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Virtual Workshop

Welcome guest

Log in (Globus)

Log in (other)

Try the quiz before you start

MPI Collective Communications

Introduction Goals Prerequisites

<u>Characteristics Three Types of Routines Barrier Synchronization Data Movement</u> • <u>Broadcast</u> • <u>Gather and Scatter</u> • <u>Gather/Scatter Effect</u> • <u>Gather and Scattery</u> • <u>All gather</u> • <u>All to All Global Computing</u>

- Reduce Scan Operations and Example Allreduce Mini-Exercise Nonblocking Routines
- Nonblocking Example Performance Issues Two Ways to Broadcast Two Ways to Scatter Application

Example • Scatter vs. Scatterv • Scatterv Syntax

Exercise Quiz

Short survey

MPI Collective Communications: All reduce Mini-Exercise

Obviously, MPI_MAX isn't the only operation that may be useful in a global computation. Take a look at either of the sample codes below. Once the question mark is removed, either the C or Fortran version of the program will compile correctly. But to make the computed number match the answer calculated by the formula, you will need to substitute a different operation in the call to MPI_Allreduce. Can you deduce the correct operation?

\mathbf{C}

```
#include <mpi.h>
#define WCOMM MPI_COMM_WORLD
main(int argc, char **argv){
  int npes, mype, ierr;
  double sum, val; int calc, knt=1;
  ierr = MPI_Init(&argc, &argv);
  ierr = MPI_Comm_size(WCOMM, &npes);
  ierr = MPI_Comm_rank(WCOMM, &mype);

val = (double)mype;
  ierr = MPI_Allreduce( \
    &val, &sum, knt, MPI_DOUBLE, MPI_MAX?, WCOMM);

calc = ((npes - 1) * npes) / 2;
  printf(" PE: %d sum=%5.0f calc=%d\n", mype, sum, calc);
  ierr = MPI_Finalize();
}
```

FORTRAN

If you don't recognize the formula, you can always try changing the MPI operation and testing the program with different numbers of processes until the answer always comes out right. Or, you can peek at the correct operation by hovering here.

The above code is small enough that you can run a small number of processes directly on a Stampede2 login node. Prior to compiling, do "module swap mvapich2 impi", and before running with mpiexec or mpirun, start up an Intel MPI daemon with "mpd &". Remember to kill the daemon with "mpdallexit" when you are done.

<= previous next =>

Add my notes

Mark (M) my place in this topic

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