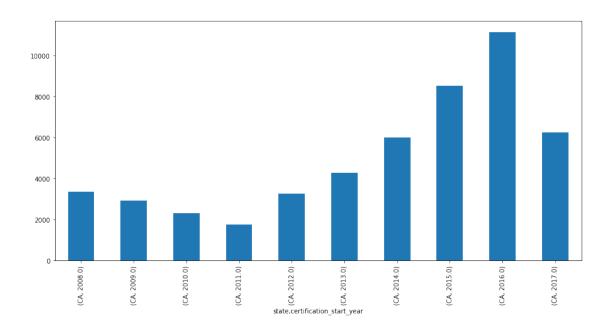
Filter down to just California's totals

```
[13]: ca_totals = state_totals[state_totals.index.get_level_values(0) == 'CA']
```

Ouput the annual totals

```
[14]: ca_totals.workers_certified.plot.bar(figsize=(15, 7))
```

[14]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff47344a0d0>



```
[15]:
     ca_totals
[15]:
                                        workers_certified
     state certification_start_year
     CA
            2008.0
                                                      3353
            2009.0
                                                      2941
            2010.0
                                                      2298
            2011.0
                                                      1774
           2012.0
                                                      3249
           2013.0
                                                      4291
           2014.0
                                                      6011
           2015.0
                                                      8529
           2016.0
                                                     11131
            2017.0
                                                      6230
```

Trim down to the last five years of data and calculate California's percentage change

```
[16]: ca_last_five = ca_totals[
          (ca_totals.index.get_level_values(1) > 2010) &
          (ca_totals.index.get_level_values(1) < 2017)
].reset_index()

[17]: ca_pct_change = ca_last_five[[
          'certification_start_year',
          'workers_certified'
]].set_index('certification_start_year').pct_change(
          len(ca_last_five)-1
)</pre>
```

```
[18]: print "Percent change: %s%%" % round(ca_pct_change.at[2016.0, □ → 'workers_certified']*100, 2)
```

Percent change: 527.45%

Output for a graphic

1.1.5 Finding: If this year's hiring pace holds, that number will soar even higher

Convert the start date column to a datetime object

```
[20]: df.certification_start_date = pd.to_datetime(df.certification_start_date)
```

Pull out the first four months of this year versus last year

Compare the total hires in that period

```
[23]: first_four_16.workers_certified.sum()
```

[23]: 4838

```
[24]: first_four_17.workers_certified.sum()
```

[24]: 6115

1.1.6 Finding: Counties on the Central Coast, from Ventura up to Santa Cruz, are driving the growth

Read in all "sub" cases rather than the master cases. This allows for the farms where workers are actually employed to be mapped, rather than the the "master cases" of middlemen who sometimes file the "master" applications.

```
[25]: combined_df = pd.read_csv(os.path.join(output_dir, "geocoded_all_cases.csv"))
```

Convert to a geodataframe.

```
[26]: def create_point(row):
         if row.lng and row.lat:
             return Point(row.lng, row.lat)
         return ''
[27]: combined_df['geometry'] = combined_df.apply(create_point, axis=1)
[28]: gdf = gp.GeoDataFrame(combined_df)
[29]: | gdf.crs = {'init' : 'epsg:4269'}
       Exclude cases that could not be mapped.
[34]: valid_gdf = gdf[~gdf.lat.isnull()]
       Spatial join with county polygons
[35]: counties = gp.read_file(os.path.join(input_dir, "cb_2016_us_county_5m.shp"))
[36]: gdf_with_county = gp.sjoin(counties, valid_gdf, how="inner")
       Filter to California
[37]: ca_gdf = gdf_with_county[gdf_with_county.STATEFP == '06']
       Create a crosstab of the total number of workers by year in all California counties
[38]: county_crosstab = ca_gdf.groupby([
         'NAME',
         'certification_start_year'
     ]).net_workers.sum().reset_index().set_index([
         "NAME".
         "certification start year"
     ]).unstack(1).fillna(0)
       Strip all the pandas chrome off the crosstab
[39]: county_crosstab = county_crosstab.reset_index()
     county_crosstab.columns = county_crosstab.columns.droplevel(0)
     county_crosstab = county_crosstab.rename_axis(None, axis=1)
     county_crosstab = county_crosstab.set_index("")
       Calculate the change in each county
[40]: county_crosstab['change_11to16'] = county_crosstab.apply(
         lambda x: x[2016.0] - x[2011.0],
         axis=1
     )
       Rank them by their change
[41]: county_crosstab.sort_values("change_11to16", ascending=False).head(10)
[41]:
                       2008.0 2009.0 2010.0 2011.0 2012.0 2013.0 2014.0
                        396.0
                                806.0
                                          80.0
                                                          204.0
                                                                  266.0
                                                                          366.0
     Monterey
                                                   0.0
     Santa Barbara
                          0.0
                                  2.0
                                           0.0
                                                   0.0
                                                            0.0
                                                                  158.0
                                                                          909.0
     Ventura
                         37.0
                                  1.0
                                           0.0
                                                   0.0
                                                           39.0
                                                                  255.0
                                                                          354.0
```

```
Santa Cruz
                       102.0
                               179.0
                                       120.0
                                                139.0
                                                          3.0
                                                                  0.0
                                                                        267.0
                                         7.0
                                                          6.0
                                                                 52.0
                                                                         83.0
     San Luis Obispo
                        11.0
                                14.0
                                                12.0
     San Diego
                       646.0
                               526.0
                                       625.0
                                                  1.0
                                                        485.0
                                                                646.0
                                                                        836.0
     Imperial
                       566.0
                               374.0
                                       396.0
                                                556.0
                                                        663.0
                                                                851.0
                                                                        985.0
     Santa Clara
                         1.0
                                 5.0
                                         0.0
                                                 0.0
                                                          0.0
                                                                  0.0
                                                                          0.0
     Siskiyou
                       730.0
                                 0.0
                                         0.0
                                               495.0
                                                        565.0
                                                                631.0
                                                                        769.0
    Fresno
                        80.0
                                59.0
                                        17.0
                                                32.0
                                                         36.0
                                                                  5.0
                                                                         35.0
                      2015.0 2016.0 2017.0 change 11to16
    Monterey
                      1023.0 2318.0
                                      1947.0
                                                      2318.0
     Santa Barbara
                      1313.0 1450.0 1201.0
                                                      1450.0
     Ventura
                       849.0
                               991.0
                                       806.0
                                                       991.0
     Santa Cruz
                       916.0
                               882.0
                                       273.0
                                                       743.0
     San Luis Obispo
                       286.0
                               639.0
                                       285.0
                                                       627.0
     San Diego
                       660.0
                               569.0
                                       186.0
                                                       568.0
     Imperial
                       868.0 1069.0
                                       233.0
                                                       513.0
                                        12.0
     Santa Clara
                       120.0
                               310.0
                                                       310.0
     Siskiyou
                       772.0
                               803.0
                                       146.0
                                                       308.0
     Fresno
                       208.0
                               286.0
                                        34.0
                                                       254.0
       Output that for a graphic
[42]: county_crosstab.to_csv(os.path.join(output_dir, "county-crosstab.csv"),__
      Total up the workers by city for a map
[43]: ca_location_totals = ca_gdf.groupby([
         "certification_start_year",
         "geocoder address",
         "lat",
         'lng',
     ]).net_workers.sum().reset_index()
[44]: ca_location_totals['certification_start_year'] = ca_location_totals.
      →certification_start_year.astype(int)
[45]: ca_location_totals['net_workers'] = ca_location_totals.net_workers.astype(int)
[46]: ca_location_totals.columns = [
         'year',
         'address',
         'lat',
         'lng',
         'workers'
     ]
       Output that for a graphic
[47]: ca_location_totals.to_csv(os.path.join(output_dir, "ca_totals_by_location.
```

1.1.7 Finding: Strawberries and lettuce crops have accounted for most of the new workers

Regroup subcases in the state by our cleaned up version of the crop column

Create a crosstab by year

Again, strip the pandas chrome from the crosstab

Calculate the change over the past five years

```
[51]: crops_crosstab['change_11to16'] = crops_crosstab.apply(
    lambda x: x[2016.0] - x[2011.0],
    axis=1
)
```

Rank the crops

```
[52]: crops_crosstab.sort_values("change_11to16", ascending=False).head(10)
```

[52]:	2010.0	2011.0	2012.0	2014.0	2015.0	2016.0	2017.0	\
Strawberries	0.0	830.0	660.0	0.0	953.0	3695.0	1620.0	
Lettuce	0.0	532.0	45.0	0.0	1210.0	2052.0	2201.0	
Broccoli	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	748.0	12.0	
Raspberries	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	531.0	0.0	
Tomatoes	0.0	0.0	350.0	0.0	49.0	475.0	80.0	
Onions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	380.0	222.0	

romatoes	0.0	0.0	350.0	0.0	49.0	4/5.0	00.0
Onions	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	380.0	222.0
Celery	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	220.0	364.0	61.0
Berries	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	60.0	341.0	310.0
Sheep	8.0	370.0	260.0	204.0	723.0	662.0	148.0
Grapes	0.0	30.0	59.0	0.0	34.0	246.0	511.0

change_11to16

Strawberries	2865.0
Lettuce	1520.0
Broccoli	748.0
Raspberries	531.0
Tomatoes	475.0

Onions	380.0
Celery	364.0
Berries	341.0
Sheep	292.0
Grapes	216.0

Ouput for a graphic

```
[53]: crops_crosstab.to_csv(os.path.join(output_dir, "crops-crosstab.csv"))
```

1.1.8 Finding: The Santa Maria Valley, straddling San Louis Obispo and Santa Barbara counties, leapt from six sheepherders in 2012 to more than 2,000 guest farm workers last year

Filter down to subcases in those two counties

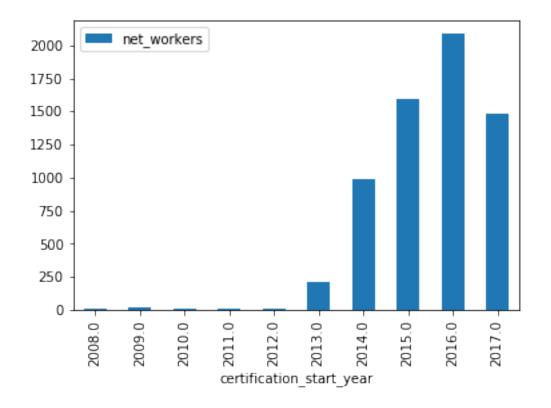
```
[54]: smvalley = gdf_with_county[gdf_with_county.NAME.isin(['Santa Barbara', 'San_
→Luis Obispo'])]
```

Count the total number of workers there by year

Ouput the totals

```
[56]: smvalley_crosstab.plot.bar()
```

[56]: <matplotlib.axes._subplots.AxesSubplot at 0x7ff467824e10>



```
[57]:
                                net_workers
     certification_start_year
     2008.0
                                       11.0
     2009.0
                                       16.0
     2010.0
                                        7.0
     2011.0
                                       12.0
     2012.0
                                        6.0
     2013.0
                                      210.0
     2014.0
                                      992.0
     2015.0
                                     1599.0
     2016.0
                                     2089.0
     2017.0
                                     1486.0
       Look at the crop for those 2012 workers
[58]: smvalley[smvalley.certification_start_year == 2012][[
         'case_number',
         'employer',
         'city',
         'job_title',
         'crop',
         'net_workers'
    ]]
[58]:
            case_number
                                         employer
                                                           city
         C-11304-30370
                              ST. MARTIN JAUREGUY PASO ROBLES
     735
     735 C-11361-31115
                              ST. MARTIN JAUREGUY PASO ROBLES
     735 C-12033-32422
                                  JEAN B JAUREGUY PASO ROBLES
     735 C-12033-32422
                              ST. MARTIN JAUREGUY PASO ROBLES
     735 C-12193-35263 JEAN B. JAUREGUY #01568 PASO ROBLES
                                                             net_workers
                                     job_title
                                                        crop
     735
          FARMWORKERS, FARM AND RANCH ANIMALS
                                                 Sheepherder
                                                                       1.0
     735
                                   SHEEPHERDER
                                                 Sheepherder
                                                                       2.0
     735
                                   SHEEPHERDER
                                                 Sheepherder
                                                                       1.0
     735
                                   SHEEPHERDER
                                                 Sheepherder
                                                                       1.0
     735
         FARMWORKERS, FARM AND RANCH ANIMALS
                                                                       1.0
                                                 Sheepherder
         Finding: Strawberry workers account for most of the growth in that area
[59]: smvalley_crops = smvalley[smvalley.certification_start_year == 2016].groupby([
         'latimes_crop'
     ]).net_workers.sum().reset_index().set_index("latimes_crop")
[60]: | smvalley_crops.sort_values("net_workers", ascending=False).head(10)
```

[57]: smvalley_crosstab

[60]:		net_workers
	latimes_crop	
	Strawberries	1075.0
	Lettuce	324.0
	Blackberries	133.0
	Celery	95.0
	Other	75.0
	Zucchini	73.0
	Broccoli	53.0
	Peppers	45.0
	Squash	39.0
	Bok Choy	37.0