



Master Thesis

# Crowdsourced Product Descriptions and Price Estimations

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Grenchen, February 24, 2014

# Declaration

I declare that this written submission represents my ideas in my own words and where others' ideas or words have been included, I have adequately cited and referenced the original sources. I also declare that I have adhered to all the principles of academic honesty and integrity and have not misrepresented or fabricated or falsified any idea/data/fact/source in my submission. I understand that any violation of the above will be cause for disciplinary action by the Institute and can also evoke penal action from the sources which have thus not been properly cited or from whom proper permission has not been taken when needed.

Steve Aschwanden, 05-480-686

Grenchen; February 24, 2014:

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(Signature)

# Acknowledgements

I like to acknowledge ...

# Abstract

I like to acknowledge ...

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# Chapter 1

## Introduction

eBay Inc.<sup>1</sup> is one of the world's largest online marketplaces and reported 128 million active users worldwide during the last quarter of the year 2013. Online auction platforms make consumer-to-consumer transactions possible. The seller can present articles by uploading pictures and describing them. The creation of an auction is time consuming and needs a lot of investigations. Searching for descriptions on the internet or finding a selling price for the same or similar article, for example. In 2005, Jeff Howe and Mark Robinson created a term called 'Crowdsourcing' which is a combination of the words crowd and outsourcing. The idea behind the term is to outsource different tasks, which are difficult to solve by machines, to the crowd. To reduce the costs of collecting information for an article to sell on an auction platform, tasks will be created and outsourced to the crowd. Amazon Mechanical Turk<sup>2</sup>, short MTurk, is a crowdsourcing marketplace which enables requesters to publish human intelligence tasks (HITs). The workers can solve these tasks and earn money for good work.

### 1.1 Statement of the problem

The first step of creating an online auction is mostly to take pictures of the corresponding item. This help the buyers to get information about the state and quality of the article. After that the item needs a short and clear description, some properties (category, state) and a starting offer. If the seller wants to create a lot of different auctions, the whole procedure is time consuming and boring. A price estimation of an article can be difficult, because the background knowledge is missing and other auctions to compare aren't available at any time. Machines aren't able to solve all these steps by them self, because the spectrum of the articles is huge and image processing methods aren't capable to classify them all correctly. To get all the needed parts of an online auction, a human powered approach is necessary. Crowdsourcing platforms provide the possibility to solve tasks, which are difficult to handle for a computer.

### 1.2 Existing research

tbd

### 1.3 Goals and objectives

The thesis has the following goals and their corresponding objectives:

- **Collect auction item properties by the crowd**
  - Analyse the composition of an auction item on eBay and select the parts which can be crowdsourced

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<sup>1</sup><http://www.ebay.com>

<sup>2</sup><http://www.mturk.com>

- Form a ground truth including different auctions created by real online auction platform users by using the eBay API
- Study literature which covers similar crowdsourcing problems
- Design and publish tasks on Amazon Mechanical Turk to gather data from the crowd
- Evaluate the quality of the generated content
- **Try to improve the initial solution by implementing a hybrid approach**
  - Search for image processing or machine learning methods which can simplify and/or support a human intelligence task
  - Implement the methods and adapt the design of the tasks
  - Publish the new tasks on the same crowdsourcing platform
  - Evaluate the results and compare them to the first solution

If the main goals of the thesis are fulfilled, some *optional* goals can be covered by the thesis:

- **Implement a web application which combines the created subtasks to a complete workflow**
  - Find a web application framework which provide an API in the same programming language as the Amazon Mechanical Turk API
  - Create a workflow which put all the subtasks together to an overall solution
  - The user can manage the items (upload pictures to create new items, edit and remove items) and directly create an online auction

## 1.4 Organization

The thesis is splitted into several chapters:

- eBay online marketplace
- Crowdsourcing
- Evaluation
- Conclusion

# Chapter 2

## eBay online marketplace

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## 2.1 History

eBay was founded 1995 in San Jose (CA) as AuctionWeb by Pierre Omidyar. One year later, eBay bought a third-party licence from Electronic Travel Auction to sell plane tickets and other travelling stuff. During the year 1996, over 200'000 auctions were available on the website. At the beginning of 1997 the number of auctions exploded (about 2 million articles). In the same year the company got their well-known name eBay and received 6.7 million dollar from the venture capital firm Benchmark Capital. The company went public on the stock exchange on September 21, 1998 and the share price increased from 18 to 53.5 dollar on the first day of trading. Four years later the growth continues and eBay bought the online money transfer service PayPal. eBay expanded worldwide in early 2008, had hundred millions of registered users and 15'000 employees. Today, the firm is one of the world's largest online marketplaces. During the fourth quarter of the year 2013 about 128 million active users were reported. A cell phone was sold every 4 seconds, a pair of shoes every 2 seconds and a Ford Mustang every 55 minutes.

## 2.2 Auction item composition

Every eBay user has the possibility to create auctions for different kind of items. To present the article, the seller has to provide accurate information about it. The standard eBay auction consists of the following fields:

- **Title** The title of the item is limited to 80 characters. The sellers should use descriptive keywords to clearly and accurately convey what they are selling
- **Description** The description is the opportunity to provide the buyers with more information about the item
- **Category** An item can have multiple predefined categories. eBay provides a list of categories which the seller can select
- **Condition** The condition of the item is dependent on the selected category. eBay provides different condition schemas. For clothing items the seller can select between 'New with tags', 'New without tags', 'New with defects' or 'Pre-owned'. For other categories like books, other condition values are present: 'Brand new', 'Like new', 'Very good', 'Good', 'Acceptable'
- **Pictures** To visualise the item the auction creator can upload up to twelve pictures. The first image is important, because it appears next to the item's title in the search result. The pictures will be stored for 90 days on the eBay servers.
- **Shipping costs** The seller has to tell the future buyers how much shipping will cost. There are three possibilities:
  - Free shipping
  - Flat shipping, same cost to all buyers
  - Shipping rate tables, eBay calculates the cost for every individual buyer dependent on the location
- **Duration** An auction can have a duration of 1, 3, 5, 7 or 10 days. If the item has a fixed price, the auction is finished if a buyer is willing to pay this price.
- **Pricing** The seller can select a starting price and then the bidding will start at this price. A 'Buy it now' option is also available. The buyer can skip the bidding process.
- **Payment** The seller has to select the desired paying method like 'PayPal' or 'Payment upon pickup'

## 2.3 APIs

eBay provides multiple APIs for developing third party applications. This allows developers to search for auctions or create listings over the XML format. Three main interfaces are available:

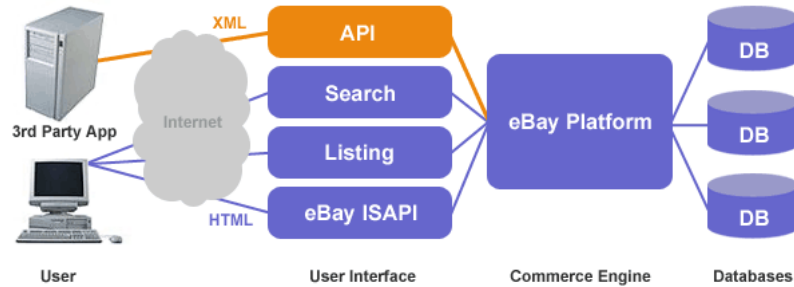


Figure 2.1: eBay API overview

### 2.3.1 Trading API

Developers use the Trading API to build applications such as selling and post-sales management applications, manage user information, and initiate the item purchase flow on eBay. The API is available in .NET, Java, PHP and Python.

### 2.3.2 Shopping API

The Shopping API provides a search engine for user information, popular items and reviews. The API is available in PHP and Python. Example calls for this API are:

- *findProducts()*: Search for products by keywords or ProductId
- *GetSingleItem()*: Buyer specific view of an item
- *GetUserProfile()*: Get the user profile and feedback information

### 2.3.3 Finding API

The Finding API provides access to the next generation search capabilities on the eBay platform. The developer can search and browse for items based on keyword queries, categories or an image. The API is available in .NET, Java and Python. Example calls for this API are:

- *findCompletedItems()*: Find the items which are listened as completed or no longer available on eBay
- *findItemsByCategory()*: Find items in a specific category
- *findItemsByImage()*: Find items which have a high similarity to a given image

### 2.3.4 Example

# Appendix A

## Some Appendix

### A.1 README

```
1 Fuzzily classify twitter messages using storm and store to cassandra
   ===
3
5 Setup Cassandra (on ubuntu):
   ---
7 1. Make sure oracle JDK is installed (1.6+): https://help.ubuntu.com/community/Java#Oracle\_Java\_7
8 2. Add the DataStax repository key to your aptitude trusted keys.
9 > $ curl -L http://debian.datastax.com/debian/repo\_key | sudo apt-key add -
10 3. Install Cassandra:
11 > sudo apt-get update && sudo apt-get install cassandra
12 4. Create keyspace and tables:
13 > cqlsh
14 > run commands from src/main/resources/createDatabase.txt
15
16 Build Runnable jar
17 ---
18 1. Open a terminal window, navigate to pom.xml directory (project root)
19 2. Execute the following command:
20 > mvn clean compile assembly:single
21 3. In target/, a runnable jar tsfc.jar is created
22
23 Run Program
24 ---
25 > java -jar tsfc.jar <<comma separated list of topics to watch (without whitespace)>>
```

