

Exercise 0.1. Read chapter 10 in Bird.

1 Type Derivations

1.1 Proof Rules

Sequents in the system (which represent the state of a type derivation) are of the form:

$$\Gamma, E \vdash M : T$$

In this structure, Γ is a *context* representing a state of knowledge about the types of some variables. Contexts have the form:

$$\Gamma = [x_1 : \tau_1, \dots, x_k : \tau_k]$$

where the x_i 's are variables and τ_i 's are types.

E is a list of constraints between pairs of types and in the rules is presented as follows:

$$E = \{\tau_{(1,1)} = \tau_{(1,2)}, \dots, \tau_{(k,1)} = \tau_{(k,2)}\}$$

where $\tau_{i,j}$'s are types.

We write $\Gamma \setminus x$ to denote the list obtained from Γ by deleting all pairs whose first element is x .

As presented in the last homework, The proof rules for Wand's type inference system including product types are given as follows:

$$\frac{}{\Gamma, \{\alpha = \tau\} \vdash x : \tau} (\text{Ax}) \quad \text{if } (x, \alpha) \in \Gamma.$$

$$\frac{[x : \alpha] ++ (\Gamma \setminus x), E \vdash M : \beta}{\Gamma, E \cup \{\tau = \alpha \rightarrow \beta\} \vdash \lambda x. M : \tau} (\text{Abs}) \quad \text{where } \alpha \text{ and } \beta \text{ are fresh.}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, E_1 \vdash M : \alpha \rightarrow \tau \quad \Gamma, E_2 \vdash N : \alpha}{\Gamma, E_1 \cup E_2 \vdash MN : \tau} (\text{App}) \quad \text{where } \alpha \text{ is fresh.}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, E_1 \vdash M : \alpha \quad \Gamma, E_2 \vdash N : \beta}{\Gamma, E_1 \cup E_2 \cup \{\tau = \alpha \times \beta\} \vdash \langle M, N \rangle : \tau} (\text{Pair}) \quad \text{where } \alpha \text{ and } \beta \text{ are fresh.}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma, E_1 \vdash M : \alpha \times \beta \quad \{x : \alpha, y : \beta\} \cup ((\Gamma \setminus x) \setminus y), E_2 \vdash N : \tau}{\Gamma, E_1 \cup E_2 \vdash \text{spread}(M; x, y. N) : \tau} (\text{Spread}) \quad \text{where } \alpha \text{ and } \beta \text{ are fresh.}$$

In the last homework, some sample derivations were given. Recall that to prove a sequent of the form $\Gamma, E \vdash M : \tau$ you leave E blank and work backwards (up) until you get to the leaves and then compute the constraint sets E coming back down through the derivation tree. I strongly urge you to study the examples in HW 18.

Exercise 1.1. Complete the following derivation trees and compute the constraint sets E .

- i.) $[z : (\alpha \rightarrow \alpha) \rightarrow \beta], E \vdash z(\lambda w. w) : \tau$
- ii.) $[y : \beta], E \vdash (\lambda x. x)y : \tau$
- iii.) $[x : \alpha, y : \beta], E \vdash \text{spread}(\langle x, y \rangle; z, w. \langle w, z \rangle) : \tau$