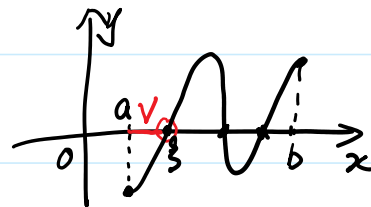


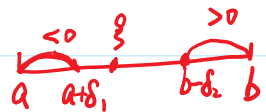
期中考试解答

证明零点定理 (用闭区间原理)

 $f \in C[a, b]$, $f(a) \cdot f(b) < 0$. 则 $\exists \xi \in (a, b)$, s.t. $f(\xi) = 0$.证明: 不妨设 $f(a) < 0$, $f(b) > 0$. $V = \{x \in [a, b] \mid f(x) < 0\} \subset [a, b]$ 有界 $\xi = \sup V$. 下证 $f(\xi) = 0$, $\xi \in (a, b)$.

① 由 $f(x)$ 的连续性, $f(a) < 0 \Rightarrow \exists \delta_1 > 0, \forall x \in [a, a+\delta_1]$ 有 $f(x) < 0$;
 - - - $f(b) > 0 \Rightarrow \exists \delta_2 > 0, \forall x \in [b-\delta_2, b]$ 有 $f(x) > 0$.

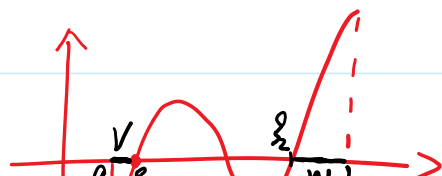
$\therefore a < a+\delta_1 \leq \xi \leq b-\delta_2 < b$ 即 $\xi \in (a, b)$.

取 $x_n \in V$ ($n=1, 2, \dots$) $x_n \rightarrow \xi$ ($n \rightarrow \infty$)由 $f(x_n) < 0 \Rightarrow \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x_n) \leq 0$ ② 由 f 的连续性 $\Rightarrow f(\xi) = \lim_{n \rightarrow \infty} f(x_n)$ $\therefore f(\xi) \leq 0$.若 $f(\xi) < 0$, 由 $f(x)$ 的连续性可知

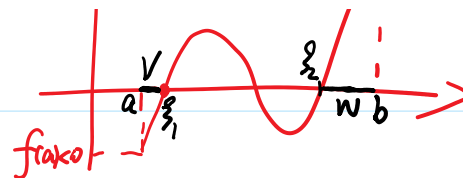
$$\lim_{x \rightarrow \xi} f(x) = f(\xi) < 0$$

 $\exists \delta > 0$, 只要 $x \in (\xi-\delta, \xi+\delta)$ 就有 $f(x) < 0$.这与 $\xi = \sup V$ 矛盾 $\Rightarrow f(\xi) = 0$.

证毕

思考: 若定义 $W = \{x \in [a, b] \mid f(x) > 0\}$, $\xi = \inf W$ 行不行?

$g_2 = \inf W$ 行不行?



作业:

PPT上的第四章习题课