Final Presentation Team 2

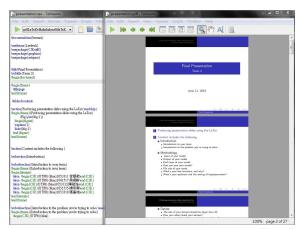
June 11, 2019

- 1 Producing presentation slides using the LaTex
- 2 Content includes the following
 - Introduction
 - Introduction to your team
 - Introduction to the problem you're trying to solve
 - Methodology
 - Input of your model
 - Output of your model
 - Each layer of your model
 - How you save your model?
 - File size of your model
 - What's your loss functions, and why?

- Dataset
 - The size of your dataset should be larger than 1K
 - How you collect/build your dataset?
 - How many paired training samples in your dataset?
 - How many paired validating samples in your dataset?
 - How many paired testing samples in your dataset?
- Experimental Evaluation
 - Experimental environment (CPU, GPU, memory,...,etc.)
 - How many epochs you set for training?
 - Qualitative evaluation
 - Quantitative evaluation
- Live demo of your work

Producing presentation slides using the LaTex

(Fig. 1)



Introduction

Introduction

Our team members

- 1053311 李厚徴
- 1041517 桑翊軒
- 1053312 陳冠廷
- 1051535 楊宗霖
- 1053318 張嘉祐

The problem we're trying to solve

期末專題主要是想解決我們對大自然的好奇心,當我們在 校園探索當中,有很多花我們不知道其名稱,透過這門課所學 的知識,利用影像辨識的方法,將各種花朵辨識出來。

Methodology

Methodology

Model

input of our model (Fig. 2)

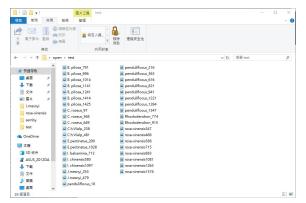


Figure: 2

Model(cont.)

output of our model, prediction result(包含: 預測的label, 其信心度)(Fig. 3)

```
test/I. chinensis160.ipg
test/I. chinensis160.jpg i chinensis 0.9980248
>>> test/I. chinensis4.jpg
test/I. chinensis4.jpg i chinensis 0.9948152
>>> test/I. chinensis580.ipg
test/I. chinensis580.jpg i chinensis 0.9995357
<u>>>> tes</u>t/I. chinensis806.jpg
test/I. chinensis806.jpg i chinensis 0.9998437
>>> test/J.mesnyi 1028.jpg
test/J.mesnyi 1028.jpg j mesnyi 0.9997085
>>> test/J.mesnyi_253.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_253.jpg j mesnyi 0.9999585
>>> test/J.mesnyi 479.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_479.jpg j mesnyi 0.99997115
>>> test/J.mesnyi_634.jpg
test/J.mesnvi 634.ipg i mesnvi 0.9999558
>>> test/J.mesnyi 768.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_768.jpg j mesnyi 0.9999
>>> test/penduliflocus_1221.jpg
test/penduliflocus_1221.jpg penduliflocus 0.9997986
>>> test/penduliflocus 216.jpg
test/penduliflocus_216.jpg_penduliflocus_0.9946497
>>> test/penduliflocus_363.jpg
test/penduliflocus_363.jpg penduliflocus 0.9999683
>>> test/penduliflocus_616.jpg
test/penduliflocus_616.jpg penduliflocus 0.99387544
>>> test/penduliflocus 821.ipg
test/penduliflocus 821.jpg penduliflocus 0.9999893
```

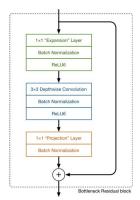
Model(cont.)

(Fig. 4)

```
>>> test/Rhododendron_110.jpg
test/Rhododendron_110.jpg_rhododendron_0.9997427
>>> test/Rhododendron_277.jpg
test/Rhododendron_277.jpg rhododendron 0.9990305
>>> test/Rhododendron_531.jpg
test/Rhododendron_531.jpg rhododendron 0.99960035
>>> test/Rhododendron_774.jpg
test/Rhododendron_774.jpg rhododendron 0.9990835
>>> test/Rhododendron_915.jpg
test/Rhododendron 915.jpg rhododendron 0.99908745
>>> test/rosa-sinensis118.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis118.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9999633
>>> test/rosa-sinensis378.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis378.jpg rosa sinensi<u>s 0.99791247</u>
>>> test/rosa-sinensis506.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis506.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9999703
>>> test/rosa-sinensis695.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis695.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9995598
>>> test/rosa-sinensis954.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis954.jpg rosa sinensis 0.98469156
```

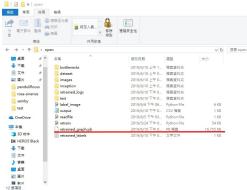
Model(cont.)

我們的model層級分成: Expansion layer, convolution layer, projection layer... (Fig. 5)



Model(cont.)

We save as filename.pb(pb檔)

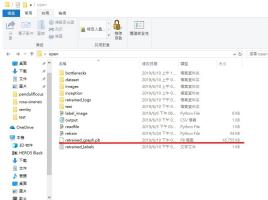


(Fig. 6)

Model(cont.)

12 保項目

model大小16755KB



(Fig. 7)

Loss function

Cross-entropy:

在分類的狀況下,通常希望錯誤率越小越好,所以用錯誤率當損失函數是一個選項,但實際上我們並不會直接拿分類錯誤率當作損失函數進行最佳化, 用錯誤率得到只知道此筆資料判別錯誤,但模型不會知道現在的模型錯的很多還是很少, 這樣模型在學習時根本不知道最佳的模型在那的方向,也不知道要更新多少。

Cross-entropy 是 所有類別的entropy的總和,簡單來說, 就是各類別的訊息量的平均量(entropy)的總和。entropy也可以解釋成資料的不確定性, 所以越低代表資料越穩定也就是說model越好。

Dataset

Dataset

Dataset

The size of our dataset 大小4.85GB 共有11098個檔案 (Fig. 8)



Figure: 8

Dataset(cont.)

dataset 檔案 (Fig. 9)

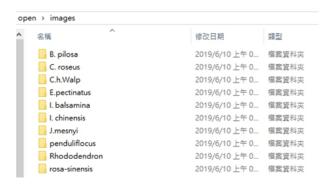


Figure: 9

Dataset(cont.)

dataset的收集方法我們是對花做360度的影片拍攝,再將影片以frame切割得到圖片。

 $training \cdot validating$ 以及testing的配對樣本數比例是: training:validating:testing = 8:1:1

Experimental Evaluation

Experimental Evaluation

Experimental Evaluation

我們是在CPU的環境下進行實作及試驗

設定4000 ephocs 來進行訓練

Qualitative

共10種花,對每種花各做五次測試的結果 共50個測資皆正確。(Fig. 10)

```
test/B. pilosa_1141.jpg b pilosa 0.9965431
>>> test/B. pilosa_1425.jpg
test/B. pilosa_1425.jpg b pilosa 0.9996896
>>> test/B. pilosa_559.jpg
test/B. pilosa_559.jpg b pilosa_0.9986951
>>> test/B. pilosa_6.jpg
test/B. pilosa_6.jpg b pilosa 0.9999217
>>> test/B. pilosa_896.jpg
test/B. pilosa_896.jpg b pilosa 0.99718636
>>> test/C. roseus_1002.jpg
test/C. roseus_1002.jpg c roseus 0.9949675
>>> test/C. roseus_368.jpg
test/C. roseus 368.jpg c roseus 0.99927694
>>> test/C. roseus_649.jpg
test/C. roseus_649.jpg c roseus 0.99999595
>>> test/C. roseus_813.jpg
test/C. roseus_813.jpg c roseus 0.9992322
>>> test/C. roseus 97.ipg
test/C. roseus_97.jpg c roseus 0.99943894
>>> test/C.h.Walp_238.jpg
test/C.h.Walp_238.jpg c h walp 0.9970227
>>> test/C.h.Walp_481.jpg
test/C.h.Walp 481.jpg c h walp 0.99925405
>>> test/C.h.Walp_6.jpg
test/C.h.Walp_6.jpg c h walp 0.99924684
>>> test/C.h.Walp_617.jpg
test/C.h.Walp_617.jpg c h walp 0.9999646
```

Qualitative(cont.)

(Fig. 11)

```
test/C.h.Walp 939.ipg c h walp 0.9948272
>>> test/E.pectinatus_1028.jpg
test/E.pectinatus_1028.jpg e pectinatus 0.99966896
>>> test/E.pectinatus 200.jpg
test/E.pectinatus_200.jpg e pectinatus 0.99846506
>>> test/E.pectinatus_406.jpg
test/E.pectinatus 406.ipg e pectinatus 0.9999678
>>> test/E.pectinatus_617.jpg
test/E.pectinatus_617.jpg e pectinatu<u>s 0.99992275</u>
>>> test/E.pectinatus_875.jpg
test/E.pectinatus_875.jpg e pectinatus 0.99941254
>>> test/I. balsamina 321.ipg
test/I. balsamina_321.jpg i balsamina 0.99966896
>>> test/I. balsamina 4.jpg
test/I. balsamina_4.jpg i balsamina 0.9973773
>>> test/I. balsamina 483.ipg
test/I. balsamina 483.jpg i balsamina 0.9999312
>>> test/I. balsamina 713.jpg
test/I. balsamina_713.jpg i balsamina 0.9996537
>>> test/I. balsamina_729.jpg
test/I. balsamina_729.jpg i balsamina 0.99821055
>>> test/I. chinensis1097.ipg
test/I. chinensis1097.jpg i chinensis 0.9984549
>>> test/I. chinensis160.ipg
```

Qualitative(cont.)

(Fig. 12)

```
test/I. chinensis160.jpg
test/I. chinensis160.jpg i chinensis 0.9980248
>>> test/I. chinensis4.jpg
test/I. chinensis4.ipg i chinensis 0.9948152
>>> test/I. chinensis580.ipg
test/I. chinensis580.jpg i chinensi<u>s 0.9995357</u>
>>> test/I. chinensis806.jpg
test/I. chinensis806.jpg i chinensis 0.9998437
>>> test/J.mesnyi_1028.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_1028.jpg j mesnyi<u>0.9997085</u>
>>> test/J.mesnyi_253.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_253.jpg j mesnyi 0.9999585
>>> test/J.mesnyi_479.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_479.jpg j mesnyi 0.99997115
>>> test/J.mesnyi_634.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_634.jpg j mesnyi 0.9999558
>>> test/J.mesnyi_768.jpg
test/J.mesnyi_768.jpg j mesnyi 0.9999
>>> test/penduliflocus_1221.jpg
test/penduliflocus_1221.jpg penduliflocus 0.9997986
>>> test/penduliflocus_216.jpg
test/penduliflocus_216.jpg penduliflocus 0.9946497
>>> test/penduliflocus_363.jpg
test/penduliflocus_363.jpg penduliflocus 0.9999683
>>> test/penduliflocus_616.jpg
test/penduliflocus_616.jpg penduliflocus 0.99387544
>>> test/penduliflocus 821.ipg
```

Figure: 12

Qualitative(cont.)

(Fig. 13)

```
test/penduliflocus_821.jpg penduliflocus 0.9999893
>>> test/Rhododendron 110.jpg
test/Rhododendron 110.jpg rhododendron 0.9997427
>>> test/Rhododendron 277.jpg
test/Rhododendron 277.jpg rhododendron 0.9990305
>>> test/Rhododendron_531.jpg
test/Rhododendron_531.jpg rhododendron 0.99960035
>>> test/Rhododendron_774.jpg
test/Rhododendron 774.ipg rhododendron 0.9990835
>>> test/Rhododendron 915.ipg
test/Rhododendron_915.jpg rhododendron 0.99908745
>>> test/rosa-sinensis118.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis118.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9999633
>>> test/rosa-sinensis378.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis378.jpg rosa sinensis 0.99791247
>>> test/rosa-sinensis506.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis506.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9999703
>>> test/rosa-sinensis695.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis695.jpg rosa sinensis 0.9995598
>>> test/rosa-sinensis954.jpg
test/rosa-sinensis954.jpg rosa sinensis 0.98469156
```

Quantitative

(Fig. 14) 以下是實作的結果值

```
Train accuracy = 100.0%
Cross entropy = 0.000962
Validation accuracy = 100.0% (N=100)
```

Figure: 14

Producing presentation slides using the LaTex Content includes the following

Introduction
Methodology
Dataset
Experimental Evaluation
Live demo of your work

End